THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
CONTAINING
the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1889.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette

BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOC

No. 128,031—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1890.

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.
Qts. pts. / Qts. pts.
12-8 7-0 } Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc [illegible]
17-0 12-0 / 25-0 13-8 } Dinner—St. Julien, La Rose and Palme [illegible]
28-0 18-0 / 34-0 18-0 / 35-0 20-0 } After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafitt [illegible]
"C. P. & Co.'s stock and selection of Clarets are the largest, and rank as the finest in India."
CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
B.L. GANGES	4206	800	T. I. Alderton	24th Jan.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	31st „
B.L. ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	7th Feb.
SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	14th „
B.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	21st „
ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th „
B.L. PENINSULAR	5000	1000	W. J. Webber	7th Mar.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	14th „
B.L. SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester	21st „
ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	28th „
B.L. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	4th Apr.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	11th „
B.L. PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris	18th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	25th „
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	2nd May.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	9th „
B.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	700	G. W. Atkinson	16th „
B.L. COROMANDEL	4500	800	L. Reeves	23rd May.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	On or about 1890.
ROME	5011	1000	A. W. Adamson	13th Mar.
ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5500	1000	W. J. Webber	13th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1890.
MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	30th Jan.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 8th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
DOMENICO BALDUINO.	5,000	800	1st Feb. 1890.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Feb. 1890.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO.	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BORMIDA	On the 8th February 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Jany. 18, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

[illegible]rs.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IM[illegible]TOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Feb. 90
MELPO[illegible]ENE	E. Perini	3,900	550	5th Feb. 9
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steam

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Dec.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs.

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 450.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at m

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail
POSEIDON	L. Lemesich	4 600	650	15th March.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	4,200	650	21st Feb. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street. Bombay, 26th Dec. 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th February 1890 at 2 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

Passengers should embark in the Princes Dock by 1 p.m., as the Steamer will unmoor at 2 p.m and sail direct.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
ML NUBIA	3551	T. G. Knox	23rd Jan.
M ARABIA	3544	J. Laird	8th Feb.
L HISPANIA	3380	Blight	25th „
ML ASIA	3560	Wm. Russell	11th Mar.
L PERSIA	3517	R. Hutchison	29th „
ML BRITANNIA	3069	Brown	12th April.
L NUBIA	3551	T. G. Knox	26th „
L ARABIA	3544	J. Laird	17th May.
ML HISPANIA	3380	Blight	31st „

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 10th Jan. 1890.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs 17 per year including postage.

SHIPPING

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a.m. on 26th January, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 29th January.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "PALITANA," 2,998 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 30th January, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD" 1,271 tons, on or about 10th February.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 8th February.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 28th January.

The undersigned are prepared to accept Marine Risks on the Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Company, Ld.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 23rd January, 1890. Agents.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
DORUNDA	3,136	20th Jan. '90

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, November 28, 1889. Agents.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LONDON DIRECT.

THE first class steamer CLAN FORBES, 2500 tons, Captain R. G. TAITT, will sail from Bombay for London on or about the 31st. Instant.

The Saloon and Cabins are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort.

For cabin plans rate of passages &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, January, 17 1890.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of EDINBURGH," 3,230 Tons, Captain BARHAM, WILL SAIL for LIVERPOOL on or about the 12th February 1890. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins. Baths, Punkahs and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.
Bombay, 13th January 1890. Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS' RINGS.

THE latest Novelties and Designs imported from the best London Houses.

LADIES' GEM RINGS.

	Rs.		Rs.
Half Hoop, with Two Emeralds and three Diamonds	200	to	330
Half Hoop, with Five Diamonds	180	to	320
Do. Two Sapphires, and three Diamonds	215	to	300
Do. Two Rubies and Three Diamonds	295	to	350
Do. Three Diamonds	225	to	290
Gipsey Single Stone Diamond	50	to	240
Do. One Ruby and Two Diamonds, Square Set	45	to	90
Do. One Sapphire and Two Diamonds	60	to	180
Do. Two Rubies and Three Diamonds	135	to	175
Do. Five Diamonds	60	to	160
Do. Sapphire and Two Diamonds, Split Shade	250	to	300
Do. Three Diamonds	54	to	100
Do. Three Pearls and Two Diamonds	58	to	75
Tablet Set, Sapphire and Two Diamonds	40	to	80
Do. Three Diamonds	50	to	100
Coronet, Plain Band Single Stone Diamond	80	to	135
Claw Set, Single Stone Diamond	280	to	350
Double Row, Three Pearls and Three Diamonds	170	to	200
Heart Shaped, Ruby and Diamonds	225	to	250
Marquis, Seventeen Diamonds	390	to	500
Cluster, Emerald and Eight Diamonds	300	to	400
Half Hoop, Pearl and Two Diamonds	150	to	3.0
Do. Five Sapphires and Diamond Points	75	to	150
Do. Five Rubies and Diamond Points	160	to	250

MASSIVE GOLD KEEPER RINGS,
In a variety of different designs.

	Rs.		Rs.
Flat Buckle in all sizes	22-8	to	60
Puzzle Rings do.	60	to	70
Plain Buckle, in dull or bright Gold	25	to	45
Chased and Embossed do.	20	to	35
WEDDING RINGS, 22 Carat Gold, English made, of Superior Finish—			
Gentlemen's Rings	25	to	35
Gentlemen's Signet Rings—Solid 18 Carat, very Massive	25	to	60
Gentlemen's Plain Gold Mounts—Stones engraved with Masonic Device to Order	40	to	75
Gentlemen's Solid 18 Carat Gold, Plaited Head Rings	70		...
Gentlemen's Solid 18 Carat Gold, Knot Pattern	50		...
Gentlemen's Solid 18 Carat Gold, Buckle.	25	to	54
Do. Solid 18 Carat Gold Snake, very Massive, in dull or bright Gold, with Ruby Eyes	73	to	90
Gentlemen's Solid 18 Carat Gold, Basket Pattern	56	to	70
Gentlemen's Solid 18 Carat Gold, Double Strap and Buckle, with Platinum Buckle and Strap	50	to	80
Gentlemen's Puzzle	45	to	60
And a variety of others in all the Newest designs	30	to	75

TREACHER AND CO., LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered,
from the BEST makers.

	Rs.
BRUSH DYNAMO, 16 Arc Lights (2,000 candle-power each)	800
Do. do. 10 „ „ do.	500
EDISON do. 65 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)	400
GRAMME do. 20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incan. Lights of 20 c. p.	500
GRAMME DYNAMO, 10 Incandesent Lamps of 20 c. p.	180

GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.

INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.

INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.

Do. WIRE „ 1 anna „

F. FISCHER & Co.

HOSIERY AND UNDERCLOTHING.

SPECIAL attention has been paid to this Department, and the Stock carefully selected from the best London Houses. We make a Speciality of Light Underclothing suitable for this Climate, together with Goods of warmer and thicker Texture for the Homeward Bound.

SOCKS.—Fine Cashmere, guaranteed all Wool and Fast Colours, in the following Shades :—

	Rs.	a.
Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Black, Cardinal, Drab, Maroon and Fancy Mixed...per doz. Rs. 15 to	22	0
Fancy Coloured, Embroidered Silk......Rs. 24 to	28	0
Extra Stout, Navy Blue-Black Seal, and Cardinal......Rs. 20 to	22	8
THIN MERINO SOCKS—		
Assorted and Fancy Drab with Stripes. Rs. 14 to	18	0
Drab "Alpine" Mixture (the Coolest and Most Comfortable Socks yet introduced)...Rs. 27 to	32	0
Fancy Coloured with Mixed Fancy Stripes, Rs. 30 to	36	0
Assorted Drab, with Fancy Colours, Spun Silk Stripes......Rs. 35 to	38	0
LISLE THREAD SOCKS—		
Fine White ......per doz. Rs. 21-8 to	26	0
Navy Seal and Cardinal......per doz. Rs. 21-8 to	25	0
Assorted Colours, Fancy Stripes......Rs. 21-8 to	25	0
Brilliant, in Plain Colours, Cardinal, Maroon, Chocolate, &c......Rs. 22-8 to	25	8
Black Embroidered Silk......Rs. 21-8 to	25	0
COTTON SOCKS, Plain Colours—		
Navy, Seal, Cardinal, and Chocolate Rs. 13-8 to	20	0
Assorted Drab......Rs. 12-8 to	16	0
Drab, Fancy Stripes ......Rs. 9 to	22	8
Fawn and White, Fancy Stripes......Rs. 18 to	22	0
Navy Blue, Silk embroidered, per doz. Rs. 24 to	27	0
Fast Black, do do do ...Rs. 25 to	29	0
Cyclists Stockings, Drab Wool, per pair.........	4	0
Knickerbocker Stockings, the Connaught, Ribbed hand-knit Wool, in fancy heather mixture, per pair......Rs. 4 to	4	8
The Leitrim, hand-knit, Real Scotch Wool, half Hose......per dozen, from Rs. 20 to	21	8
Hand-knitted Socks, Real Scotch Wool, in fancy heather mixtures,...per dozen, from Rs. 16 to	20	0
GENTLEMEN'S UNDERCLOTHING—		
Banians, India Gauze, White Silk Fronts, Half Sleeves, sizes 34 in. to 40 in., per dozen Rs. 20 to	25	0
Best Merino Gauze, size 34 in. to 40 in., per dozen ......Rs. 40 to	54	0
Stout White Merino, long Sleeves, per dozen. Rs. 60 to	75	0
Stout Shetland Lamb's Wool, per dozen Rs. 75 to	96	0
DRAWERS AND PANTS—		
India Gauze Drawers, size 34 in. to 40 in. per dozen ......Rs. 36 to	45	0
India Gauze Pants, per dozen ......Rs. 31-8 to	40	0
Best Merino Gauze. Drawers, per dozen Rs. 57 to	70	0
Best Merino Gauze Pants, per dozen ...Rs. 57 to	70	0
Stout Shetland Wool Pants, per dozen...Rs. 75 to	92	0
Fancy Striped Bathing Drawers, per pair. Rs. 1-8 to	2	0
SHIRTS—Men's ready made Shirts, made from the best Long Cloth and finest Irish Linen, sizes from 14½ in. to 17½ in., with or without Collars per dozen ......Rs. 57 to	66	0
Sample Shirts......each Rs. 4-12 and	5	8
COLLARS—		
The Hartington, Winchester, Ensign, Avon, Simla City, Improved Shakespear, New London Service......per doz.	6	8
The New Pearline Waterproof Collars, the Saymour and Wolseley Pattern......each.	0	8

SCARVES AND TIES—		
Knot- Ring, or Pin Scarves, in rich Plain Coloured and Black Silk and Satin, all New Styles, from Fancy Pattens, including the Nautical, Jourdain, Windsor, Arcot, Four-in-Hand ......Rs. 2-4 to	3	12
Pin Scarves, ready made up in Plain Coloured and Black Silk and Satin, Fancy Spot, and Stylish New Patterns, The Burlington, Lounge, Wolverton ......Rs. 2-4 to	3	12
WASHING SCARVES—		
Fine White Muslin, Spotted, Figured and other Fancy Designs ......each	0	10
Fancy Washing, with Silk Stripes ......each	1	4
Pin Scarves, Plain White......each	0	12
MADE UP BOWS, for Day or Evening Wear—		
The "Park," 'Opera, "Army" Patterns ......each	1	8
DRESS TIES OR BOWS—		
White Cambric Ties, various Widths......each	0	8
White Cambric Bows ......each	0	10
Black Silk and Satin Mess Ties, all Widths ...each 0 12 to	1	12
Do. do. Bows... 0 12	1	8
POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS—		
Gent's Strong Irish Linen ......per doz., from	6	8
Do, fine quality ......per doz., from	10	8
French Cambric Hem Stitched ...per doz., from	10	8
Do. with Fancy Coloured Borders	17	8
White Silk, with Hem-Stitched, Coloured Borders, a large variety, all Pure Silk...each from	1	8
BOATING SCARVES, &c.—		
White Wool Scarves ......each	2	4
White Cashmere Mufflers......from	3	0
Spun Silk Mufflers......from	4	0
Sweaters ......each	6	8
Silk Cricketing or Tennis Squares, all Silk, in the Newest Colours and Stripes, including Black and Gold, Blue and Crimson, Black and Crimson, Black and White Crimson, Gold and Blue Black, Crimson and Yellow......each	4	0
BRACES—		
Best Web (Guyot's) Neat Fancy Stripes, Sliding Attachments ......each	1	8
The Cantab, Strong India Rubber Web	2	4
Berlin Web, Covered Gut End, in Scarlet, Maroon, &c. ......per pair	2	4
The Reform, Rich Corded Silk, in Sky Blue, Maize, Cardinal, Navy Blue, and White, ...per pair	3	4
The Mikado, fitted with Patent Cable Ends ...per pair	1	10
LAMBSWOOL, CHOLERA BELTS, OUR OWN SPECIALITY—		
Gent's Fine White or Scarlet......Rs. 2-12 and	3	0
Ladies do. do. ......Rs. 2-4 and	2	0
CARDIGAN JACKETS—		
In Black, Brown or Navy Blue ......Rs. 9-0 to	24	0
Do. with Fancy Fronts	12	0
Do. Vests without Sleeves ......Rs. 6 to	8	0
RUGS AND MAUDS—		
All Wool Mauds, Scotch Mixture......Rs. 16-8 to	33	0
All Wool Rugs, a large Assortment ......from	13	8
Dust Wraps, Fancy Striped Cotton ...Rs. 2-8 to	4	0
Gentlemen's Dressing Gowns, in Fancy Check and Plain Pattern, bound Braid with Wool Girdle to Match......from Rs. 15-8 to	35	0
Rezais for Railway Travelling......each	4	0
Pillows, Cotton or Feathers......Rs. 2-8 to	8	8
Blankets, Super Brown Grey, each	7	8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,

SPECIAL IMPORTATION.

	Rs.	a.
Ladies' Tan Suede Court Shoes, Soft and durable	7	0
Ladies' Grey Suede do.	7	0
Ladies' Glace Court Shoes jet beaded Toes	9	8
Ladies' Glace Court Shoes Gold beaded Toes...	9	8
Ladies' Glace Court Shoes Steel beaded Toes..	9	8
Ladies' Glace Oxford Walking Shoes finest quality... ...	12	8
Ladies' Russian Hide Oxford Walking Shoes finest quality.. ...	11	8
Ladies' Russia Hide Court Shoes finest quality	8	0
Ladies' Red Morocco Court Shoes do.	8	0
Ladies' Blue Morocco Court Shoes do.	8	0
Ladies' Fancy Worked Velvet Slippers Various Colours	4	8
Ladies' Soft Glace Slippers	5	0
Lutitian Cream for Brown or Russia Shoes...	1	8

BOMBAY, POONA AND SECUNDERABAD.

THE SEASON.

THORPE & CO.,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HAVE the pleasure to announce the arrival of the following NEW GOODS :—

FOR COLD WEATHER WEAR.

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
Warm Rugs, all Wool	13	8 to	38	0
Real Austrian Rugs.	...		38	0
Scotch Mauds	13	8 to	35	0
Real Whitney Blankets, White or Scarlet ...per pair	18	8 to	25	0
Real Eider Down Quilts	25	0 to	45	0
Do. Pillows	6	8 to	8	8
Best Feather do.	...		8	8
Best Wove Flannel Sleeping Suits ...	12	0 to	16	0
Best Wove Flannel Shirts	7	8 to	8	8
Warm Gloves... ...	1	8 to	2	8
Kid Gloves, Lined, Spring Fastening.	...		4	8
Do. (Ladies)...	...		4	0
Warm Dressing Gowns	18	8 to	25	0
Bath Dressing Gowns	15	8 to	18	8

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
Cardigan Jackets ...	10	8 to	15	8
White Cashmere Mufflers	3	0 to	3	8
White and Coloured Wool Mufflers ...	3	0	...	
Real Scotch Lambswool Under Shirts	6	8 to	7	8
Real Scotch Lambswool Pants	6	8 to	7	8
Stout Brown Merino Vests ......each	7	8 to	8	8
Do. Pants „	7	8 to	8	8
Shetland Lambswool Socks ......per doz	25	0	...	
Ribbed Hand Knitted Half Hose, per doz.	30	0	...	
Woven Cholera Belts	2	12	...	
Warm Overcoats ...	45	0 to	55	0
Ulsters, very Warm.	45	0 to	55	0
Warm Cheviot Suits, from	38	0 to	50	0

THORPE AND CO.,

BLUETHNER!

BLUETHNER!!

BLUETHNER!!!

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.

OF
BOMBAY AND POONA
HAVE BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS
FOR
INDIA AND BURMAH
FOR
BLUETHNER'S CELEBRATED GRAND
AND
COTTAGE PIANOFORTES.

NEW Illustrated Price Lists have just arrived and will be supplied free on application.

AGENTS WANTED IN THE MOFUSSIL

PHOTOGRAPHS! PHOTOGRAPHS!!

"AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES."

A VERY DESIRABLE OPPORTUNITY.

LIQUIDATING AND CLOSING BUSINESS.

P. VUCCINO & CO., having DECIDED TO CLOSE their BUSINESS on the 31st March, 1890, will during the interim take Sittings in the very highest style of Art at the following low charges :—

		Half Doz.	Doz.	2nd Doz.	2nd Half Do
CARTES	Rs.	8	12	7	4
CABINETS	„	15	20	15	8
PROMENADE	„	18	28	18	9
BOUDOIR	„	20	30	20	10
PANEL	„	30	50	40	20
IMPERIAL	„	40	60	48	24

N. B.—Any Lady or Gentleman who may wish to obtain their Negative Plate already taken by P. VUCCINO and Co., can now obtain the same at a very moderate rate. Also the valuable Collection of Negative Plates of Ajunta Caves taken by the late Major Gill. Views and Panorama Plates of Bombay.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

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PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1890.

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BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P. & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling alone.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ, being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.

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BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

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HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

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A DELICIOUS LAXATIVE
FOR CHILDREN AND ADULTS.

THESE LOZENGES are prepared with the finest Chocolate, and are far superior to any Laxative in the form of Lozenges yet introduced.

'CASCARA SAGRADA" or "SACRED BARK." is well known as the safest and most reliable Tonic Laxative of modern medicine.

Per Phial, Re. 1.

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PREPARED BY
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FEVER	DROPS.	"Very efficient" concentrated. Per bottle, Rs. 2.
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FEVER	SALINE.	"An excellent preparation. Per bottle, Re. 1.
FEVER	TINCTURE.	Warburg's McLean's formula. Per phial, Re. 1.
FEVER	TINCTURE.	Warburg's own preparation. Per phial, Rs. 3.
SACCHARO	CHIRETTIN.	Antiperiodic in Fever. Per bottle, Rs. 1, 1-8 and 2-8.
LIQUOR	CHIRETTIN.	Liquid form of above. Per bottle, Re. 1-12 and Rs. 3

KEMP & CO., LIMITED.
BOMBAY.

BANFF
PURE
HIGHLAND MALT
SCOTCH WHISKY.
Per dozen Rs. 24.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPERIOR BRANDIES.

KEMP'S INVALID BRANDY	...	per doz.	Rs.	30	0
I. PRUNIER'S 1 star	do.	...	„	„	36	0
Do. 2 do.	do.	...	„	„	42	0
Do. 3 do.	do.	...	„	„	48	0

KEMP & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO.'S

ARECA NUT TOOTH PASTE.

THE BETEL or ARECA NUT has been employed in the East from time immemorial for the Teeth, and by the use of this Preparation, which is most pleasant, the Teeth become pearly white, the gums hard and healthy, and Toothache is prevented.

Per Pot, Re. 1.

KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

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A SUPERB DINNER CLARET.

THIS excellent BORDEAUX WINE is harvested in the centre of that privileged district. Its special and peculiar savour is due to the excellence of the special Vines which grow there and no where else.

Like all other high-class Wines of the Gironde, it contains iron, which constitutes it a most delicious and natural strengthener.

Per dozen Rs. 20.

AGENTS : KEMP & Co., Limited.

BANJO TUITION.

PROFESSOR NOTT BARNES
TEACHES THE BANJO,
By his original and highly successful method from Music.
PROSPECTUSES AT
Messrs. ROSE and Co.
AND
Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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SOLE LESSEE..................MR. J. B. FERRELL.

LAST TWO NIGHTS OF
FERRELL'S
BURLESQUE COMPANY.

TO-NIGHT FRIDAY, AT 9-15 P.M.

The very latest Edition of the Glorious Burlesque Extravaganza

"ALADDIN"

or the WONDERFUL SCAMP.

NEW SONGS! NEW DANCES!
MAGNIFICENT COSTUMES!!

Entirely re-written up to date!!!
Miss MAGGIE FORD, as "ALADDIN"
Mr. J. B. FERRELL, as "Widow Twankey"

TO-MORROW SATURDAY,
Benefit of the popular Comedian
MR. J. B. FERRELL
And Last night of the Season.

Reserved seats at SOUNDY and Co.

Business Manager......ALLAN HAMILTON.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.

EVERY EVENING
4 to 12 p. m.

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION.
WORLD RENOWNED
MADRAS ACROBATS.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE ROLLER SKATING RINK,

Opposite the Victoria Terminus.
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC,
From 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.
ADMISSION TUESDAY NIGHTS, 8 Annas.
Other Nights Re. 1 unless otherwise advertised.
Admission Evenings 5 to 7-30.
TUESDAY Re. 1 other Evenings 8 Annas.

The Rink is also open every Morning Except SATURDAY for practice for Ladies only. To this Sessions, Admission is free.

SATURDAY MORNING from 10 to 12-30 and SATURDAY AFTERNOON from 2 to 4. Childrens' matinee. Children under 12 free, Adults 8 annas.

FRIDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 24,
SPECIAL PROGRAMME!
Mr. Simmons will give an Exhibition of Fancy Skating.

Mr. A. N. Ridgley, Champion Fast Skater of India, will race one mile against a local Amateur; the Amateur receiving a lap start.

THE MacIVER LINE s. s. "ETOLIA" has ARRIVED from ANTWERP, GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL *via* KURRACHEE, with a general cargo, and is DISCHARGING in the VICTORIA DOCK.

CONSIGNEES are REQUESTED to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay. Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats at Steamer's option, at their risk and expense.

The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds. After removal from the landing sheds, the Steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer; otherwise none will be entertained.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Bombay, January 22, 1890. Agents.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

DINNER to Mr. VERNON'S CRICKET XI, on TUESDAY, January 28th.

Members who wish to dine are requested to register their names at the GYMKHANA, at once.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

(Within five minutes drive of Station.)
NEWLY FURNISHED.

Excellent Table and Lawn Tennis Grounds. A few rooms still available for approaching hot season.

SHIKAR AND PICNIC PARTIES ARRANGED.

NOW READY.
BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12.
Single Copy......................Annas 4
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THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the overland Mail for Europe. The Bombay Price Current contains—

A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports' for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10
Single Copy......................Annas. 4

THE NATIONAL HAIR DYE

REPRODUCES INSTANTANEOUSLY THE ORIGINAL COLOUR OF THE HAIR IN ITS NATURAL SHADE.

IT is innocent, inoffensive, and pleasant to apply, and the Colour it produces is so natural as to defy detection by the closest observer.

Per Case, complete with Brushes, Re. 1-8.
Prepared expressly in England for

F. S. MADON & CO.,
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,
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EVERY MAN

INTERESTED in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent for three stamps. Address Mr. E. NORTON, 249½, High Holborn, London Eng.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHATRE'S GRAND CIRCUS,

OPPOSITE THE CRAWFORD MARKET,
EVERY EVENING
EXCEPT SUNDAYS
AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE
ON SATURDAY,
REFER TO THE HANDBILLS.

THE BOMBAY ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE.

THE ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered office of the Company, No. 3, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, on MONDAY, the 3rd February, 1890, at 1 p. m., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December, 1889.
2. To sanction the payment of a Dividend.
3. To confirm the appointments made by the Board of Mr. Louis Penny and of Sir Thomas Raikes Thompson, Bart, as Directors of the Company.
4. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To elect a chairman of the Board for the ensuing year.
6. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and fix their remunerations.
7. To transact any other business the chairman may bring before the meeting.

C. H. B. FORBES & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.
Bombay, 23rd January, 1890.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 27th January to the 3rd February, 1890, both days inclusive.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

SMALL CAUSE COURT SUIT No. 447 of 1889.
CONDAJI BUKAJEE .... Plaintiff.
vs.
PATHAN MAHOMED GUFOORKHAN .. Defendant.

WHEREAS by Proclamation of sale dated 20th December 1889 published in the *Times of India*, the *Native Opinion* and the *Bombay Samachar* respectively, on the 21st, 22nd, and 23rd instant, it was notified that the undersigned would put up for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION the lands and premises in the said Proclamation described.

And whereas the said sale was at the request of the Plaintiff, adjourned to MONDAY the 27th instant, at 4-30 p.m.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on MONDAY, the 27th January, 1890, at 4-30 o'clock p.m., the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the Warrant for sale dated 25th July, 1889, put up for sale by public auction, on the premises to the highest bidder without reserve the right, title and interest of the said defendant, in the said lands and premises at Haines Road.

For particulars vide the said Proclamation dated 20th December, 1889.—Dated this 23rd day of January, 1890.

JOHN MARSHALL,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs. NANU & HORMUSJI,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION of PICTURES, &c., will be OPENED to the Public by H. E. THE GOVERNOR, on WEDNESDAY, 12th February, 1890, at the Secretariat.

On TUESDAY EVENING, 11th February, a CONVERSAZIONE will be held for a Private View of the Exhibition, open only to Members of the Society and Lady Friends.

The latest date for receiving Framed Pictures and other Exhibits, is February 3, 1890. For Prospectuses and other particulars, apply to the HONORARY SECRETARY,

L. R. W. FORREST,
Bombay.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the members of the EUROPEAN CIVIL SERVICES, hitherto styled "Uncovenanted" will be held in the Durbar Room of the Town Hall, on MONDAY, the 27th January, 1890, at 5 p. m., for the purpose of forming an Association to protect and promote the interests of the service, electing an Executive Committee, framing rules, drawing up a petition for presentation to Parliament during the Session of 1890, and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

All officers in the Bombay Presidency are invited to attend.

The petition will be ready for signature at the close of the meeting.

Resolutions and notices of amendment to the draft Rules should reach the Honorary Secretary, Provisional Committee, European Civil Service Association, Byculla Club, not later than the 24th instant.

H. G. GELL,
Honorary Secretary, Provisional Committee.
Byculla Club, January 14, 1890.

FICHU BROOCHES.

LIGHT, delicate, and playful variations in PINS, HEARTS, and DARTS, TRANSFIXED INSECTS, ARROWS, HORSE SHOES, FLOWERS, a long succession of quaint adaptations from which an acceptable present can be selected.

MARCKS AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.

For 3 months	3 per cent.	per annum.
" 6 "	4	"
" 12 "	5	"

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received.

SIMPSON & CO.,

COACH BUILDERS & HARNESS MAKERS
BILLIARD-TABLE MANUFACTURERS,
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G., K.G.C.S.I,
AND
H. H. THE NIZAM OF THE DECCAN, G.C.S I.,
201, MOUNT ROAD,
MADRAS.

FLOR DE COROMANDEL.

MR. NEUBERG begs to announce that he has been appointed

SOLE AGENT IN BOMBAY
FOR THE ABOVE
CELEBRATED CIGARS.
PRICES.

	Per 100 Rs.	as
FLOR DE COROMANDEL, No. 1......	4	0
Do. ,, 2......	3	12
Do. ,, 3......	3	8
Do. 6 inches long...	5	4

Liberal Discount to purchasers of 1,000 d upwards.

REAL EGYPTIAN. CIGARETTES

BY
TH. VAFIADIS,
CAIRO,
AND IMPORTED ONLY BY
J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY,
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SPECIALS........................	Rs. 4-8	per 100.
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GUARANTEED FRESH AND SOUND.

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MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE Re. 1-8 postage, anna 1.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Containing valuable information for Visitors and Residents cloth bound.—Price Rs. 5.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building Fort, Bombay.

CEYLON TEA,'' as supplied to the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Yacht Club, and Club Western India, Poona. Sample tins of 4lbs. obtainable the offices of PHIPSON & Co

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Perosbaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale. Trial orders solicited.—ERANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

THOUSANDS of FAMILIES in different parts of India, China and Burma constantly use Motivala's Vegetable Cough Pills as a household remedy for Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung affections. For handbills containing certificates apply to S. B. MOTIVALA, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay. Price 4, 6 and 10 annas per phial.

FRESH GROUND MOKHA COFFEE at Re. 1-4 per lb. Superior Ceylon Tea at Rs. 1-8 per lb. Superior Java Cigars No. 1 at Rs. 3 per 100.—DANTRA and Co., 33 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner, Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR, C. COWASJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

FOR SALE.—A fine Mount St. Bernard Bitch. Also two splendid Greyhounds, all very high class dogs guaranteed pedigree Apply Captain Rea S. S., "CLIO" Prince's Dock, due in Bombay 1st Feb. 1890.

FOR SALE.—The property of an officer leaving India D.B., C.F., HAMMERLESS RIFLE, 500 bore, in good order by Wilkinson and Son, London, with case and implements. Price Rs. 450. Cost when new £ 60. Apply to H., care of Messrs. King King and Co.

WANTED.—A HEAD CLERK for the Sir. J. J. School of Art. Salary Rs. 100 per mensem. A good knowledge of English, a legible hand writing, and a knowledge of accounts are indispensable qualifications. Applicants who must be members of the Educational Department, should apply in writing to the Principal.

WANTED.—3 ASSISTANT MASTERS for an Anglo-Vernacular School, Salaries—Rs. 30, 20 and 15. Apply (only those who have passed some University Examination, to S. K. Murud Janjira.

REQUIRED, an ASSISTANT MATHEMATICAL TEACHER a European, Catholic and University Graduate. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 and free furnished quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials to The Revd JAMES DOOGAN, Principal St. George's College, Manor House, Mussoorie, N.-W.P.

REQUIRED an experienced BOOK-KEEPER and CORRESPONDENCE CLERK with a knowledge of the routine of a large retail Firm, must possess unexceptional references as to Character and Steadiness, Salary Rs. 100 per mensem to commence, Apply by letter giving particulars of previous Engagements to G. K. Care of this Office.

MAHABLESHWAR.—TO LET, "West Wood" "Park Hall," "Reay Villa," "Race View," and many other bungalows of, from 2 to 6 bedrooms, Complex views. Particulars Apply to Mr. CURSETJEE DADABHOY, Ripon Hotel.

BREACH CANDY.—UNFURNISHED HOUSE, to let from 1st April 1890. Apply to R. BRANSON, High Court.

ENGLISH HOTEL Hornby Row. Fort Bombay, Rooms airy and commodious unrivalled for comfort and cleanliness. Terms moderate.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class upper-storied and most comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate sitting-room. Terms moderate.

BOMBAY FINE ART SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION. PICTURES received, framed, exhibited, and returned. Framing executed by experienced workmen. The greatest care taken in the unpacking and repacking of Pictures. Pictures will be framed according to the Society's Rules. Charges moderate. B. F. Art Gallery. D. B. DINSHAW & Co.

FOR SALE.—A SINGER SAFETY BICYCLE geared up to 56 inches, head and hub lamps, bell, wallet, &c., all bright parts nickel plated, Cost 21 guineas in 1888, has been little used and is as good as new: Price Rs. 200. Apply to M., care of Messrs. Grindlay Groom & Co., Bombay.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road, opposite Bombay Club.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Batliwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay, May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillip and Co., at Re. 1 each.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

PATENT SELF DIGESTIVE BREAD, can be had to order, at PEARSE'S, Church Gate Street.

SEWING MACHINES, Tricycles, Bicycles &c., of the finest make, with all the latest improvements.—H. GEYER and Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANOS thoroughly renovated and tuned by Professional Europeans, at moderate rate MARCKS & Co., Limited.

LAWSON'S CUVEE DE RESERVE CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

BOUQUETS for Weddings, Balls, Presents, &c., in colours regulated to match with Dresses worn.—THOMAS BROMLEY, Valentine Lodge, Sangum, Poona.

RANSOME'S Celebrated LAWN MOWERS, "The Automaton," "The World," "The New Paris," 10, 12, 14 and 16 inches. In Stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Marine Street, Bombay.

THE GEM PATENT AIR-GUN, the newest, cheapest, and most perfect in the market and excellent weapon for practice, Rs. 35; without case Rs. 30.—STEFFENAUER & Co.

SANITARY WOOL UNDERCLOTHING special light Texture, suitable for India wear, English Manufacture, Guaranteed Pure, Undyed Natural Wool.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

STARLEY'S ROAMER TRICYCLE, with all the latest improvements and extras, FOR SALE. Rs. 400. In perfect order. Arrived July, 1889. Apply to J. L. JOHNSTON, C.S., Dharwar.

FOR SALE.—His Highness the Gaekwar's STEAM LAUNCH UMRAT, now lying in the Government Dock Yard, at Bombay. Apply to BHASKARAO BALCRISHNAJEE PITALE, Gaekwar's Agent 305, Pallow Road, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—The S. S. TANJORE (now in the Victoria Dock.) For particulars apply to Rao Bahadoor Bhugwandass Bagla, Shaik Memon Street, Opposite to Moolji Jethas Market.

FOR SALE.—A new STANHOPE MAIL PHAETON by Messrs. J. C. WINDOVER & Co., painted Claret picked out Black, lined Vermilion, lined with real Morocco, with patent self-acting Hood, and foot brake complete. Apply to the FORT COACH FACTORY, Mody Bay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.—*Continued.*

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

STANDARD POLICIES.—Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal. Every facility for the despatch of business. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY

AUCTION SALE OF BENGAL COTTON.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 25th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in the jutha of Nursey Nagoo, the undermentioned cotton, on account and at the risk of Thaker Madhavjee Ludha and by order of Khoja Munjee Nuthoobhoy—

100 bales Bengal good cotton.

A Deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF SHARE.

On MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Share Bazaar, by order of Sha Khoosal Luckmichund and on account and at the risk of Dr. Framjee Dorabjee Deevecha:—

1 share of the Soonderdass Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY, PILLERS WHEELS, &c., &c.

On TUESDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, in the godowns of Messrs. B. & A. Hormarjee, underneath their offices, Elphinstone Circle, on account of the concerned—

A quantity of machinery, pillars, wheels, &c., &c.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, January 21, 1890.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
41, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 24th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will hold their usual auction sale at their rooms as follows:—

A lot of sample pieces of White mulls, Jacconetts, Nansooks, Doria Stripes, &c.
1 case white lapatta 35" by 5 yds.
1 case white lapatta 40" by 9 yds.
2 cases silk embroidered velvet.
600 square feet of fancy flooring tiles.
4, 18 carat gold English hunting watches, patent lever.
1 mahogany square Pianoforte.
1 self acting organ, an Invoice of music boxes.
1 case wooden toys.
1 case samples of hardware, fancy articles, brass pallocks.

SALE OF FIRE BRICKS, &c.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 24th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE CAWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms.

On account and at the risk of whom it may concern—

Ten thousand white fire bricks, 9" by 2¼" by 6½" stamped by Gulbraith and Son of Glasgow.

600 square feet of fancy flooring tile.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, January 21, 1890.

BOMANJI DOSSABHOY,

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUNGALOW, OUT-HOUSES, COOK-ROOM, STABLES AT PARLI HILL, BANDORA.

On SUNDAY, the 9th day of February, 1890, at 4 o'clock p.m., Mr. BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY Auctioneer, will by the order of H. O. Campbell, Esquire, put up for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, the property hereunder described.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground containing by admeasurement 3,950 square yards or thereabouts, situate on Parli Hill, near Bandora, in the Island of Salsette, in survey No. 251, subdistrict Salsette and district Thanna, and bounded on or towards the north by a new and private road lately made by the Bombay Land and Building Company, Limited, on or towards the east by a road along the top of Parli Hill, on or towards the south by land of the late Merwanjee Maneckjee Sethna, and on or towards the west by land belonging to the said Bombay Land and Building Company, Limited

Together with a newly built bungalow on the said ground charmingly situated with an excellent view, and entirely open to the sea-breeze, and containing dining-room, drawing room, morning room, two bed rooms with dress-rooms, and bath rooms attached, and a large godown, a large garden and well of good water, and also roomy coach-house, stabling for 3 horses, cook-room and ample servants quarters.

Together with all right, easements and appurtenances belonging thereto.

The bungalow is now in the occupation of C. H. B. Forbes, Esquire, under a lease for one year from the 1st January, 1890, at a monthly rent of Rs. 110.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned, or to Messrs. Payne, Gilbert and Sayani, 20, National Bank Building.

BOMANJI DOSSABHOY,
Bombay, January 24, 1890. Auctioneer.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF OLD BUILDING MATERIALS, &c.

Under instructions from W. Osborn, R. E., Executive Engineer, Military Works, Bombay, the Undersigned will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., in Her Majesty's Dockyard, Fort, consisting of old teak, beams, joists, planks, gates, bamboo matting, &c.

Also at 3-30 p.m., opposite the Grand Arsenal Storeyards, consisting of old rafters, planks, teak pieces, debris, &c.

SALE OF C. IRON GIRDERS, &c.

Under instructions from the Executive Engineer Presidency, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 27th instant, at 1 p.m., in the compound of H. M. Mint, Fort; consisting of cast iron girders, bricks, debris,

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT DHOBI TALLOW, NEAR THE FRAMJEE CAWASJEE TANK.

On WEDNESDAY, the 12th February, 1890, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Bomanjee Shapurjee Chothia, and on account and risk of the mortgagors Dinshaw Merwanjee Aria and others, by virtue of an indenture of transfer of mortgage and further charge dated the 28th day of October, 1887, the following valuable landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement Five hundred and twenty-nine square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Pension and Tax under No. 21, with the messuage or tenement standing thereon, assessed by the Commissioner of Municipal Taxes under No. 773, situate on the east side of Girgaum Road, otherwise called the Breach Candy Road, near Dhobi Tallow, now called or known by the Framjee Cawasjee Tank, without the Fort in the Island of Bombay, fronting the public road, on the east side thereof, and bounded as follows *i. e.* on or towards the east by the stable of Ardeshir Eduljee Chinoy' on or towards the west by the Breach Candy Road, on or towards the north by the Jamoolwadi Lane, and on or towards the south by the property of Dhunjibhoy Framji Billimoria.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusjee and Dinshaw, Solicitors to the mortgagee, or to the undersigned.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 84 of 1889.
Jan Mahamed Khulakdina..........Plaintiff
vs.
Rahimtoola Khulakdina and others..Defendents.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES WITH GINNING FACTORY AND A CHAWL AT ANJAR IN CUTCH.

By order of C. A. Turner, Esq., receiver appointed in the above suit Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 13th February, 1890, at 4 p.m., at their sale rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Street, the following immoveable and moveable properties, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of land situate in the Village of Anjar, in the dominion of His Highness the Rao of Cutch estimated by guess to contain between 20,000 to 20,500 square yards, and enclosed by a fence and surrounded on all sides by land which is the property of His Highness the Rao of Cutch, together with a building used for the Ginning Factory and a Chawl, now standing or being on the said piece or parcel of land, and all the fixtures, Commons, waters, watercourses, sewers, privileges, easements, advantages, and appurtenances whatsoever to the said premises belonging or reputed as parcel thereof or appurtaining thereto. Together also with all and singular the gins, ginning machines, steam engines, boilers, mill gear, and mill right work, fixed and moveable machinery, on or about the said premises, and hereinafter more particularly described namely.

20 gins
1 engine about 13 to 12 horse power
1 boiler
1 lathe
1 hand power press for pressing docras and scales and weights, office furniture, trade fixtures, utensils, stores, fuel &c., which may be on the premises.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere and Nicholson, Solicitors to the receiver or to the undersigned,

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, January 24, 1890.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona,
" COOPER MADON and Co.
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No 22, APOLLO STREET.

Under instructions from the Chief Commissariat Officer, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 24th instant, at 12 noon, sell by Public Auction at the Commissariat Stores Town Barracks:—

A lot of unserviceable stores returned by the Corps, hospital, &c.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

At Sea View Terraces No. 2, Top floor, Woodehouse Road, Colaba. The valuable household furniture, &c., of Mr. H. V. FAULCONER, manufactured by John Roberts, Jamsetjee Nowrojee, and others, consisting of drawing room, dining-room and bed-room furnitures, dinner and breakfast sets, very handsome hand painted decent sets, table and kerosine lamps, by Theodore Knaust, wall brackets, first rate pictures and oleographs, table ornaments and used carriage, &c, TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 25th inst, at 1 p. m.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 25th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms by order of the Official Liquidator, Prince of Wales S. and W. Co., Ld., in liquidation, the office furniture of the Company, consisting of chairs and tables, cup-boards, pigeon pole, &c. &c.

Also the furniture of a gentleman consisting of chest of drawers, tables, chairs, cup-boards, washing tables, &c., &c.

On account and risk of the concerned—7 cases diamond cut beads, No.-0,-1,-2, 3 and 4.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 black Waler gelding 16 hands, aged, regularly ridden on parade, was driven last year in Poona, in single a harness, quiet, no tricks, light mouth, sold as owner going home.
1 handsome strong E. B. ex-seated barouche in very good order.
1 second-hand strong victoria in good order.
1 strong bay Arab, 14-3, 9 years old, quiet to ride and drive.
1 chesnut Arab galloway, goes well in harness.
1 strong bay Arab pony, 8 years old, 13 hands, goes well in harness.
1 dun colour Kattywar pony, 7 years old, goes well in saddle and harness.
1 second-hand E.-B. buggy, on C. springs by Kesterton.

AUCTION SALE of ARAB and Persian Horses, at Locksly Hall Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite the Byculla club.

On SUNDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs BENNETT & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the abovementioned place, the property of different dealers proceeding to their native country:

A number of new Persian and Arab horses, consisting of racers, chargers, hunters, ponies, galloways, &c, &c.

The horses are on view.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO INVESTORS.
AUCTION SALE OF THE PRINCE OF WALES MILLS IN LIQUIDATION.

Will be sold to the highest bidder and without reserve.

On WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will by order of the Official Liquidator and with the concurrence of the mortgagees put up for sale by Public Auction in one lot at their sale rooms, No. 22, Apollo Street, the leasehold property hereunder described and the engines, boilers, machinery and plant of the said Mills. All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement twenty-four thousand five hundred and forty-seven square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 58, 59 and 288, situate on the south side of a public passage on the Chinchpoogly Road, in the sub-district formerly of Mandvie, but now of Bombay, in the island of Bombay, and bounded on the north by the said public passage, on the south by the property of Maneckjee Sorabjee Powalla, on the east by a public passage, and on the west partly by the property of Haji Gool Mahomed Haji Abdool Rehman, partly by the property of Hajee Mahomed Haji Abdool Karim, and partly by the property of Haji Abdool Sookoor Cuddoo, which said premises were formerly and now are in the possession of the Prince of Wales Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, together with the building and erections standing thereon, and all rights, easements, and appurtenances belonging thereto.

The above described property is held under a lease dated the 16th day of April, 187 , for a term of 95 years from the 2nd day of October, 1878,

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned,

AUCTION SALE OF MILL STORES, MACHINERY, COALS, YARN, &c., &c.

On TUESDAY, the 4th February next, at 1 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co, will under instructions from the Official Liquidator, Prince of Wales S. and W Company, Limited in liquidation, sell by public Auction at the mill premises Chinchpoogly, all the stores and new machinery just arrived consisting of two new opener donkey engines, bolts, nuts, iron bars, flitts, beam scale with weights, shaftings leather rope, and straps wheels, furniture, consisting of tables chairs cupboards, iron safes, plants, also about 152 tons of coals and a few bundles of T R yarn &c.

On SATURDAY, the 1st February next, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Apollo Street, Fort, opposite to the old Secretariat, the stock-in-trade of Messrs. Rustomji Framji & Co., closing up their Fort Establishment, consisting of glassware, toys of various kinds, dolls, stationery inkstands, mirrors, fancy table ornaments, scent cases, lady's companions, glass jars, canisters, albums, penknives, photo frames, pipes, money purses, hand fans, lady's bags and umbrellas, table ornaments, mechanical toys, platedware, also large size glass door cupboards, show cases, bar, scales, pier glasses, teapoys, chairs curtains, gas fittings, &c. &c.

The above will be on view from Tuesday next.

OUTRIGHT SALE OF HORSES, the property of 1st Bombay Lancers, on MONDAY, the 3rd February, 1890, at the Commissioned Stables, Bellasis Road, Byculla, at 3-30 p.m. sharp.

Under Instructions from the Officers Commanding 1st Bombay Lancers, Messrs, BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, without reserve, at the abovementioned date and place, sixteen horses, the property of the regiment.

The majority are suitable for harness or hack purposes, and can be seen at Ludha Ebrahim and Co.'s stable in Bellasis Road, Byculla, 4 days previous to the sale.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, January 24, 1890.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

TO-MORROW SATURDAY, the 25th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite Byculla Club, and next to the Government Medical Store, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood, teakwood, household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of the Revd. W. BELL.

The property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
10 ,, ,, dhoties.
5 cases white jacconets.
5 ,, T. red shirtings.
1 Large size fireproof book safe, by John Lord and Co., on stand. On account of the concerned—
101 cases lucca oil.

On account and at the risk of the defaulting indentor Merwanjee Nowrojee—

531—95 Blocks Claridge's Asphalte Co.'s asphalte, landed ex s.s. Govino.

On account and at the risk of Megraj Toolsidas—

12 cases indigo.

On account and the risk of Hajee Dada Aba—

M M 2017-H D A—1913-45—3 cases tin toys.

AT 2 P.M.

1 strong serviceable office-shigram.
1 ,, ,, wagonette.
1 second-hand mail phaeton.
1 pair of retrievers, dog, liver colour, slut black, pure bred and splendid water dogs.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF Landed Property in Peroo Havaldar Street, without the Fort.

On TUESDAY, the 28th instant, at 4 p. m. Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees, Roychund Nema and Co., and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Abdool Guffoor bin Jan Mahomed Banji, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 26th day of January 1883, the undermentioned landed property, viz:—

All that piece of Fazendaree ground with the dwelling-house standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, fronting on the north side of Peroo Havaldar Street, in the registration district of Bombay, registered in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes, under ward No. 2317, ward B, and street Nos. 13, 15, admeasuring square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the house of Hakim Goolam Hossein, on the west by the house of Zohora Bebee, widow, on the north by the Peeroo Havaldar Street, and on the south by a sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ORDNANCE STORES.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer, Messrs. Crawford & Co will sell by public Auction, at the Arsenal on Wednesday, the 29th instant, at 9 p.m. A quantity of unserviceable stores consisting of sling wagons, Pawlins leather cuttings, &c. &c.

SALE OF valuable Landed Property in Matharpakhady, at Mazagon.

On WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Bomonjee Nusserwanjee Vakeel, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Govind Ramjee, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 22nd day of October 1887, the undermentioned valuable landed property, viz:—

All that piece or parcel of Fazendaree ground, together with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate in Matharpakhady at Mazagon, out side the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 300 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of assessment under No. 118 and by the fazendar in his book under No. 100, and bounded on the east by the property of Merwanjee Framjee, on the west by the property of the said Govind Ramjee, on the north by the property of the said Merwanjee Framjee, and on the south by the public Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay January, 24 1890.

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Sale Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act Price Rs. 6½ interleaved, Rs. 8.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs JOHN DICKINSON and Co. London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

INDIAN IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS to the above Company and are prepared to accept Marine risks on the most favorable terms.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE, & Co.,
Agents.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TO ELECTRIC LIGHT ENGINEERS.

THE Engineer Port Trust is prepared to receive tenders up to the 31st March next, for the LIGHTING by ELECTRICITY of the Dock Entrances and general lighting of the Victoria and Princes Dock wharves, and sheds. Particulars may be obtained on application to the undersigned. The successful tenderer will be required to execute the work satisfactorily within the contract time under a penalty of Rupees five thousand which sum must be deposited with the Trustees on receipt of order.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

GEORGE. E. ORMISTON,
Engineer.
22nd January 1890.

NAVY CONTRACT FOR COAL.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on board H. M. S. "Mariner," at Bombay, by the Senior Naval Officer, for the supply of SOUTH WALES COAL to Her Majesty's Ships calling at Bombay, for One Year from 1st April, 1890.

Conditions of Contract and forms of Tender can be had on application on board H. M. S. Mariner.

No tender will be received after Noon of MONDAY the 3rd of February, 1890, and the Naval Commander-in-Chief does not bind himself to accept the lowest tender, and reserves to himself the right to reject any or all the tenders.

E. R. FREMANTLE,
Rear-Admiral.
Boadicea at Madras, 15th December 1889.

NOTICE.

THOSE Officers who have not yet REPLIED to the CIRCULAR letter of the Provisional Committee of the E. C. S. Association, Bombay, are requested to do so at their earliest convenience.

H. G. GELL,
Honorary Secretary,
Pro. Com. E. C. S. Association, Bombay.
Byculla Club, 22nd January, 1890.

NOTICE
TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS.

I HEREBY give notice that Messrs. NORRIE MITCHEL & Co., of Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay are no longer my Agents, for any purpose whatsoever.

I have appointed as my Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Messrs. SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., Engineers &c., of Bombay, who are empowered to act for me and on my account in all business transactions, and to whom all inquiries respecting my machinery, etc., should now be addressed.—Dated this 28th day of November 1889

SAMUEL BROOKS,
Cotton Machinist.
Union Iron Works, West Gorton, Junction Iron Works, Newton Heath, Manchester.

WITH reference to the above ADVERTISEMENT all information and particulars respecting Machinery &c, manufactured by Mr. SAMUEL BROOKS will be furnished by us on application.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE and Co.,
Engineers and Machinery Importers, Khetwady, Bombay.

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to Act XXVIII of 1886 of the Legislative Council of India entitled the Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act 1866, notice is hereby given that all persons being creditors of or otherwise having any claims upon or against the Estate of HENRY NICHOLAS REEVES, formerly of Witley, near Godalming, in the County of Surrey in England, but late of No. 9, Palace Garden Terrace, Kensington, in the County of Middlesex in England, a Colonel in Her Majesty's Bombay Staff Corps, deceased, who died at No. 9, Palace Garden Terrace, Kensington, in the County of Middlesex, on the 19th day of March 1889, and of whose property and assets Letters of Administration, with the will annexed, were on the 11th day of December 1889, granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, to Mr. DADABHOY HORMUSJEE DUBASH, of Bombay, the constituted Attorney of BERTHA MARY REEVES, the Widow of the said deceased, and the Executrix named in the said will, for her use and benefit and limited until she should obtain probate of the said will, to have effect throughout the Bombay Presidency, are required to send to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Mr. Dadabhoy Hormusjee Dubash, at their office, National Bank Building, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay, their names and addresses in writing, and particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased, so as to reach the said office on or before the 1st day of February 1890, as after that date the said Mr. Dadabhoy Hormusji Dubash as such administrator will pay or remit the assets of the said deceased, then in his hands, to the said Bertha Mary Reeves, as the person thereto entitled, or will otherwise proceed to administer the said assets, having regard only to the claims of which the said administrator shall then have notice as af[illegible] no claims sent in subsequently will be recognis[illegible] dated this 19th day of December, 1889.

PAYNE, GILBERT AND SAYANI,
Administrator's Solicitors.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying Seventy Military Messes and Twenty Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Cheteau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co., Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co., Gibraltar.

Price List on Application
TO
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Specially selected and shipped by Messrs. BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.

THE "BLANDY" BRANDS.
DIRECT SUPPLY SYSTEM.

MADEIRAS—From the celebrated "Blandy Stock." 8 qualities, from Rs. 23-8 to Rs. 58-12 per dozen quarts.
PORTS—From Hooper Brothers, Oporto. 4 qualities, from Rs. 18-8 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gaztelu E. Yriarte, Cadiz. 6 qualities, from Rs. 19 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
CHAMPAGNES—From Heuriot and Co., Rheims. 4 qualities, from Rs. 48 to Rs. 60 per dozen quarts.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A. Leon Aine, Bordeaux. 3 qualities, from Rs. 16 to Rs. 24 per dozen quarts.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingin-am-Rhein. 2 qualities (Still), from Rs. 21 to Rs. 25 per doz. qts. 2 ,, (Sparkling), from Rs. 40 to Rs. 53 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder and Co., Leith 2 qualities, from Rs. 28 to Rs. 32 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness, 3 qualities, from Rs. 31 to Rs. 40 per doz. qts.

Detailed List of Prices and Terms from

R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
APOLLO HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY,
Sole Agents for the Presidency.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,

Custom House Road,
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS
OF

CROFTS' Very Old Tawny Port Wine.
GONNE CROFT & Co.'s Finest Old Scotch Whiskey.
DAVID SMITH & Co.'s Scotch Whiskey.
ARDBONAIGH Whiskey.
GLEN MUCHKIN Whiskey.
STANLEY and GRIMMS' Clarets, Chablis, Santerne and Burgundies.
JULES GRIMMOND Three Stars Brandy.
THIERRY & Co.'s Cognac (extra fine quality) Brandy.
T. HINE & Co.'s Fine Old Pale Cognac Brandy.
GENUINE Allasch-Doppelt Kummel.
LAGARDE & Co.'s Saumur, &c, &c., &c.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
BOMBAY.

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BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	952½
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	990
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	900
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	125
Hong. and Shanghai	60,000	$125	All	...	255
National Bank	37,320	250	125	5 do.	185

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,000	1,000	.	1300
Albert Edward Mills		6	500	R	300
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	2	80
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	280
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	1,000	..	–
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co.,	600	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	..
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	100	1,0	Rs. 20	460
Bellary S. & W. Mill	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	400
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	600	500	50	Rs. 25	400
Bombay National Mfg Co., Ld	700	1,000	1,000		560
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,00	1,00	Rs. 3	675
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	Rs. 0	130
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	50	50	Rs. 55	870
City of Bombay Mf'g. Ld	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 0	980
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	70	70	Rs. 25	665
Connaught Mills Ld.	840	0	50	Rs. 1	645
Coorla S. & W. Ld.	1,300	1,000	1,0	Rs. 40	460
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,60	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	470
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,0	1,0	Rs.	90
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,415½	6	5	Rs. ..	600
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	25	1	1,0	Rs. 25	480
Gordon S. & Mf'g. Co.	700	150	15	Rs. 20	13
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited		1,0	1,000	–	...
Guzerat S. & W. Co.,	420	1,0	1,00	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,0	1,00	Rs. 40	750
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	500	5	..	600
Hingunghat Mill Co.,	700	575	5	Rs. 37	725nom
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,0	1,0	0Rs. 0	705
Indian Mfg Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,0	0Rs. 5	950
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,300	50	5	Rs. 2	465
Jamshed Mfg. Co.,	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	27½
James Greaves Mill	1,320	5	5	Rs.	642½
after All S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	600	50			10
Increased	1,483	25	2	Rs. 1	
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld.	–	900	1,000	–	700
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,0	1	Rs. 40	860
Khandesh S. & W.	75	1,0	1,000	Rs. 40	570
Khattow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,0	1,000	Rs. 40	545
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	0	1,00	Rs. 0	795
Leopold S. Bleaching	3,500	0	100	Rs. 5	150
Madras United S.	500½		1,000	Rs.100	1,950
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	525
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	10
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,060	250	250	Rs. 5	110
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,560
Maneckjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,132½
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,	1,000	Rs. 25	595
National S. & W. Co	600	1,00	1,000	...	250
Oriental S & W. Co.,	6,720		625	Rs. 12½	360
People of India S.	1,000	50	250	Rs. .	60
Presidency Mills Co.,	743	1,0	1,000	Rs. 50	1,0 0
Prince of Wales S.	2,189		125	...	1
Queen S. & W. Co.,	799	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	750
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld	641	1,000	1,300	Rs. 5	1,065
Sassoon S.& W.Co.,Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,000	25	1,9
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,710	50	500	...	50
Sholapore S.& W.Co.		10	1,000	Rs. 6	1,275
Soonderdas S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 30	115
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	262½
Swadeshi MillsCo,Ld.	4,000	500	500	..	270
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 4	650
Sun Mills Ld	1,300	250	250	..	260
Victoria Mfg.Co.,Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	375
Veeramgaum S.& Mfg	800	500	500		..
Venishunker Luxmishunker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		500	..	Rs. 20	500
Western India S.	1	1,000		Rs. 25	445

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,125
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 20	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	260
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	405
Breul's Cawnpore P.	0	20	200	Rs. 15	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	130
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 55	365xd
East India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,225
English Press & Mfg.	400	259	..	Rs. 30	190
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,325
French Press Co.	800	500	500	Rs. 80	505
Harvey & Sabapathy	450	500	500	Rs. 25	44
Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370x
Manmar Manfg. Co.	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	190
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	5
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	420
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 45	572½
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 11	83½
New P. of W. Press	600	500	All	Rs. 40	340
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	509	Rs. 50	50
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	470
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.	300	500	50	Rs. 25	51
Volkart Press	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	575
KhamgaumManfg.Co	400		250		600

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
G I. P. R. Gt 5 per ct	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guarantd 5 per cent	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	420

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Alcock Ashdown	1,000 750	200 150	200 150	10 p.ct	215 165
Badham Pile & Co.,Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	14
Bapty Co., Ld.	625		185	Nil	56
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		00	0	6 p.c.	60
BombayFlour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	62
Bombay Ice Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	88
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	180	Rs.	3,050
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	45	Rs.	760
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500		...	10
Cooper, Madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	177½
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	1
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	12,000	25	25		4½
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co., Ld.	4,008	200	175	Rs 26½	330
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	75
Napier Hotel Co.	800	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	00	100	100	...	60
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	2½
Port Canning Co.	6,008	000	1000	Rs. 20	365
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5	6
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs	99
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	95	...	80
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	12
Treacher & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,205
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	13
Western India Flour	000	1	125	Nil.	35
M Mody & Co					25
Bhownugger City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	825
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,050
Prince of Wales	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,725

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs 13-15
Carolas	,, 230
Mexican Dollars	,, 219
Five-Franc Pieces	,, ...
Bar Silver, 17½ betterness	,, 106-7
Gold Leaf	,, 22-9
Bar Gold, 10 oz, English, 100 touch	,, 22-10
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 22-8
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 22-6
Pekin do.	,, 22-4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES &c.

Four per cent	97 11-16
Four-and-a-half per cent	101½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	103½
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate	
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872	nil
City of Paris Loan	228
Port Trust Bonds	95

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate
London Banks	On demand	1s. 5 13-32d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 5 11-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight.	1s. 5½d.
Do. do.	4 Do do.	1s. 5 17-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 5 5-8d.
Do. Credit	3 Do do.	1s. 5 5-8d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 5 25-32d.
Do. Documents.	3 Do do.	1s. 5 21-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do do.	1s. 5 13-16d.
Francs	3 Do do.	1s. 85½d.
Do.	6 Do. do.	1s. 86½d.
Calcutta	At sight	100
Do.	60 days do.	98
Madras	At sight	100
Do.	30 days' do.	99
China	60 Do. do.	216

THE ALBION MILK AND SULPHUR SOAP.—Pure mild, and emollient.—This essentially complexion soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure on land or sea. It never irritates, and hence has a soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency, is particularly valuable in hot climates. A luxury for the toilet and the bath. Indispensable for children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all chemists. Agents, Treacher and Co., Bombay.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Polo, Maidan, 4-45 p.m.
Indian Temperance Association, 5-30 p.m.
Music at the Bombay Yacht Club, 5-30 p.m.
Lecture, Shivaji High School Hall, Girgaum, 8 p.m.
Lecture, Prarthana Samaj Mandir.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.
Switchback Railway.
Novelty Theatre, Ferrell's Comedy Company, 9-15 p.m.
Chatre's Circus, 9 p.m.

VESSEL ARRIVED.—The steamer Nizam arrived yesterday from China, &c.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Nubia (s), for Marseilles and Liverpool ; Lady Gordon (s), Colombo ; and Mecca (s), Coast and Calcutta.

THEFT AT SAMUEL STREET.—Peerbhoy Damjee, residing at Samuel Street, reports the theft of Rs. 102 in currency notes and cash, from his godown, on the night of the 21st instant.

POLO.—The game this afternoon will be :—Stripes—Capt. Phayre, Mr. Barton, Mr. Lovett, Mr. Venables ; White—Mr. Graham, Mr. Robertson, Capt. Baxter, and Mr. Hume. Play to commence at 4-45.

THEFT AT HAINES ROAD.—Bapoo Bhowa, residing at Haines Road, reports the theft of a gold neck ornament, valued at Rs. 54, from a box, during his absence from home on Wednesday last.

CHANGE AMONG SOLICITORS.—Mr. Hore, having retired from the firm of Messrs. Hore, Conroy and Brown from the 16th inst., the firm is now known under the name of Messrs. Conroy and Brown.

LECTURE.—Mr. B. B. Nagarkar will deliver a lecture in English in the hall of the Shivaji High School, Girgaum, this evening at 8 p.m. Subject : " Christianity Christianised." All English-speaking people are cordially invited.

THE BIJAPUR NEW LIBARY.—A correspondent telegraphs :—Mr. Balasaheb, Desai of Galgali, was entertained at a largely-attended meeting of the Native General Library, on Wednesday evening, and promised a liberal donation for the new library building there.

THE BRAHMO SAMAJ.—In connection with the sixtieth anniversary of the Brahmo Samaj, Mr. S. P. Kelkar will deliver a lecture in Marathi, this evening, at the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum, on the " Importance of the Theistic Faith and the methods of its propagation."

BURGLARY AT MATOONGA.—Yesterday morning between 2 and 3 o'clock, the house of Pragjee Prag, at Matoonga, was broken into by an excavation being made under the outer-door of the house, and an entrance effected into the premises. Sundry gold and silver ornaments and articles of silk wearing apparel, of the collective value of Rs. 2,917 were stolen.

A MISSING BOY.—Mr. Sorabjee Cursetjee Divecha, residing at Gold Mohur Castle, near the Byculla Railway Overbridge, reports that his son Ruttonjee, aged 13 years, left home at 8 a.m. on Monday last, to attend the Sir Jamsetjee School in the Fort, and has not since returned. It appears the boy had not been to school for a week previous to Monday last, although he had daily left home for the purpose.

INDIAN TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.—A public meeting, under the auspices of the Association will be held in the Hall of the Money School, Dhobi Talao, this evening at 5-30. Addresses will be delivered by the Rev. J. Forgan, of Simla, late president of the Association ; and the Rev. J. Nelson from Australia, organizer of the Blue Ribbon movement in South Australia ; and Mrs. and little Miss Nelson will sing temperance songs.

SUDDEN DEATH.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at Sudashiv Lane, respecting the death of Venayek Pootaba, a clerk in the Bank of Bengal, aged 37 years. About a month ago he began to suffer from a pain in his chest and difficulty of breathing. He was under the treatment of Dr. Kane. Eight days ago he became worse and remained at home for four days. He then returned to his work on Wednesday morning at 11-30. At 4-45 p.m. he left his desk and was shortly after found dead. A verdict of death from heart disease was returned.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 2nd Gloster Regiment will play the following programme at the Yacht Club, this evening at half-past five o'clock :—

Lancers	Ruddigore	Bucalossi.
Valse	Die Botschafter	Klein.
Fantasia	Erin	Basquit.
Valse	Dorothy	Bucalossi.
Potpourri	Stradella	Flotow.
Galop	Flick and Flock	Hertel.

DISMISSED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Dod Fakirgauda bin Shwangauda, late revenue and police patel of Mauze Mevandi, Taluka Karajgi, in the Dharwar Collectorate, having been convicted under sections 342, 354, and 451 of the Indian Penal Code, also Devkarshan Purshotam, late a karkun employed on the Northern Frontier Range in the Salt Department, having been dismissed from the Government service for grave misconduct in the discharge of his duties are hereby declared ineligible to serve Government again in any capacity.

HOUSE-BREAKING BY NIGHT.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, a man named Hurri Mungel was charged with house-breaking by night, and with having in his possession gold and silver jewellery of the value of Rs. 429. Several witnesses were called, and it appeared from the evidence that the accused had been detected as he was leaving the house in which the offence had been committed. The property in question was found upon him. Inspector Dillon, who was in charge of the case, proved a previous conviction against the prisoner, and he was now sentenced to undergo two years' rigorous imprisonment, with a fine of Rs. 500, or, in default, six months' further imprisonment.

MAKING USE OF A FRAUDULENT TRADE-MARK.—A CORRECTION.—At the Esplanade Police Court on Wednesday, a man named Abdul Hussain Heptula was charged before Mr Cooper with using a false trade-mark, purporting to be that of Messrs. T. Hubbuck and Sons. Mr. Gracewood, the agent of the above firm, appeared as the complainant. Mr Craigie, who appeared for the defence, explained that the accused had apologised and that Mr. Gracewood, under the circumstances, would not press for a heavy penalty. His Worship, after a consultation with Mr. Craigie, decided that the case must proceed. The accused pleaded guilty, and was ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 30. The case was incorrectly reported in our issue of yesterday.

INTERFERING WITH A POLICE OFFICER.—Four Borahs were yesterday placed before Mr. Cooper, at the Esplanade Police Court, charged with having assaulted a sepoy while engaged in the discharge of his duty. Inspector Hack was in charge of the case, and Mr. Sealey appeared for the accused. It appeared the two sepoys, one of whom was the man assaulted, had been in the act of arresting a reckla-driver, who had no license. The accused were getting into the conveyance at the time, and a disturbance ensued, during which, it seemed, that two of the prisoners had assaulted a sepoy. His Worship, in deciding the case, said he thought the first two accused had no right whatever to have interfered in this manner, and ordered them to pay a fine of Rs. 2 each, discharging the other two, as the evidence against them was insufficient.

THE BISHOP OF DAMAUN AT KOLI KALIANA—His Lordship the Bishop of Damaun visited the Church of Koli Kaliana, which had not seen a prelate for the last forty four years. A large number of the parishioners had assembled at the railway station at Santa Cruz, where the Bishop, accompanied by the Rev. Albert, his secretary, alighted on Saturday evening. A large number of people had assembled near the church and enthusiastically cheered the prelate. On Sunday the Bishop said a low Mass and administered Communion to some 600 persons, and in the evening the Sacrament of Confirmation was administered to 820 Christians, counting among them a large number of old people who, owing to the want of a Bishop, had remained without confirmation. Monday was spent in visiting the village, and the simple folk received the prelate with hearty rejoicings. The Bishop returned to Colaba on Tuesday morning, and intends to revisit the chapel in the same village on the 30th instant, and to settle personally some dispute between the parishioners.

THE THEFT ON BOARD THE S. S. JAVA.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Vittul Rama, a ship labourer, was brought up on remand, and charged by Inspector Guider, before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing a silver watch and gold chain, valued at Rs. 108, the property of Mr. Francis Elburn, the second officer of the s. s. Java, from that officer's cabin, while the vessel was lying in the Prince's Dock on the 11th March last. The accused, it appears, was arrested in August last for complicity in another theft at Mazagon, when the police officer making enquiries in that case, recovered the property, and the accused was convicted and sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment. The officer also recovered the watch and chain, the subject-matter of the present charge from two Marwarees, the one residing at Mazagon and the other at Dongree ; the watch having been pledged to one, and the chain to the other. When the watch was stolen from the s.s. Java accused was employed as a day-labourer on board. As the complainant is at present lying ill in Calcutta, and intends going home to England, and is unable to come back to Bombay, the case against the accused Vittul Rama was proceeded with, and the theft of the watch and chain being proved against him, he was convicted and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment, to take effect immediately after the term of eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment which he is at present undergoing expires.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 24.

(Before the Hon. the Chief JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

659—Tyabji and D—Sullimanji Ebrahimji vs Joosub Jan Mahomed and others—Pestonji and R—Part heard.

640—R and Byrne—Rahimbhai Habibbhai vs C A Turner—Payne, G and S.

658—Ardesir, H and D—The Gocaldas Balabdas Manufacturing Co. vs James Scott and others—Craigie, L and O.

635—Janardhun G—Purmanundas Vithul and another vs Anandji Purshotum and another—M H Khan, and in person.

650—Payne, G and S—Vullibhoy Khanbhoy vs Noorbhoy Ghellabhoy—Conroy and B.

664—Payne, G and S—Jadowji Cumaley and another vs Nanabhoy Wishwanath and another—H Bicknell.

(Before the Hon. Mr Justice SCOTT.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

246-89—Hore, C and B—Tikaram Sitaram vs. Hajee Mahomed Haji Jackeria—Macfarlane, and H.

244-89—Hore, C & B—C J Greengrass vs F Beaumont and others—H Bicknell and H C and B.

494-89—Balkrishna and D—Gungaji Kakoo Gudday vs Karson Jivan and others—T A Bland.

147-89—Shamrao P for pauper—Hawabibee vs Shaik Hulung Shaik Oosman and others.

579-89—Jefferson, B, D and K—Kaikhushroo Naoroji Kabraji vs Jehangir Byramji Murzban and another—Ardesir, H and D.

53-89—Hore, C and B—Gokibai vs Lukhmidas Khimji—Jefferson, B, D and K.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

93-88—M H Khan—Runchordas Amthabhai vs Manecklal Gordhundas—Ardesir, H and D. Part heard.

447-88—Jefferson, B, D and K—Kullianji Ludha vs Sha Jadowji Khodidas and others—Thakurdas, D and C. Part heard.

Defended New Long Causes.

511-89—Jefferson, B D and K—Mahomedbhai Ebrahim vs Janmahomed Khalakdina and others—Little, S F and N.

612-89—Balkrishna and D—Cursondas Vithuldas vs Samrandas Lutkandas and others—Payne, G and S.

630-89—Chitnis, M and M—for pauper Baboolnath Gunput and others vs Krishnaji Bagaji and others—J C Cama.

635-89—Pestonjee and R—Lalchund Balkison vs Vukhatchund Tarachund and others—Muljee B B.

Postponed Long Causes.

562-89—Macfarlane, E and H—Rahimtoola Bhajibhai and others vs Jeenabhai and others—Wadia and G.

198-89—Wadia and G—Sheriffabai Gangy and others vs Hirji Khimji and others—Payne, G and S.

498-88—Roughton and S—Luchmondas Radhakissondas vs Geolabrai Gooljamal and another—Wadia and G.

101-88—Payne, G and S—for pauper Shaik Enoos and other vs Mahomed Hoosen and others—T A Bland.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 22.

Brooking, Lieut, Ms Staff Corps, off leave, from England.

JANUARY 23.

Bolton, Capt, Bengal, 42nd G L I, sick furlough, from Fort White.

Eusor, Capt, Ms, 12th R L, on leave, (m. c,) from Bangalore.

Browne, Capt, Bengal, Devon Regt, on leave, from Rawal Pindi.

Milme, Surgeon, Bo, I M S, on duty, from Calcutta.

Faulknor, Lieut, Bo, 2nd Grenadiers, on leave, from Poona.

Norton, Capt, Bengal, R E, on duty, from Ferozepore.

Bannatyne, Major, East Lanc Regt, on leave, from Benares.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 22.

Burroughs, Surgn, Major, Bo, 21st Regt N I, on leave, to Madras.

JANUARY 23.

Faulknor, Lieut, Bo, 2nd Grenadiers, on leave, to Poona.

Hunter-Weston, Lieut, Bengal, R E, on duty, to Roorkee.

Wighton, Lieut-Col, Bo, Ord Dept, on duty, to Poona.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,

Commanding, Bo. Vol. R. Corps,

Bombay, 24th January, 1890.

1. The Battalion will parade on Saturday, the 25th instant, at 4-45 p.m., at the Town Hall. Red uniform, helmets, arms, and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from parade will be paid on application to Company N. C. Officers detailed for that purpose. Ten rounds of blank ammunition per man will be issued on parade.

Cadets will be conveyed in special tram cars on Saturday, the 25th instant, as follows :—

Byculla Schools and Byculla Scottish School.—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens, at 3-55 p.m.

St. Mary's School.—One double and one single car leaves Victoria Gardens at 3-55 p.m.

St. Peter's School.—One single car leaves P. and O. Dockyard at 4 p.m.

2. The " C." Company team will fire for the Wyer Cup on the 28th instant.

3. The undermentioned members are transferred from D. to A. Company from this date :—Armourer Sergt. W. Boylette and Volr. J. F. Major.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

4. The Squadron will parade at the Kennedy Sea Face, near the Remount Stables, on Saturday, the 25th instant, at 6-45 a.m., and march to the General Parade Ground, Esplanade, for drill with H. E. the Governor's body-guard. Swords, bandoliers, military bridles and head ropes to be worn, but not carbines and buckets.

By order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain, and
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.

1. The following drills will take place this week :—

To-day.—Class-firing on the Oorla range. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m. (local time). 6-30 p.m. Gun drill at Head-quarters.

To-morrow,—Range finding on the Oval at 7 a.m. Gun drill on Middle Ground Fort. Parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p.m. Dress, uniform and helmets without ball, badge or chin-chain.

2. The signalling class will meet on the Oval at 5-15 p.m. on Tuesdays and Thursdays, until further order.

3. The annual inspection will take place on Saturday, the 8th February. All members who have not procured the new uniform are requested to do so, and to put in as many drills as possible before that day.

4. The undermentioned members are requested to form the Battery Ball Committee and to attend the first meeting at Head-quarters on Monday, the 27th instant, at 6-30 p.m. :—Major G W Roughton (President), Capt A K Leslie, Lieut J S Slater, 2nd-Lieut L Penny, Pay-master A C Clarke, Sergt-Major A W Seabrooke, Sergt S W Chart (Treasurer), Sergt T Stephenson, Sergt W Tate, Corpl J Beckerley (Secretary), Bombr W Carter, Bombr J W Smith, Actg-Bombr H W Barrow, Gnr F W Gymer, Hon. member A McKenzie, Gunners H G Hyde, E Fraser, G H Hurst, J P Watson, A Bond, and J Leask.

5. The following member having joined is taken on the strength of the Battery from the 22nd inst, :—No. 158 Gnr. James Aspinwall.

By Order,
ARTHUR LESLIE, Captain,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, January 23.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The services of Surgn J Crimmin, VC, IM Dept, are placed at the disposal of Govt for employment in the Civil Dept.

With the approval of the Govt of India, H E the Govr in Council is pleased to sanction the formation of a Corps of Naval Volunteers at Aden, to be designated " The Aden Naval Volunteers."

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate, under the leave rules for the Staff Corps, the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing ; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India :—Lieut W J Peyton, CMG, S C, Sqdn Officer and Adjt, 3rd (Queen's Own) Lt Cavy, for one year.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for two hundred and seventy-three days on medical certificate :—Major F W Snell, S C, Second-in-Command, Savantvadi Local Corps, and ex-officio Assist to the Political Supt, Savantvadi.

The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bo Staff Corps, subject to the confirmation of the Rt. Hon. the Secy of State for India :—Lieut F C H L Waller, 2nd Battn King's Own (Yorkshire L I), Offg Wing Officer, 22nd Bo Infy.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty :—Major G B E Radcliffe, S C.

The undermentioned officer of the Medical Staff is brought on the strength of the British Forces in the Bombay Command, with effect from the 15th inst, the date of his arrival at Bombay :—Surgn C R Egan, M B.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for twelve months on private affairs :—Lieut C I Fry, S C, Wing Officer and Adjt, The 4th Regt (1st Battn Rifle Regt) Bombay Infantry.

2nd Battn B B and C I R Vol Rifle Corps—The following appointment is made :—To be Second Lieut—John Julius Adler, Gent.

The services of Major-Genl C T Haig, R E, are replaced at the disposal of H R H the Comdr-in-Chief, with effect from the 12th Oct 1889.

Second Lieut Arthur Hay, 1st Battn Loyal North Lancashire Regt, is appointed a Probationer for the Bo Staff Corps, with effect from 14th Jan 1890.

With the sanction of the Govt of India the establishment of Native officers of H E the Govr's Body Guard has been reduced by one Jamadar.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year on medical certificate :—Major F D Raikes, CIE, Staff Corps, Depy Commissioner, second grade, Burma.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on medical certificate :—Col F J Wise, SC, Inspr-Genl of Police, Bombay.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

License to solemnize marriages under the provisions of the Indian Christian Marriage Act is granted to the Rev. J. H. Schively, MA, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Bombay.

The following appointments are made :—

The Rev P S Grove, BA, to be Chaplain of Steamer Point, Aden, with effect from 1st March 1890. The Rev S Leigh Lye, BA, to be Chaplain of Nasirabad, with effect from the same date, officiating meanwhile as Chaplain of Baroda.

The Rev. J A Sellar, MA, Chaplain of Ghorepuri, to be Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop of Bombay from the 23rd Jan 1890.

License to solemnize marriages under the provisions of the Indian Christian Marriage Act is hereby granted to the Rev W E. Lee Clarke, Methodist Episcopal Church, Poona.

The Rev J Henderson, MA, Junior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, is granted furlough for two years.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Rao Saheb Sitanath Gopinath Ajinkya, Second Class Subordinate Judge, has been allowed a further extension of leave without allowances for one month from 3rd Jan 1890.

Major H B Ternan, 12th Bo Infantry, is appointed to act as Cantonment Magistrate of Ahmedabad, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Col J M Madden on special duty, or till further orders.

Major Ternan is also appointed to be a Magistrate of the First Class within the limits of the military cantonment of Ahmedabad.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to direct that Mr H T Ommanney, CS, should continue to act as Inspr-General of Police during the absence of Col F J Wise, or pending further orders.

Mr G C Whitworth, C S, acting Judge and Sessions Judge of Thana, is allowed furlough for eight months and ten days.

Mr W H Lucas, Assist Collr in the district of Khandesh, is appointed a Magistrate of the First Class in that district.

The Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Major J Humfrey, acting Commissioner of Police, Bombay, to be a Justice of the Peace within the limits of the Town of Bombay.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to notify that Lieut Col J B Lawrence was allowed privilege leave for three months from 10th Sept 1889.

Azam Sirdhar Narthar Kulkarni, acting Head Karkun of taluka Kalaghatgi in the District of Dharwar, is appointed a Magistrate of the third Class in that district.

Mr Lakshmanrao Madhavrao Deshmukh, residing at Khed in the Poona Dist, is appointed to be a Conciliator under the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879, for the Khed Taluka vice Mr Vinayak Keshav Kulkarni, deceased.

Mr R B Stewart, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmednagar, is appointed to be the Magistrate in charge of the sub-division of that district, comprising the talukas of Rahuri, Kopargaon, Sangamner and Akola.

Mr H Woodward, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmednagar, is appointed to be the Magistrate in charge of the sub-division of that district comprising the talukas of Nagar, Parner, Shevgaon and Nevesa.

Azam Ganesh Waman Desmukh, acting Head Karkun of taluka Nevasa in the district of Ahmednagar, is appointed a Magistrate of the third class in that district.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned officers in the Nasik Dist to be Visitors of the Dist Jail at Nasik :—Mr A M T Jackson, Magistrate, second class ; and Rao Bahadur Kashinath Mahadeo Thatte, Magistrate, first class.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Messrs J H DuBoulay and R E Enthoven, Assist Collectors and Magistrates of the third class in the district of Belgaum, to be Visitors of the Subordinate Jail at Belgaum.

The following appointments of Clerks of Subordinate Judges' Courts in the Satara Dist have been made, with effect from the 1st inst :—Mr Sakharam Janardan Namjoshi to be Clerk of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Dahivadi vice Mr Bhikaji Vithal, retired.

Mr Mahadaji Waman Bokil to be Clerk of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Khatav vice Mr Antaji Sakharam, transferred.

Mr Bhikaji Ganesh Kanitkar to be Clerk of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Medha vice Mr Gopal Bapuji, transferred.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr H W J Bagnell, CS, assumed charge of his duties as Acting Professor of English and History at the Elphinstone College on the 16th ultimo.

Messrs Dorabji Edalji Gimi and Vithal Narayan Pathak respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Head Master, Surat High School, on the 29th ultimo.

Messrs H B Keskar and M V Kane respectively delivered over and received charge of the Satara High School on the 26th ultimo.

Mr M Macmillan, BA, Professor of Logic and Moral Philosophy in the Elphinstone College, has been permitted by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr A F Woodburn, CS, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Surgn J Crimmin, V C, to be Civil Surgn, Shikarpur, and on being relieved by Surgn F F MacCartie of the duties of Health Officer of the Port of Bombay, to act as Presidency Surgn, Third Dist, with attached duties pending further orders with effect from the date of Surgn-Major P Murphy's departure on leave.

Assist Surgn Gangadhar Gopal Bopardikar is allowed privilege leave for one month from such date as he may avail himself thereof.

Mr W Lee-Warner, C S, Secy to Govt, Political Secret, Judicial and Educational Depts, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

MR. THOMAS SUTHERLAND, M.P. for Greenock, and chairman of the P. and O., has just bought a very beautifully situated estate at Liphook, which lies about four miles to the south of Haslemere. He has for close neighbors Mr. Macmillan, of the well-known firm of publishers, and Lord Justice Cotton, whilst not far distant lies the Surrey home of the Poet Laureate, and the retreats of a number of other literary and scientific folk.

THE WEATHER.

BOMBAY, Jan. 23.—Observations taken at 8 a.m.—Explanation of Columns in the Table.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also of the sea-level. The 2nd column under the head " Pressure" gives the difference between the barometer reading of to-day and yesterday at each station, and + prefixed to the number implies that the barometer has risen and—that it has fallen.

2. The 2nd column under the head " Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade, or in a small shed with open sides, and a thatched or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 A. M. The 6th column under the head " Temperature" gives the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature, and is approximately the mean temperature of the day. The 7th column gives the difference (with the proper sign) between the mean temperature of to-day and yesterday.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rate of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount equired to saturate it.

5. The amount of cloud is expressed in terms of the number 0 to 10, 0 denoting a cloudless and 10 an overcast sky.

6. The last column under the head " Rainfall " gives the difference with its proper sign between the actual rainfall from 1st Nov. to date and the average rainfall for the same period.

STATIONS.	Barometric Pressure.			Wind.		Temperature in Shade.						Rainfall.		
	8 a.m.	Change in past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.	Direction.	Rate per hour.	8 a.m.	Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.	Humidity, 8 a.m.	Cloud.	Past 24 hours.	Since 1st Nov. to date.	Variation, 1st Nov. to date.
Delhi	29·921	—·063	—·053	Calm	1	59.2	84·6	55·1	+6·4	91	10	...	0·35	—0·74
Agra	29·900	—·104	—·193	S W	3	58·3	81·1	56·6	+7·4	81	...	...	...	—0·4e
Allahabad	29·893	—·113	—·197	S E	2	59·0	81·5	51·6	+4·1	57	...	...	0·01	—1·239b
Jhansi	29·877	—·119	—·187	S W	3	65 6	86·9	59·4	+8·8	63	6	...	...	—0·60b
Jacobabad	29.947	+·032	—·128	Calm	5	52·5	79·4	52·0	+6 9	34	...	...	...	—0·09c
Karachi	29·967	—·010	—·120	N NW	17	52·0	81·6	59·5	+3·5	46	...	...	0.03	—0·35d
Ajmere	29·958	—·044	—·151	Calm	8	56 3	77·2	54 7	+9·5	81	...	...	...	—0·46a
Deesa	29·965	—·078	—·115	E	14	59·2	84·6	53·9	+2·7	87	...	...	...	—0·15c
Rajkot	29·936	—·061	—·085	W	10	68·4	86·4	62·4	+11·4	73	5	...	...	—0·35b
Neemuch	29·969	—·064	—·111	W SW	11	62·6	83·3	59·8	+10·1	75	10	...	...	—0·37a
Indore	29·996	—·062	—·081	W	4	62·8	86·1	58·6	+8·5	81	8	...	...	—0·80a
Saugor	29·945	—·082	—·128	S W	5	61 2	83·3	57·2	+5·3	66	...	...	...	—2·15b
Jubbulpore	29·987	—·071	—·135	S S E	3	55·0	84·4	48 4	+0·5	64	...	...	...	—1·81b
Hoshangabad	29·990	—·075	—·115	W S W	4	59·9	83·8	58·8	+7·0	66	...	...	...	—1·46a
Khandwa	30·007	—·037	—·064	N W	3	63·3	87·7	54·1	—3·4	52	...	...	...	—1·22b
Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur	29·972	—·046	—·102	Calm	2	66·7	91·2	56·3	+1·0	47	...	...	...	—1·80b
Amraoti	30·019	—·020	—·062	WS W	4	63·9	90·1	57·3	+0·4	40	...	...	...	—1·92b
Akola	30·022	—·018	—·049	W	5	69·9	91·4	55·5	+2 7	46	...	...	...	—1·48
Surat	30·029	—·041	—·034	W	L	62·5	86·0	57·5	+1·4	94	...	...	...	—0·20b
Malegaon	30·095	+·006	—·032	W S W	4	56·4	93·4	47 5	—4·3	51	...	...	...	—1.47b
Bombay	30·019	—·023	—·029	N E	12	71·9	82·4	67·6	—0·5	84	9	...	...	—0·87a
Poona	30·085	—·036	—·038	Calm	6	56·2	94·6	50·0	—5.3	48	2	...	...	—1·66b
Sholapur	30·04	—·042	—·058	W	6	61·6	92·7	54·1	—4·0	45	4	...	...	—1·80a
Ratnagiri	29·989	—·024	—·026	N	12	71·8	84·9	67·4	+1·1	56	...	...	...	—0·88b
Belgaum	30·050	+·023	—·034	Calm	3	60·5	89·8	52·9	—5 0	73	6	...	0.34	—1·66a
Goa	29·963	—·030	...	N W	4	75 0	81·0	73·0	...	90	...	...	0·04	...b
Karwar	29·970	—·022	—·053	N E	3	65·0	86·7	62·5	—3·4	88	2	...	...	—3·15b
Mangalore	29·986	+·008	—·034	Calm	2	71·9	84·8	69·4	+0·7	90	10	...	3·58	—0·10a
Calicut	29·994	+·015	—·016	E N E	4	72·6	86·8	69·6	...	89	9	...	4·08	—3·33a
Cochin	30·012	+·016	+·017	S E	L	75·9	86·3	74·6	...	84	7	...	8·40	—1·41e
Bangalore	30·037	—·007	—·056	W S W	4	67·4	83·8	54·9	—2·4	75	3	...	1·29	—3·27b
Secunderabad	30·015	—·048	—·101	WN W	2	61·6	91·1	58 9	+0·7	57	1	...	0·79	—1·30b
Masulipatam	29·965	—·031	—·104	Calm	1	69·8	85·6	67·6	+1·6	100	...	...	4·02	—4·37
Bellary	30·010	—·026	—·054	Calm	2	69·5	92·0	57·9	—3·4	49	...	...	0·66	—1·78b
Cuddapah	29·981	—·037	...	S W	...	65 9	93·7	61·5	...	83	5	...	3·73	—3·20b
Madras	29·963	—·027	—·109	N NW	6	72.3	84·3	70 2	+2·5	91	9	...	15·57	—8·68a
Coimbatore	30·044	—·002	—·039	N	2	66·5	91·7	62·8	—2·1	85	4	...	1·85	—4·00a
Trichinopoly	30·005	—·017	—·047	Calm	4	70·8	91·6	65·3	—1·3	88	6	...	5·95	—5·15
Negapatam	29·180	—·009	—·052	N	3	73·3	81·0	67·8	—3·3	90	6	...	13·84	—3·32c
Colombo	29·994	+·035	+ ·001	N	7	79·0	86·5	64·0	...	72	3	...	16·40	—5·62a

In column wind rate per hour, L = Light, M = Moderate, F = Fresh, S = Strong, H = Heavy.
a Fine weather with passing clouds. *b* Fine clear weather. *c* Gale of wind. *d* Dust haze. *e* Sea smooth.

SUMMARY.—Pressure has risen slowly at Jacobabad, Malegaon and Belgaum and also on the Malabar Coast, but has fallen elsewhere. The fall has been generally rapid in the Punjab, North-West Provinces, Gujarat, Central India, and at Saugor, Jubulpore and Hoshangabad, and slight to moderate over the rest of the country. Readings are very high to-day at the inland stations in the Bombay Presidency and low in the neighbourhood of Allahabad. The depression noticed yesterday over Sind has filled up, but the isobars to-day indicate a disturbance to the north-eastward of Jhansi. The winds, on account of the disturbance, were moderately high in Sind, Gujarat and Rajputana and Jacobabad, and Deesa report a gale of wind. The barometer reads generally below the normal average everywhere, and the deficiency is considerable in the North-West Provinces. The abnormals show that winds are probably strong in the Arabian Sea off the Kathiawar and the West Coasts. Winds are generally north-westerly in the Madras Presidency, Sind, and on the West Coast southwards of Bombay as far as Goa, while in most other districts they are south-westerly. The winds were moderately strong over Sind, Gujarat, Rajputana, and also on the West Coast between Bombay and Goa, and were light elsewhere. This morning's observations show that winds are increasing in force in the North-West Provinces, Central India, and also locally at Akola, Amraoti, Bombay and Calicut. At Karachi the wind force was 10 miles an hour this morning, and there are indications of its increasing there. The variations of the maximum temperature practically continue to be the same as yesterday and the excess to-day appears to be very large at Secunderabad, Belgaum, Poona, Malegaon, Neemuch, Delhi, and at most stations in Berar and the Central Provinces. The highest maximum readings above 90° were recorded at Nagpur, Amraoti, Akola, Malegaon, Poona, Sholapur, Secunderabad, Bellary, Cuddapah, Coimbatore and Trichinopoly. Nights are very hot in the Punjab, North-West Provinces, Sind, Rajputana and Central India, and in other districts the variations are irregular. Humidity has risen in several places and skies are more or less cloudy over the whole country except in Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Berar, and the Central Provinces. Rain has fallen at Dehli, but there has been none elsewhere. The weather in the North-West Provinces is very unsettled, and as the baric gradients are still moderately steep on the West Coast between Surat and Karwar an increase of wind velocity may be expected there.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Nizam, 1,615 tons Captain T F Creery, arrived in harbour yesterday from China, &c, with a general cargo, Mr Martin as cabin passenger, and 5 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Mecca, 936 tons, Captain G A Shepherd, sailed yesterday for Coast ports and Calcutta, with a general cargo, Mr Pestonjee Ruttanjee as cabin, and 10 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Lady Gordon, 316 tons, Captain A Whitby, sailed yesterday for Colombo, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr F Way, Mr I V Henary, Mr Miller, and Mr and Mrs Alberton.

THE Anchor Line steam-ship Nubia, 2,319 tons, Captain T G Knox, sailed yesterday for Marseilles and Liverpool, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr H E Prescott, Miss C Downey, Miss Reed, Revd and Mrs Daiellson and 4 children, Miss Davies, Miss Williams, Mrs McKenna, Mr and Mrs McConaghy, Miss McConaghy, Miss DeLine, Mr and Mrs Sterndale, two Misses Sterndale, and Mr Graham.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE following notice to mariners, dated the 1st January 1890, issued by the Port Officer, Aden, is published for general information :—" On the 15th February 1890 the temporary light-vessel moored off Ras Morbut, Aden Harbour, will be replaced by the permanent light-ship. The vessel is moored 18 feet at low water, and shows, at an elevation of 39 feet above the sea, a flashing white light visible every minute. The vessel is painted red, but has no red ball at the mast-head, and exhibits no red flag during the day, as stated at page 90 chapter IV third edition of the Gulf of Aden Pilot."

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JANUARY 23.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. C. Monroe	1436	Wilson	B	F Muir & Co.
,, C. Forbes	1591	Faitt	F	F Muir & Co.
,, Assama	2119	Smith	K	K Nixon & Co.
,, Blackheath	1671	Hall	O	J Mackintosh & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	No	Company or Agents.
S.S. Nubia	2119	Knox	2	W & A Graham & Co
,, D. Balduino	3444	Cruciani	3	F Bozzoni.
,, Tanjore	1402	Raffla	4	Hajee Cassum.
,, Ganges	2110	Alderton	6	P & O S N Co
,, Imperator	2441	Bechinger	7	A-H Lloyd's S N Co.
,, Emir	2420	Robson	10	J Mackintosh & Co.
,, Etolia	2103	Gill	12	K Nixon & Co.
,, Almirante Barroso (man-of-war.)	..	D'Mello	15	N. Jamsetji.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	From
23	Nizam (s)	Creery	China, &c.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
23	Nubia (s)	Knox	Marseilles and Liverpool.
	Lady Gordon (s)	Whitly	Colombo.
	Mecca (s)	Shepherd	Coast and Calcutta.

The following vessels commenced loading yesterday :—
Steamer Clan Monroe, for Dunkirk.
,, Bhundara. for Rangoon and Moulmein.
,, Palitana, for Coast and Calcutta.

CALCUTTA.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 19.—Steamers Niobe, Bucephalus, Regius & Patiala

MADRAS.

ARRIVAL.

Jan.		
21 Sirdhana s	....	Negapatam.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.		
20 Asia s	....	Calcutta.
Chindwara (s)	....	Bombay.

A LONDON gossip says that before Mrs. Harrison, the wife of the United States President, was exalted to her present position, she did a deal in her own kitchen. She is a famous pickle preserver, and likes cooking. Even now she cannot wholly resign her housewifely habits. Her genteel accomplishment is painting on China, and over this she spends most of her time.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 23.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Sheikh s—8 packages oilmanstores, &c, Macbeth Bros and Co.

Britannia s—10 cases confectionery, A H M Essoofally

Nubia s—13 cases lubricating oil, Norrie Mitchell and Co ; 4 casks cylinder oil, M Goculdas.

Clan Forbes s—55 cases oilmanstores, E Sumsoodeen and Co.

Branksom Hall s—24 packages printing paper, S A S Dawood ; and 20 cases soap, A H Ebrahim.

FROM LONDON.

Sutlej s—4 cases confectionery, A H M Essoo fally ; 150 cases brandy, Sir D Maneckjee Petit.

Cheleydra s—12 cases brandy, R Ramchandra and Co.

FROM HULL.

Ebro s—13 bales printing paper, K Abdool Hoosein.

FROM GENOA.

R Rubattino s—16 cases aniline dye, G Mooljee.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Po s—36 cases oilmanstores, &c, B J Buxey and Co.

Manilla s—24 cases brandy, Treacher and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Imperatrix s—5 packages slate pencils, E Sullamanjee.

Imperator s—20 bales printing paper, &c Volkart Brothers.

Poseidon s—26 cases paper, A Schwager.

FROM VENICE.

Peninsular s—5 cases soap, J Hoosein.

Bokhara s—3 cases soap, H A Allymahomed.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JANUARY 23.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Idar s—100 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 98 bales cotton, H Maneckram ; 100 bales wool, Framjee Sands and Co.

Nubia s—100 bales cotton, Beyts Craig and Co ; 30 bales wool, Tod Durant and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Ganges s—2,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co ; 211 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

Clan Forbes s—24½ cwts fishmaws, Abdoola Joosub ; 23 cwts Colombo root, M Laljee ; 82½ cwts cloves, Ebjee Sewjee ; 7 bales hides, H Jamall ; 25 bales hides, O H Hassam ; 90 cwts cloves, M Ladha ; 44 cwts benjamin, Esmaljee Allybhoy ; 132 cwts olibanum, S Runchord ; 24 cwts peacock feathers, B Boga ; 1,010 cwts cloves, B Sajeen ; 51½ cwts cloves, Heerjibhoy Khakoo ; 18 bales goat skins, Ewart Latham and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Munroe s—2001 cwts rapeseed and 2,001 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 514½ cwts horns, Volkart Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Emir s—200 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co ; 410 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co ; 210 bales cotton, A Sabapathy Moodeliar and Co ; 320 bales cotton, Lyons and Co ; 220 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 1,901 cwts groundnuts, the Bombay Co ; 499½ cwts groundnuts, A Blascheck and Co ; 690 cwts rapeseed, J C Bushby and Co.

Etolia s—500 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 1,000 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

D Balduino s—500 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 425 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 60 baskets empty bottles, Agent, R S N Company ; 100 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 110 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers ; 700 cwts gingelly seed, Volkart Brothers ; 450 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

Blackheath s—1,000½ cwts gingelly seed, Killick Nixon and Co ; 1,050 cwts gingelly seed, Volkart Brothers ; 1,872 cwts teelseed, Ralli Brothers ; 109 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co ; 2,844 cwts groundnuts and 132 cwts teelseed, John L Kersten ; 110 bales cotton, T G Young and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Asama s—350 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 10,447 cwts linseed, 1,000 cwts castor seed and 6,000 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Brothers ; 993 cwts groundnuts, Tod Durant and Co ; 4,000 cwts teelseed, John L Kersten.

FOR TRIESTE.

Wennington Hall s—550 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

Imperator s—330 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 501 cwts myrabolams, Beyts Craig and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Wennington Hall s—150 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co ; 500 tons old iron, P Nasserwanji and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

D Balduino s—350 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 23.

FOLLOWING the upward movement in Cotton in Liverpool and New York, our market for this staple has been firm in tone at advancing rates, and a considerable business in the aggregate has been done during the past week, European buyers having been the principal operators in arrival contracts. The Wheat and Seed markets have been very quiet, and prices are partially a little lower. The course of Exchange has, however, again claimed most attention in commercial circles, the advance in rates, which continued till the beginning of the week, having been succeeded by a rapid fall in sympathy with silver; and though a steadier feeling has latterly prevailed, our quotations this evening are 1-16d. below those of a week ago, both for Bank and Private Bills. Government Paper has advanced 1¼ per cent. in Fours since last Thursday. Freights are firm at enhanced rates; but without much cargo offering for prompt shipment. The Import market remains quiet, both for ready and forward business; but prices generally are steadily maintained.

MONEY.—Although, according to the statement issued on Monday, the Presidency Bank Cash Balance showed an increase of nearly 15 lakhs, the state of demand as far as the Bank was concerned, and in presence of the late advance in the rates of discount, had changed but little; and just as, during the week covered by the previous return, the balance, instead of showing the large increase given by the items which go to indicate the course of the trade demand, was reduced to a comparatively small amount by Government withdrawals, so in the statement under notice the movement in Government Deposits had given the material increase in the balance above stated; for though some addition to Private Deposits was disclosed, as well as a sensible diminution in Bills Discounted, there had been, on the other hand, an addition to Loans which caused a slight net increase in trade requirements. Money continues in request; but we gather that no increased pressure has meantime been felt by this Presidency Bank, no further advance in rates having been made this afternoon; and the minimum remains at 9 per cent., as also does that of the Bank of Bengal.

EXCHANGE opened on last mail day at a further advance of about 1-16d., and continued steady at the enhanced quotations. Very few Merchants' Bills came out, however, and business was limited in both directions. Forward Credits were quoted 1s. 5 19-32d. for March, 1s. 5 7-16d. for April, and 1s. 5 9-32d. for May delivery; and Bank demand was bought for March at 1s. 5⅝d. and 1s. 5 11-32d., something having also been done for the mail at at 1s. 5½d. Following a further rise in Calcutta, this market was firm again on Saturday at an advance of about 1-16d. for January-February delivery, though for March, April, and May delivery there was little change. Banks were very reluctant sellers, and were anxious for Bills, with few coming out. A fair amount of ready Bank Telegraphic was done at 1s. 5¼d. and at 1s. 5 7-16d. for early February transfer. On Monday the market was quiet but steady for ready delivery, but so far weak for forward that the Banks declined to sell at the rates of last week, and were looking anxiously for Bills which did not come out. Transactions in Telegraphic were reported between Banks for early February and early March transfer, at 1s. 5 7-16d. and 1s. 5 5-16 respectively which is about all the business which transpired. On Tuesday morning a decidedly weaker feeling was manifested in presence of a fall of ⅛d. per lb. in Silver in London and the scarcity of Merchants' Bills, with quotations 1-16d. below those of Monday; and rates afterwards receded fully 1-16d more. A moderate amount of three months' sight Credits was done at 1s. 5 11-16d., and a little Bank Demand at 1s. 5½d. in the earlier part of the day; but forward rates were not quotable, the Banks refusing to sell, and no Bills coming out to test rates for Credits. The market opened lower yesterday in presence of the further drop in Silver in London, but with quotations irregular and unsettled. A steadier feeling supervened, however, and the market closed with rates a shade higher than were quoted early in the day. Telegrams to hand this morning reported a further decline of ⅛d. in the price of Silver at 44⅝d. per oz.; and the allotment of only six lakhs of Wire Transfers (no Bills having been placed) to Calcutta and Madras at 1s. 5⅜d.; and this market has been steady thoughout the day. A transaction took place early at 1s. 5 9-32d. for ready Credits; but the rate afterwards became 1s. 5 19-32d., and closed 1-32d. higher. For future delivery, Credits are quoted at 1s. 5⅝d. for March, and 1s. 5 3-16d. for May. Bank Paper has been in very small demand, and forward quotations are quite nominal. We quote at closing:—

Bank Bills on Demand			...1s. 5 13-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic			...1s. 5 11-32d.	"
Do.	3	months' sight	...1s. 5½d.	"
Do.	4	do.	...1s. 5 17-32d.	"
Do.	6	do.	...1s. 5⅝d.	"
Credits	3	do.	...1s. 5⅝d.	"
Do.	6	do.	...1s. 5 25-32d.	"
Documents	3	do.	...1s. 5 21-32d.	"
Do.	6	do.	...1s. 5 13-16d.	"
Francs	3	do.	...185¼	"
Do.	6	do.	...186¼	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER was quoted on last Friday morning at 96⅝ to 11-16 for Fours for cash, but the Calcutta rate coming 96½, ours receded to the same level, at which it remained to the close; with the February account at 96 13-16, and March at 97 3-16. The ready market was rather firmer on Saturday, and the cash price of Fours advanced ⅛ per cent., closing at 96⅝. For the February settlement, 96 11-16 was quoted throughout the day, and 97 3-16 for the March account. Encouraged by the comparatively favourable state of the Presidency Bank's Cash balance, and by the quotation of 96⅝ from Calcutta, this market was firmer on Monday, and rates advanced to 96¾ for Fours for cash, at which we closed, while the February account moved up to 96 13-16, and for the March settlement 97 3-16 was quoted. On Tuesday, the market was strong and advancing in the earlier part of the day, and there were buyers of Fours for cash at one time at 97⅛, as also for the February account; but the rate for Money subsequently declined to 97, at which it closed, the February quotation being maintained 97⅛, while for March 97 9-16 was quoted. Yesterday the advance continued, and Fours for cash moved up to 97 3-16 soon after the opening, and this rate, with some slight fluctuations, was maintained to the close. For the February account the rate advanced to 97 5-16, buyers, and eventually to 97½ to 97 9-16; while for March from 97⅝, the rate advanced to 97¾, buyers, closing at ⅛ to 3-16 per cent. higher. To-day the market has been very active, not to say excited, and Fours for Money close at 97⅞. The principal movement, however, has been for Account, the February settlement having, amid much fluctuation, advanced to 98, at which rate business was done, the March account being about ⅜ per cent. higher; but at closing, rates were uncertain. The rate for 4½ per cents. has declined to 100½, but it is nominal in the absence of business.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is ¼ per cent. lower at 103¾. Port Trust Bonds are 1 per cent. higher at 96.

SHARES have been a quiet market on most days during the past week, and we have not many changes to make in our weekly list; but the more encouraging state of the China market for Bombay Spinnings has brought Cotton Mill scrip into more favour, and, compared with last Thursday's quotations, we have to vote an advance of Rs. 35 per share in Luckmidas Khimji Mill shares; of Rs. 25 in Khatao Macconji; of Rs. 15 in Ripon and Oriental; of Rs. 10 each in Indian Manufacturing, Jewraj Balloo, and Queen; of Rs. 5 each in Connaught, Hyderabad Deccan, and Swadeshi; and of Rs. 2½ in Southern Mahratta. On the other hand, Central India are Rs. 40 lower; Khandesh, and New Great Eastern are Rs. 10 down; Jamshed have declined Rs. 7½; and Maneckji Petit Rs. 2½. In Press shares, Manmar and Mofussil are Rs. 5 higher, and New Berar have advanced Rs. 2½. In miscellaneous shares, Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 25 lower in the first issue, and Rs. 20 in the third. Kemp and Co. are Rs. 8 lower. But Canning are Rs. 7 down. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced Rs. 5.

IMPORTS.

PIECE GOODS.—A moderate up-country demand at fully previous rates has been felt for staple Grey Goods during the past week. Dealers have succeeded in obtaining a slight advance in sales for very light weights of Shirtings; but this has somewhat interfered with business. Prices generally are steady, and stocks moderate. Bleached, Dyed, Printed and Turkey Red Goods are unchanged in position and value. The off-take of Imported Goods during the week is estimated at 3,600 packages. Rates for Local Goods are generally firm, but there has been no increase in business, the clearances for the week being put down at 1,700 bales.

YARNS.—There has been large business doing in Imported Twist during the week, and the market is firm at a general advance of ¼ anna per lb. Advices from China give 5,000 bales as the sales for the week ending last Monday, at rates ruling in sellers' favour and with Exchange on Bombay at Rs 221. Advices from Hongkong since the above weekly information have been more encouraging, and consequently China buyers have operated very freely in No. 10s, in which a further advance of 1-16 anna per lb. has been established. For No. 20s also there has been an improved feeling, and but for the hesitation of spinners to sell far a-head, a much larger business would have been possible. As it is, the week's sales sum up about 7,000 bales.

The subjoined tabular statement of the shipments of Bombay spun Yarn to China and Japan, for a period of 13 years, will be of interest as showing the large and yearly increasing growth of this trade, which it will be noticed has more than doubled within the last five years.

Exports of country-made Yarns from Bombay to China and Japan during the year 1877 to 1889:—

Period.		To China (bales 400lbs. each.)	To Japan (bales 400lbs. each.	Total bales.
From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec	1877	28,516	142	28,658
Do	1878	45,933	1,745	47,678
Do	1879	45,530	4,842	50,372
Do	1880	63,194	4,527	67,721
Do	1881	61,783	7,378	69,161
Do	1882	81,434	9,854	91,288
Do	1883	94,982	17,421	112,403
Do	1884	127,318	13,846	141,164
Do	1885	154,517	19,020	173,537
Do	1886	199,407	20,543	219,950
Do	1887	205,158	39,730	244,888
Do	1888	234 071	52,697	286,768
Do	1889	254,697	62,220	316,917

METALS.—A small business only has been passing in Copper, but the tone of the market is firm, and prices show no change. The same report applies to Yellow Metal. Iron is quiet, and has been taken to a small extent only; but quotations show no change in any description.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—After the departure of last mail this market became firm in tone, in sympathy with the advices from Liverpool and New York, and a considerable business was done, a large portion having been in arrival contracts by European buyers for new Dhollera descriptions; and quotations were put up Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy. The fresh week opened with a firm feeling, and a further advance of Re. 1 per candy in prices was established; but less demand was felt, and the moderate transactions which took place were mainly purchases of ready stuff by the local Mills. The same tone was maintained thereafter, rates moving up another rupee per candy, and exporters again came forward as buyers of Broach and Dhollera for future delivery, the greater part of the business, however, having been of a local character. The largest line in ready Cotton during the week has been in Julgaum, at Rs. 204½ 8; and the next in Bengals, at Rs. 176 to Rs. 192, according to quality. Considerable quantities of Dhulia, at Rs. 196-200; Pachora, at Rs. 196½-200; and Khangaum at Rs. 219, having also changed hands; as well as smaller lots of Barsee, at Rs. 230; Nuggur, at Rs. 213; and Chalisgaum at Rs. 196-7; and a little old Dharwar, at Rs. 201½ per candy. In forward contracts "Fine" Broach, for March delivery, has been booked at Rs. 247-8; and "Fully Good" and "Fine" Bhownaggur, at Rs. 219-22 and Rs. 229-31 respectively. The market closed firm this evening, with rates Re. 1 to Rs. 5 higher than were quoted a week ago.

The weather and crop reports, issued at the beginning of the week, stated that the dew-fall was insufficient in the Dhulia district of the Oomra circle, and that arrivals at that centre were insignificant, owing to higher rates in the surrounding markets. Seasonable weather with cold and dewy mornings prevailed in the Dhollera circle, where the plants continued to flourish, looking specially healthy at Wadwan, where arrivals were expected early. Picking had partially begun in the Veerumgaum district, and had become general at Bhownugger. The previous unfavourable news from Hubli in the Dharwar circle is repeated, the plants suffering from cold in the northern and southern districts, where the crop estimate remained at 50 per cent. There was no fresh news from Broach, to which district attention is now particularly directed; but the advices by wire to hand to-day report that picking of the first sowing had partially begun in that district, and that the plants were healthy.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton, with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—		Per candy.	Per lb. C & F
Bengal Fine		Rs. 198 =	4 7-16d
Do Fully Good		" 183 =	4⅛d
Do Good		" 178 =	4 1-32d
Do Fine (Jan.-Feb.)		" 198 =	4 7-16d
Do Fully Good	do	" 183 =	4⅛d
Do Good	do	" 178 =	4 1-32d
Belatee, Fine		" 215 =	4 13-16d
Do. Fully Good		" 211 =	4 23-32d
Do. Good		" 206 =	4 5-8d
Do. Fine (Jan.-Feb.)		" 215 =	4 13-16d
Do. Fully Good	do	" 211 =	4 23-32d
Do. Good	do	" 206 =	4 5-8d
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple Feb-March)		" 223 =	4 31-32d
Do. Good	do do	" 216 =	4 13-16d
Khandeish Fully Good		" 212 =	4¾d
Do. Good		" 206 =	4 5-8d
Do. Fully Good (Feb-March.)		" 212 =	4¾d
Do. Good	do	" 206 =	4 5-8d
Broach, Fine (March)		" 250 =	5 9-16d
Do Good	do	" 238 =	5 9-32d
Dhollera, Fine (April-May)		" 233 =	5 3-16d
Do. Fully Good	do	" 223 =	4 31-32d
Do. Good	do	" 212 =	4¾d
S G Dharwar Good (May)		" 224 =	5d
Westerns, Good (May-June)		" 212 =	4¾d

The arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season. 1889-90. Bales.	Season. 1888-89. Bales.
Bengals	199,000	84,400
Berar	117,000	118,000
Khandeish	108,000	86,500
Barsi and Nugger	16,000	13,100
Hinganghat	19,000	18,600
Sind and Persian	7,000	3,200
Broach	...	21,200
	466,000	345,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1890.	1889.	1888.
For the Week	72,572	67,851	33,012
From 1st to 22nd Jan	191,308	169,753	85,762
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	48,428	11,947	1,250
From 1st to 22nd Jan.	101,923	63,519	37,335
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the Week	790	440	694
From 1st to 22nd Jan.	3,903	972	2,284

WHEAT has been quiet on most days, not to say dull, demand for export having been very slack, and latterly the price of Pessey has given way a little, the present quotation for 91 per cent. being Rs. 4-7-6, and for 85 per cent. Rs. 4-6-6; but other descriptions are unchanged in value, though but in slight inquiry.

SEEDS also have been neglected to a great extent by shippers, hardly more than a small business having been passing on any day; and at the beginning of the week the rates for Linseed and Rapeseed declined about 1 anna per cent., other kinds being unaltered.

The comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat for the Week	103,370	131,698	81,469
Do. from 1st to 22nd Jan	421,085	410,054	242,604
Linseed for the Week	10,560	18,043	33,866
Do. from 1st to 22nd Jan	39,719	60,203	104,247
Rapeseed for the Week	14,454	12,325	3,459
Do. from 1st to 22nd Jan	42,250	41,687	9,858
Gingelly seed for the Week	33,143	51,324	58,512
Do. from 1st to 22nd Jan	143,433	156,688	183,476

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

Wheat for the Week	272,184	111,902	11,620
Do. from 1st to 22nd Jan	458,761	460,873	134,389
Linseed for the Week	21,504	3,999	39,076
Do. from 1st to 23nd Jan	67,828	129,502	109,945
Rapeseed for the Week	14,664	33,027	7,029
Do. from 1st to 22nd Jan	36,800	133,119	39,860
Gingelly seed for the Week	86,953	1,260	18,661
Do. from 1st to 22nd Jan	179,571	82,001	126,258

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 per copy.

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

DEATH.

KNOWLES—January 18, at Manchester, Ellen Cole, wife of John Knowles, Engineer Bombay, aged 29 years.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

WATSON—READING—January 21, at St. Mathias' Church, Igatpuri, by the Rev. J. Corfield, Henry Watson (Supt. Bombay Water Works), to Annie A. Reading, widow of the late H. H. Reading, and daughter of Mr. Wm. Osborne.

DEATH.

MURRAY—January 21, at Byculla, Hugh Murray, Subordinate Medical Department, aged 42 years.—R.I.P. (London papers please copy.)

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1890.

THE more ardent Congress-wallahs will read with mixed feelings, but possibly with much ultimate profit, an article contributed to the current number of the *Contemporary Review* on the Home Rule Movement in India and Ireland. The writer is an Indian official of wide and varied experience. He was in India when Lord Mayo was Viceroy, and he records that on one occasion when his Excellency and himself were waiting in their howdahs for a charge of tigers, the former remarked that the problems which he had to solve as Chief Secretary for Ireland, and as Governor-General of India, had a great resemblance. The Bengal Civilian, however, prefers to deal with the contrasts rather than the resemblances, being "the more pregnant with emphatic lessons in the art of Government." In both countries there has been a troubled history during centuries, lasting down nearly to our own days. More recently complicated questions of land settlement have been perplexing the administration. Race animosities; religious dissensions arising from the presence of a once dominant minority and a once oppressed majority, the destructive effects of great famines accompanied by frightful mortality, and great suffering to the survivors have added in India and in Ireland to the difficulties inseparable from administering the affairs of mixed populations by foreigners. These resemblances have, however, not been followed by similar political or social results in both countries. In the first year of the Queen's reign, the population of Ireland was eight millions, while that of England, Scotland, and Wales was only eighteen. In the interval the eight millions have become five, and the eighteen thirty-three. Fifty years ago there were seventy thousand Irishmen in the British army; now there are thirty-one thousand. No such decay of population is noticeable in India; during the same period. British India has expanded in area, in population, in commerce, and in wealth. A territory equal in extent to Germany, France, and Spain has been absorbed, and given to the empire the Sikh infantry and splendid cavalry. Warlike races have become the Queen's subjects, and fight in her armies. The Princes of India are the pillars of the Empire; wise and firm Government has commanded loyal support: they will fight with us and for us. In India there is no angry discontent. The Congress movement seeks some advantages, but the Indian nationalists proclaim their loyalty. This movement is not supported by the whole population—money is not contributed by the quarter of a million, the women and servant girls of India do not contribute their shillings and their dollars to support a political movement. A retired English official had to find a large sum to keep the Congress going, a well-to-do barrister contributed £300. The delegates have to contribute small payments to the expense of the Congress—a tax had to be levied on the representatives, they have to pay their own expenses.

While in Ireland the political organisation is popular, it is not so in India. The writer proceeds to inquire how this is, and he finds that in India the population has received from the wisdom and foresight of the Government the very blessings the lack of which has driven the Irish to strive for Home Rule, as a possible release from the evils from which the people in India have been delivered within living memory. Yet in both countries the external resemblances, especially in the beginning of the reign, were, as Lord Mayo observed, very great. Even in the matter of famine both countries suffered fearfully. In the famine of 1847 a million of the Irish population perished; an immense exodus followed; society received a shock from which it has never recovered. The Irish famine was the starting point of the movement which is now in progress. In India in 1877-79 six millions of people died of famine, and fever and dysentery resulting from famine; but the political results were *nil*, and the economic are hard to discern. There were no evictions, no landlord or public officer was assassinated, no dynamite bomb was exploded by the survivors of the Indian famines or their descendants. The present political movement in Ireland is due to sequelæ of famine which were never witnessed in India. Yet in one Indian province, that of Oude, there had been in one year 50,000 evictions, while in the worst year in Ireland there had been only 19,000. But in Oude the ryot who was disposed of his land was left his house in the village where his wife and children lived; he was able to look round, and wait till he could get other land. Throughout India generally the Government—as ultimately in Oude also—put an end to evictions, or rather evicted the landlords for the profit of the ryot and of the State. In effect this was the nationalisation of the land, now recommended in the west by Mr. Henry St. George. The tenantry of the Zemindars in Bengal and the Punjab were protected by special enactments against which the owners protested with great energy. Their clamour fell on deaf ears, and throughout the Peninsula the cultivator is now, thanks to the consistent action of Government in his favour during the last ninety years, fully protected. In Ireland the whole course of legislation, until 1870, was directed to the strengthening of the position of the landlord, and it was only in 1881 that any serious attempt was made to protect the the tenants. The Indian Government made the three F's their rule of administration. In Madras and Bombay the land was in effect nationalised. The landords were evicted; compensation in pensions or in freeholds was granted, calculated on the principle that they were entitled to ten per cent. of the rental. In Northern India the landlords were not expropriated wholesale, but they have to pay half their rental to the State, and their tenants are protected in their holdings. In India the rents are settled by officers trained to the work; if the interest of large landowners stand in the way, they are thrust aside, and a fair rent fixed. When Griffith's valuation was made in Ireland, the officers of Government were expressly ordered to make no remarks about rents, whether they were fair or excessive. In India the express aim of the Government has been to secure the tenant against extortion. The result has been that the mass of the tenant-farmers regard the British Government as their protector from oppression. The Indian peasant follows his plough, and leaves agitation to lawyers and school-masters. A large army is kept up but it is for protection against external foes. It is never called out to put down popular movements. Even in the religious riots which at times occur, the English Magistrate is able single-handed to restore order, both sides respecting his impartiality and disinterestedness.

The Government in India has disdained to set factions by the ears in order to profit by their dissensions. The Mussulmans form the minority in India where they were once a dominant and an oppressive minority. They resented their supersession; Lord Mayo and several others fell victims to the fanaticism of Mahomedans. Yet the Government never made reprisals on the Moslem people; the schoolmaster was sent amongst them, and every effort has been made to give them a due share of public employment. The result is that the Mussulmans are satisfied that in the British Government they have this best protection against the vengeance of the majority, who may not quite have forgotten old grudges. In India the nationalist leaders, men like Mandlik, Telang, Banerjee, are honoured and promoted by the State; they have never, says the Bengal Magistrate, been made acquainted with the plank bed or the policeman's baton. The Magistrates who administer justice are selected by a rigorous system of examination. They are compelled to study law, and the language of the people. They are independent of Government, they can not be arbitrarily dismissed or deprived of their pensions. Well paid and placed in a responsible position, they are subjected to rigorous control by the High Court, also independent of Government. They in their turn give orders to the police, and keep a vigilant eye on that body. The Viceroy himself, the Governors, and Lieutenant-Governors, even with such carefuly-selected and well-disciplined subordinates, go on tour during the year. On occasions of emergency such as famine Lord Lytton or Lord Connemara goes in the hot weather through the plains to see that all do their duty. Mr. Mackenzie, Commissioner of the Central Provinces, visits every part of a vast territory to see that all goes well. Throughout the whole hierarchy, the obligation of fulfilling the duties incurred towards the population as a whole is fully recognised and vigilantly enforced. The people of India are witnessing daily that the Government is working for their good and that the highest officers spare neither themselves nor those around them when work, however arduous, has to be done for the general good. The cry for Home Rule is very faint under such circumstances; it might be different if the magistrates were needy members of a minority of the Indian people holding their salaries of £300 or £500 a year at the pleasure of Government, and with no pensions to look forward to except as a matter of favour, their whole chance of retaining their positions resting on the favour of the political partisans who chance to be in office for the time being. The Bengal Magistrate can quite understand that with magistrates of this type riding a rough shod over the ryots and superintending evictions, while the Governor or Lieutenant-Governor was absent from India attending to his political or social duties in another country, there might be a clamour for Home Rule in India as there is in Ireland. The Government in India do for the people of the country all that they could hope to do for themselves and there is no angry discontent. Mr. A. O Hume will doubtless protest against this presentment of the case. But he will do well to remember that the picture is drawn by one who like himself has spent the best part of his life in India as a Bengal Civilian and that he is not a prejudiced or a hostile witness.

AN important step has been taken in view of the improvement and development of the Victoria Gardens which the Corporation has resolved upon. Yesterday it was decided to purchase sixty thousand square yards of land, which will add to the area of the Gardens and enable some desirable additions to be made to their attractions. Sir Dinshaw M. Petit has presented a sum of money for a new cage for the Zoological Department, and the Municipal Commissioner was able to announce that other benefactors contribute Rs. 10,000. Captain Walshe drew attention to the complaints not unreasonably made, and already mentioned sympathetically by ourselves, that the children of the neighbourhood are now, on certain days of the week when payments at the gates are required from visitors, virtually excluded, and have to remain out in the heat and dust of the crowded streets. The suggestion has been made, and it has received general approval, that the large space between the outer gates and the ornamental arches within, should be assigned to the children on the pay days. A further suggestion was made by Mr. Ameradin that a day, or at all events part of a day, should be set apart for ladies who may desire to visit the Gardens in purda. This reservation has, it appears, been made in Kurrachee and has at least been contemplated in Calcutta.

THIS evening H. E. the Governor will leave the Byculla station at 11-23 by the Calcutta train to proceed to Atgaum, where he will spend the remainder of the night in the railway carriage, and in the early morning will proceed by tonga to Tansa to inspect the great dam now in course of construction. Sir H. Prendergast, Mr. Baldwin Latham, Mr. Ollivant, the Municipal Commissioner; Mr. Grattan Geary, President of the Corporation; and Dr. Blaney, Chairman of the Standing Committees will accompany the Governor on this visit of inspection. Mr. Clerk, the Engineer-in-Chief, and his staff, will conduct the party over the works. The dam, which is being built by Messrs. Glover and Co., is now far advanced, nearly two-thirds of the masonry having been completed. During the coming rains the water stored will almost reach the level of the sluices leading to the dam. There is at present seventy feet of water in the lake. The duct works are in progress along the whole length between Tansa and Ghat Cooper, twelve miles from Bombay. The large bridge for carrying the pipes across the Bassein bridge is finished. The contract for the pipes (£300,000) is nearly fulfilled. About three-fourths of the pipes required has been delivered and are ready for laying.

WITH reference to the alleged arbitrary conduct of Mr. K. R. Bomanjee, the Assistant Collector at Broach, it is well that we should state that the friends of the young magistrate assert that the story, as told, is greatly exaggerated. Being a Government servant, Mr. Bomanjee is unable to reply through the press to the charge made against him, and it is only fair to wait until Government have made an enquiry, and elicited all the facts before forming a final opinion.

WE understand that the Government of Bombay have ordered an inquiry into the allegations of maladministration in the State of Khairpur, in Sind, and that Mr. Ommanney, C.S., has been entrusted with the task.

MR. W. LEE WARNER, C.S., Secretary to Government, Political, Secret, Judicial and Educational Departments, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

MR. H. W. BAGNELL, C.S., assumed charge of his duties as acting Professor of English and History at Elphinstone College on the 16th ultimo.

MR. M. MACMILLAN, B.A., Professor of Logic and Moral Philosophy in the Elphinstone College, has been permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

MR. A. F. WOODBURN, C.S., has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

DURING the absence of Colonel F. J. Wise Mr. H. T. Ommanney, C.S., will continue to act as Inspector-General of Police.

MR. G. C. WHITWORTH, C.S., acting Judge and Sessions Judge of Thana, has been allowed furlough for eight months and ten days.

MR. W. H. LUCAS, Assistant Collector of Khandesh, has been appointed a first-class magistrate of that district.

MAJOR J. HUMFREY, Acting Commissioner of Police, Bombay, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace.

THE REV. J. HENDERSON, M.A., Junior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland, has been granted furlough for two years.

THE REV. J. A. SELLAR, M.A., Chaplain of Ghorepuri, has been appointed domestic chaplain to the Lord Bishop of Bombay.

MAJOR H. B. TERNAN, 12th Bombay Infantry, has been appointed to act as Cantonment Magistrate of Ahmedabad, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Colonel J. M. Madden.

LICENCES to solemnise marriages under the provisions of the Indian Christian Marriage Act have been granted to the Rev. J. H. Schively, M. A., of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Bombay, and the Rev. W. E. Lee Clark of the same Church at Poona.

THE REV. P. S. GROVE, B. A., has been appointed Chaplain of Steamer Point, Aden, and the Rev. S. Leigh Lye, B. A., Chaplain of Nasirabad, each from the 1st March next. In the meantime the latter will officiate as Chaplain of Baroda.

THE services of Surgeon J. Crimmin, V. C., at present Port Sanitary Officer in Bombay, having been placed at the disposal of the Government of India for employment in the Civil Department, he has been appointed Civil Surgeon of Shikarpur, but, on being relieved by Surgeon F. F. MacCartie of his duties in Bombay, he will act as Presidency Surgeon, Third District, pending further orders, with effect from the date of the departure of Surgeon-Major Murphy on leave.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending January 21st was 408, equal to a death-rate of 22·24 per thousand per annum as against 474 or 26·58 the corresponding period of last year, and 428 or 27·43 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 121 are shown to have occurred from fevers; 3, small-pox; 1, measles; 8, cholera; 2, leprosy; 2, dropsy; 52, phithisis; 71, affections of the respiratory organs; 36, diseases of the nervous system; 24, diarrhœa; 10, dysentery; 19, still-born; 27, old age and debility; and 6, accidents and violence. The classified list shows:—Buddhist or Jain, 22; Brahmin, 12; Lingaet, 1; Bhattia, 6; Hindu of other caste, 189; Hindu outcaste, 39; Mussalman, 100; Parsi, 20; Jew, 1; native Christian, 7; Eurasian, 3; European, 4; Negro-African, 3; other and unknown races, 1. The total number of deaths registered was 310 against 291, the corresponding period of last year, and 294 the average over the past five years.

A MEETING, in connection with the Anglo-Indian Evangelisation Society, took place yesterday evening, at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., at Colaba. Mr. Conder presided, and Mr. J. F. Rowe, the late secretary, made some interesting remarks relative to the work of the Society. Messrs. Fawcett-Shaw, Christian, and Mr. Forgan, the new secretary, also gave a description of what was being done in that part of the country with which they had been connected, and with a few appropriate remarks from Mr. Conder, the meeting was brought to a close.

THE coming number of *English Opinion on India*, edited by Mr. Y. N. Ranade will contain a contribution from the pen of Mr. W. Digby, Secretary of the Indian Political Agency, on the subject of sending a deputation to England to urge the cause of the Indian Congress.

A NEW monthly magazine, the *Arya Bhagini*, has been started under the editorship of Mrs. Manakbai Lad, the first Hindu lady who has embarked upon an undertaking of this kind.

SIR JOHN GORST'S nomination to the Privy Council, a home paper thinks but a poor consolation to a man who has notoriously rendered distinguished services to his party, and been hitherto ill-rewarded with a mere Under-Secretaryship. There are three or four men in the present Cabinet whose claims are smaller than those of the Member or Chatham.

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

MR. GLADSTONE ON THE PORTUGUESE DIFFICULTY.

LONDON, JAN. 23.

Mr. Gladstone speaking at Chester last night deplored the dispute with Portugal.

Reviewing foreign politics generally, the right hon. gentleman said he hoped England would not imitate America by unnecessarily increasing her Navy.

He regretted the troubled condition of Armenia and Crete.

FATAL EXPLOSION IN EDINBURGH.

An explosion occurred at a powder-mill in Edinburgh last night.

Five persons were killed and many others injured.

RUSSIAN REWARDS FOR SERVIA.

The Czar has decorated the Servian Regents and three newspaper editors whose journals have been friendly to Russian interests.

THE GERMAN SOCIALIST BILL.

BERLIN, JAN. 23.

The Reichstag has rejected an important clause in the Socialist Bill in defiance of the Government.

ANOTHER CHARGE AGAINST LORD GALLOWAY.

LONDON, JAN. 23.

Lord Galloway was charged at Glasgow to-day with annoying a girl. His lordship, however, was dismissed; the charge being not proven.

OBITUARY.

Major-General Millar, Bengal Retired List.

Colonel Duberley, formerly of the 8th Hussars.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

ARREST OF THE JUBILEE PLUNGER.

LONDON, JAN. 23.

Mr. Benzon, the Jubilee Plunger, has been arrested at Nice charged with cashing a forged cheque.

HURRICANES IN THE ATLANTIC.

There have been stupendous hurricanes in the Atlantic Ocean, and thirty vessels are overdue, including the National Liner Erin.

MR. GOSCHEN ON THE PORTUGUESE DISPUTE.

Mr. Goschen, addressing the electors of St. George's Hanover Square, yesterday, regretted the dispute with Portugal regarding the Nyassaland question, but said it was due to encroachments of the Portuguese agents over the territory to which Portugal had no shadow of a right. The British Government, supported by the confidence of their countrymen, would, he said, carry the matter to a successful conclusion.

MR. GOSCHEN AND THE BUDGET.

As regards the budget Mr. Goschen deprecated any immediate hopes being indulged in, but would be rejoiced if he was able to relieve taxation in any way.

MR. GLADSTONE AT CHESTER.

THE PORTUGUESE DIFFICULTY.

Mr. Gladstone, speaking at Chester, said he regretted the difficulty that had arisen with our ancient ally, Portugal, but declined to discuss the subject until he was cognisant of the details of the case.

TURKISH OPPRESSION.

Mr. Gladstone attacked the Turkish oppression in Crete and Armenia.

SCOTCH SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Gladstone, continuing, said that he believed the movement in favor of Scotch autonomy was growing.

BANQUET TO MR. H. S. KING, M. P.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 23.

Last night's dinner to Mr. H. S. King was an unqualified success. The decorations were unique, and prominent among them were two transparencies, one showing the diminishing rupee receding from par to four annas, and the other represented the various branches of administration as the proverbial bundle of sticks bound together by the bond of unity. Just before Mr. King addressed the meeting, Mr. Ryland, Secretary, Uncovenanted Service Association, handed him an address and casket received from Madras, and read out congratulatory telegrams from all parts of the country. Mr. King, on rising, was received with enthusiastic cheers. He said that he was touched by the cordial feelings manifested everywhere. The Uncovenanted Service, the largest and most important in India, were a body of practical men the most efficient that any State ever had. It would be impossible to watch the extent of their functions or efficiency of operations. The Service was not adequately appreciated by the Government of India or by the Home Government. The debt they owed the press was incalculable. They had established a premium; but higher authorities never found their real value. If they did the Government would have acted with more generosity, consideration, and justice. Confidence was as necessary in Government as in mercantile service, and they should be treated, not in the spirit of taskmaster but with justice. If Government were so sure of their ground, why shirk the enquiry? He warned them against the idea of cheap service, as something more than ability was required, and must be paid for. The lowest terms were not necessarily the best. It was not safe to risk experiment, as cheap service was exposed to temptations. What he asked for was an enquiry, and he urged the Service to bind themselves.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 23.

A banquet to Mr. H. S. King, M.P., the champion of the Uncovenanted Service, was given in Calcutta on Wednesday night, Sir Alfred Croft presiding.

THE FOREST AMENDMENT BILL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 23.

The local Governments have all replied on the subject of the Forest Amendment Bill, which will be passed in the course of the current legislative session.

THE SIKKIM NEGOTIATIONS.

It has been settled that the Chinese Amban will go to Calcutta next month, when the negotiations on the Sikkim question will be finally closed.

ADMINISTRATION IN UPPER BURMA.

The Home Government have expressed a generous appreciation of Sir Charles Crosthwaite's successful administration of Upper Burma, thus endorsing the opinion of the Government of India, made public last autumn.

THE BENGAL-NAGPUR RAILWAY.

An additional seventy-two miles of the Bengal-Nagpur railway was opened for goods traffic, on Wednesday, between Parulia and Chakradharpur, making in all 120 miles opened since the 15th December. There now remains only 140 miles to be laid to complete the main line from Nagpur to Assensole.

THE MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT.

A committee has been appointed in Calcutta to discuss certain disputed questions arising out of the working of the Merchandise Marks Act. It consists of Mr. Harvey James, Legislative Secretary; Mr. Scobell Armstrong, Collector of Customs; Mr. J. E. O'Conor, Assistant Financial Secretary; Mr. Ashworth, representing the Bengal Chamber of Commerce; and Mr. J. Irvine, on behalf of the Calcutta Trades' Association.

There is a deadly difference of opinion between the Bengal and Bombay Chambers of Commerce on the subject of Turkey red twill.

THE MADRAS RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 26.

There was a good attendance this afternoon, and considerable amount of betting. The weather was excellent.

FIRST RACE—"The Welter."

Mr. Woolmer's Moab, 11st. 4lb., Captain Hanwell	1
Mr. Melton's Crocus, 10st. 7lb., Owner	2
Mr. Garstin's Wardhouse, 11st., Major Carden	3

Time—1 min. 48½ secs.

SECOND RACE—"The Vellacheri Steeplechase."

Mr. Woolmer's Enid, 11st. 6lb., Captain Hanwell	1
Mr. K. Doraswami Iyer's Noel, 10st. 5lb., Scot	2
Mr Brooke's Wings, 11st., Major Chisholm	3

Also ran Ploughboy, Oosman, and Devil.

THIRD RACE—"The Connemara Plate."

Mr. Newton's Scimitar, 10st. 2lb., Kendall	1
Mr. Newton's Sirins, 8st., Noor Mahomed	2
Captain Hanwell's Revenge, 8st., D. Greenhalgh	3

Also ran Napier, Fureed, Bendigo, Interpreter, Nugget, Newminster, and Child of the Desert.

Time.—3 min. 9 secs. Distance last mile and a half.

FOURTH RACE—"The Venkatagiri Stakes."

Mr. Vincent's Elma, 9st. 1lb. Hobday	1
The Golconda Confederacy's Buffalo Bill, 8st. 3lb., Killick	2
Mr. Armstrong's Judy, 8st. 10lb., Owner	3

Also ran Juvenal, Mirror, Mahdi, Minton, Talisman, Steward, Hero, Petroleum, Moses, Nina and Superiority.

Time.—1 min. 23 secs.

FIFTH RACE—"Adyar Plate."

Mr. Dignum's The Judge, 9st. 7lb., Hobday	1
Mr. Garstin's Kilarummic, 9st. 13lb., Watson	2

Also ran Goldsboro' but bolted off the course.

Time.—2 min. 21½ secs.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, JAN. 23.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Mirzapore, with homeward Indian mails of 17th January, arrived here at 4 a.m. to-day.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 22.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

Good Dhollera	4⅜d.

The Manchester Market is very strong without much business.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5-1½
8¼ „	6-4
40s Mule Twist	9⅜
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 5d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	97⅜
3 per cent. French Rentes	88
4 per cent. Rupee paper	69⅝
4½ per cent. „	72
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	44⅞d. per oz.

THE ALLEGATIONS AGAINST A GUZERAT OFFICIAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Bearing in mind the respect you have invariably shown for the religious susceptibilities of the Hindus as well as other races, I beg with a view to enlist your sympathy and support to invite your prompt attention to a matter which has justly thrown the Hindu community of Bombay and Gujerat into a state of indignation. The details of this sad affair, which has been given at length in the columns of the *Gujerati*, go to show that a native official of Government in the Broach Collectorate ordered the corpse of a Brahmin woman in course of burning to be removed from the pyre erected in a burning yard adjacent to his camp. It appears that the place where the ceremony of cremation was performed has been used for that purpose for a number of years, and the officials, as a rule, do not pitch their tents in its close proximity. However the officer in question preferred to take his camp near the cremation-yard, and when the corpse was laid on the pile of wood, and the whole was in flames, he ordered the poor mourners and others who had gathered round the pyre to extinguish it for, forsooth, he could not bear the unhealthy fumes arising from it! The Brahmins were thrown into confusion, for they could not determine whether to carry out the orders of the officer or to do their last duty towards their affectionate relation. Unwilling at any rate to do an act which, besides being in direct violation of the Hindu Shastras, would be felt as a downright insult to the corpse, and wound the feelings of the relatives of the deceased, they entreated him earnestly to let the corpse be burnt out. Now taking it for granted that he was ignorant of the Hindu religious customs, in spite of the fact that he was a native, he should have quietly withdrawn after the entreaties and explanation from the Brahmins, and then he should probably have never heard of the matter. At any rate, I feel sure an Englishman under these circumstances would have acted differently and discreetly. But no; our hero, it would seem, was determined to play the *barra Saheb*. So, he instantly ordered a low caste woman to pour water on the flames, and put them out in case the Brahmins do not agree themselves to do so. Accordingly, the woman, obedient to orders, approached the pyre, and would have undoubtedly touched the sacred corpse, when happily the Brahmins ran to it, and hurriedly carried away to a distance of about half a mile the half-burnt handless and footless trunk!

Sir, this state of things, if true, reveals an amount of insolence and contempt for the feelings of others which deserves to be severely discountenanced. Admittedly, the indignity was of a most serious kind, and the fact that the unfortunate sufferers were poor people and helpless could be no excuse for its commission. If the particulars published are true all I can say is that an officer who is incapable of understanding the necessity of respecting the religious feelings of those he may come in contact with in his official capacity, or who looks upon a Brahmin corpse as little better than the carcase of a dog deserves to be removed from his office. Such a person is besides dangerous, as creating ill-feeling among the subjects against the Government of which he is a representative. Much smaller offences by bigger officials have been visited by the Government of Lord Reay—a Government which, above all, is no respecter of persons—with substantial displeasure.

Some of the influential Hindu gentlemen of Bombay are shortly to protest in a public manner against the highly blameworthy conduct of the officer concerned, but I do hope that their Parsee brethren will also help them in securing for a helpless family the redress which the oppression it has suffered loudly calls for. It is a matter of regret, not for the Parsees merely, but for the whole native community, that one of themselves should have behaved towards his own countrymen in a manner which cannot fail to cause pain to them all.—Yours, &c.,

M. J. Y.

Wednesday, Cowasji Patel's Tank Road.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A MEETING of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Municipal Offices, Mr. Grattan Geary, president, occupied the chair, and the others present were:—Messrs. Amirudin Tyabjee, Bhagwandas Narotumdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, E. B. Carroll, J. P. Cornforth, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Damodhur Thakersi Mulji, Darashaw R. Chichgar, Dinshaw Eduljee Wacha, J. R. Duxbury, Fazalbhai Jumabhai Laljee, Fazulbhoy Visram, Hurkissondas Narrotumdas, Jagmohandas Vandrawandas, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Rai Bahadur Lachmon Singh, Surgeon-Major G. A. Maconachie, Mr. Manekjee Behramjee Dadabhai, Colonel G. L. C. Merewether, Captain Sir Henry Morland, Messrs. Muncherjee Nowrojee Banajee, Nowrojee Beiramjee Suntook, G. W. Roughton, Shivajee Dhurmajee, Tribhowandas Mangaldas Nathoobhoy, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Acasio Gabriel Viegas, and Captain W. P. Walshe.

THE BUDGET ESTIMATES—PUBLIC WORKS.

Dr. Blaney moved "that the budget estimate of Rs. 16,87,426 in respect of expenditure for the year 1890-91 for the Public Works (Engineers) Department, including general supervision and miscellaneous duties, drainage, water-works, streets and buildings, and special provision for cleaning, lighting, and repairing Port Trust wharf roads be adopted, but that no expenditure on account of new appointments in the schedule prepared by the Commissioner under 79, or of proposed increases in existing salaries of above Rs. 200 per mensem, be made until the report of the committee appointed by Corporation on the 17th instant has been received and disposed of:—This, he said, was one of the most important parts of the budget, involving, as it did, the very heavy expenditure of upwards of sixteen lakhs or more, nearly seventeen lakhs of rupees. To the Standing Committee this matter was a new thing in so far as for the first time in the history of the Municipality the Commissioner had divided the department into four distinct, what might be termed, sub-departments: (1) General supervision and miscellaneous duties; (2) drainage; (3) water-works; (4) streets and buildings, each of these being provided with efficient heads, and the officers in one department being in no way responsible for the duties of any other department but the drainage and water-works department would all be responsible to the engineer in the general supervision and miscellaneous branch. He had no doubt that the Commissioner and his officers who were responsible for these departments had taken a good deal of time to consider that these departments should be reorganised, and that was the conclusion the committee had come to. The Standing Committee did not propose to make any alterations or reductions in the statement placed before them. Possibly there might be found some reason for making alterations in this system in the engineer's department bye and bye; but if the thing was new to the Municipal Commissioner, who had trained this, it was much more so to the Standing Committee, and they were not in the meantime able to point out any portions in it which they considered objectionable. For his own part it occurred to him that if these three departments of drainage, water-works, and streets and buildings were perfectly efficient it might not be necessary to have this first department for general supervision and miscellaneous duties. But no correct opinion could be formed until they knew how the thing worked. For his own part he thought some reductions might be made in that way, and bye and bye it might be seen if there was a more economical way of going to work. This seemed a very large expenditure on this department; but he thought the Municipal Officer, who would be responsible for the proper discharge of the duties in this department, would see that economy could be effected without interfering with their efficiency.

Mr. Dinsha E. Watcha said this was a most unsatisfactory way of bringing forward the budget. There was no wonder extravagant expenditure was increasing in the Municipality. (Order.) He opposed the budget as a whole.

The Municipal Commissioner said it would seem from what Mr. Watcha had said he might take it for granted everything the Executive did was wrong, but if the Standing Committee accepted responsibility of the budget, he could only say he was perfectly willing to take his share in that responsibility, for he believed a quite satisfactory explanation could be given of all the budget contained.

Dr. Blaney's resolution was carried.

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Dr. Blaney next moved that the budget estimates of Rs. 13,73,268 in respect of expenditure for Public Health Department, including supervision, conservancy, markets and slaughter-houses, registration of births and deaths, cemeteries, laboratory, Mahalaxmi Dhobi Lanes, infectious diseases, milch cattle, stables, tank conservancy and vaccination be adopted, that no expenditure on account of new appointments in the schedule, prepared by the Commissioner under Section 79, or of proposed increases in existing salaries of above Rs. 200 per mensem, be made until the report of the committee has been received and disposed of.

He thought he said, when the reasons were given there was no expenditure which that Corporation would more readily sanction than that calculated to preserve the public health. The chief point was that in connection with the scavenging and halalcore staff, &c. They had had some little difficulty in the past year with these people. They were very docile generally and they were most useful, but it had been thought they had not been over-paid and instead of going into a general increase all round, the Commissioner very wisely made a number of appointments of at two, three, and four rupees increase, which gave them a double advantage. They were not paying extravagant salaries, and by having these little patels, as they were called in some parts, with their little authority, they certainly got a better hold of the class of people they had to employ. He thought the Municipal Commissioner had most successfully performed that task and made the most judicious arrangements that was possible under the circumstances. He thought he was to be congratulated on that budget. There was an increase in the conservancy branch, but the increase under the different heads was very small, and might well be accounted for by the increased duties which were demanded by the Health Department.

Dr. Cowasjee seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

REPAIRS AND NEW WORKS.

Dr. Blaney next moved that budget estimate for special repairs and renewals Rs. 1,00,505, and new works Rs. 99,495, in all Rs. 2,00,000 be debited to current revenue.

The resolution was carried.

PROPOSED EXTENSION OF VICTORIA GARDENS.

Dr. Blaney moved that the resolution of the Standing Committee, dated 25th December 1889, recommending the Corporation to sanction the purchase of plots of land to the north of, and adjoining, the Victoria Gardens, containing about 60,000 square yards, at rates not exceeding Rs. 3 per yard, for the improvement and extension of the Gardens, the surplus portion of this ground to be re-sold or otherwise disposed of to the best advantage of the Municipality, and the cost to be met by available balances to be adjusted hereafter as may be decided by the Corporation. It was, Dr. Blaney said, placed before the committee in this light, that the chance of receiving this very desirable property, at rates not exceeding Rs. 3 per yard, was not likely to occur again. It was also very necessary with reference to certain arrangements in connection with the gardens, and which the Municipal Commissioner wished put forward with all expedition, to put him in a position favourable to the carrying out of these arrangements for the benefit of the public, that the Corporation should grant this sanction.

Dr. Cowasji, in seconding the resolution, said: It was very desirable also that the ground should be in the hands of the Municipality as soon as possible in view of the fete that was to be held on the occasion of the Prince's visit. The time was short, and therefore the Corporation should see their way to grant this sanction.

The Municipal Commissioner also urged the passing of this resolution, for he thought it would be deplorable if the land was taken by somebody else. Therefore they should lose no time in securing the land. He was of opinion also the expenditure of this money would be a wise economy as the terms of the resolution showed.

Captain Walshe said he did not wish to move any proposition; but he considered it was a great hardship for a large number of children, especially that by the levying of an admission fee, they should be prevented from enjoying their recreation in the mornings. In that neighbourhood there were no other grounds for recreation and he would, therefore, suggest that the payment line should be removed back as far as the ornamental arch. He only suggested that the matter might be considered by the Municipal Commissioner.

The Municipal Commissioner said when the prices were arranged it was only a tentative measure, and the Standing Committee were considering a scheme by which the views of Captain Walshe would be met.

The President said he also had heard complaints such as Captain Walshe had referred to, and he had himself suggested that particular space should be placed at the disposal of the children. The matter then dropped.

LOAN WORKS.

The statement showing estimated increase at Rs. 65,81,335-0-10 and the expenditure at Rs. 50,62,716,-2-7 was, on the motion of Dr. Blaney, passed.

The Corporation then adjourned.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA GOLF.

THE CALCUTTA MEDAL.

SINCE this handicap medal came to the club in 1882, it has been competed for six times, and only once has it fallen to a scratch player. For weight, beauty, and originality it cannot compete with our own club medal, which is struck from a die of our own, made in Liverpool, and kept in the Mint. On the obverse, within a circle enclosed by raised sprays of thistle, and of a plant whose identity has baffled even a Professor of Botany, is the inscription:

Presented
to
The Royal Bombay Golf Club
by
The Calcutta Club.

On the reverse, within the same device, are crossed clubs with three balls beneath, and the whole surmounted by a ribbon with the motto "Far and Sure," which by the way, happens to be our own password. For the last two years the medal has been held by H. R. Cobbold, whose scores for 9 holes were with 10 and 6 points off, 37 and 36 respectively. This year the holes have been increased to 10; but with such records, it was thought the holder should not receive more than 4 points; however he did not make a bid for it this year. The competition was held on Thursday, when ten players entered the lists, six being scratch, and the others receiving points varying from 4 to 8. The greens were bumpy as usual, save at the polo hole, which is now a complete brown and very keen. Several of the holes were broken down at the edge, the Marine Lines one in particular, and it was evident the *mali* had not been warned that a match was to be played. Melvin played a fine game, and seemed like winning till he approached the post office hole, where he funked the Flute Band practising near the railings, drew his ball to the right, and hit a cage. At the home hole he hit a branch almost overhanging the green, and the ball rebounded close to the curb-stones of the main road, raising his score to 45. Burn was putting as usual, and as he has once more recovered his old form in driving, he made the round in 44, which is the best score he has yet made in a match. The other scratch men played indifferently, and one was so disheartened at the polo hole, he retired. It was at first believed Burn had won; but "a dark horse" who usually commences when most of the others are half-way round, was seen to be doing very well, and when he got on the edge of the last green in one, and holed out in three, it was found he had tied with Burn at 48 less 4, or a net score of 44.

Burn and Mackenzie will play off the tie on Monday, when, if the former's success is at all equal to his confidence, he ought to "win hands down."

The scores were:—

	Score.	Points.	Net Score.
J S Burn	44	scr	44
T D Mackenzie	48	4	44
W F Melvin	45	scr	45
J J Heaton	50	4	46
J Stiven	47	scr	47
L S Dunbar	49	„	49
Dr D MacDonald	49	„	49
J Begbie	56	6	50
A Moir	59	8	51
C E Nixon	retired.		

H. M. S. SERAPIS.

THE Troopship Serapis entered the Government dock-yard about mid-night on Wednesday. It has been ascertained that the after part of the screw shaft, which passes through the rudder-post, has worked itself out of place. Efforts are being made to get the ship ready for sea, by this evening, as it feared, should she not get out of dock by that time, she will be delayed for several weeks, on account of the tide. It is difficult to ascertain as yet, how long the necessary repairs will take, as the iron work is jammed, and hence there is some difficulty in getting at the seat of the damage.

SIR WILLIAM WEDDERBURN AND THE CONGRESS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—On 24th December last I wrote a letter to Sir William Wedderburn regretting my absence from Bombay at the time of the Congress, and venturing to offer a few suggestions for its consideration. I do not know if the letter reached him, but as I have seen no notice of it in the newspaper reports, I shall be obliged by your publishing it in case it may be of any service to members of the Congress in the future. I therefore, enclose, you a copy herewith.—Yours, &c.,

J. SEYMOUR KEAY.

Hyderabad, Deccan, 21st Jan. 1890.

Hyderabad, Deccan, Dec. 24.

My dear Wedderburn,—I am very sorry that my engagements during the week or two which I have to spend in India, are such as will preclude my visiting Bombay during the session of the National Congress. I warmly congratulate its members on having obtained your services as president, and I have no doubt that you will join me in my desire that its deliberations should, if possible, be so extended as to include the great economic question on which the Government of India must, in my humble judgment, stand or fall at no distant date, namely, whether or not is the present system of Government more expensive than the people can afford, and is it, or is it not the case that it is at present sustained only by drawing more and more year by year upon the already scanty reserves of the nation? In particular, does history furnish us with a single instance of any country which has been for any prolonged length of time able to support a foreign drain, such as is now taken from India, and which is evidenced by the enormous excess of its exports over its imports.

If I might venture to bring a suggestion before the Congress it would be that that body should, if possible, bring the abovementioned truly imperial topics within the range of their discussion, and I am convinced that were they to do so they would make a great advance in securing for themselves the sympathy and support of the British Parliament, press, and people.

You are quite at liberty to make any use of this letter which you may think proper.—Yours, &c.,

J. SEYMOUR KEAY.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION AT ST. PETER'S SCHOOLS.

THE well-wishers and supporters of these popular schools assembled in strong force last evening at the St. Peter's Boys' Schools, to witness the annual distribution of prizes. The school-room and verandas were tastefully decorated with bunting, and the dais that was erected for the accomodation of the Bishop of Bombay, who presided, was made gay with red cloth and plants.

The proceedings were opened by a well-rendered song by the small boys of the school, which was heartily applauded. Miss Walker and Misses Emma and Louisa Counsell next treated the audience to a musical treat in the shape of a trio on the pianoforte, the piece selected being Rossini's "Il Barbier di Seviglia." Master W. Dymond, in a solo on the pianoforte, gave evidence of the high training he had received. The infants of the school next came to the fore in a recitation, and their pretty song "Japanese Fans" was much appreciated.

The Rev. Father Biscoe then read the report of the school for the past year, in which it was stated that although the managers of the school had much to contend against, they were yet in advance of what they were during the past year. The schools had been inspected by the Government Inspector, who had said that Mr. Diamond's conscientious discharge of his duties had brought the schools to the first rank. He had found the scholars very well up in all branches of learning, and specially noticed their high tone and discipline. Only two pupils were sent up for the Matriculation Examination, both of whom were well placed.

The Bishop of Bombay, in addressing the assembly, drew attention to the good that had been, and was being, done by the establishers of the school, and he called upon all present to help them to carry on their work. He said that the worthy Fathers were endeavouring to build a house for the boarders and the head-master, and he asked all the friends of the school to contribute something towards it. He said that in a school it was not sufficient to have the heads of their children educated; their hearts, too, were in need of culture; and he felt certain that in that school that important fact was borne in mind.

The Rev. Goldwyer Lewis and Professor Oxenham then addressed the meeting, and both speakers asked those present to help in the erection of the building for a boarding-house.

With three cheers for the Bishop of Bombay, the proceedings terminated.

THE SOCIAL CONFERENCE IN BOMBAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—As I was to some extent responsible for the arrangements of the meeting of the Social Conference on the 29th December last, I request your permission to take up a small portion of your columns for the purpose of removing certain misapprehensions which underlie the criticisms that have appeared in the native press in regard to it.

Those who had the management of the Conference are, in the first instant, blamed for only allowing one day for the gathering, and bringing the proceedings abruptly to a close before the full business, set down in the agenda paper, was gone through. I myself share in the regret which many who attended the meeting have expressed to me in this connection. The facts of the case, however, were that the managers of the Congress could arrange to spare the hall only one day for the Social Conference, and the full working hours of this single day were encroached upon towards its end by the entertainment which the reception committee gave to the delegates. The preliminary meeting of the Conference had in consequence to be held in the city, and at the public meeting the president was obliged to close the meeting after only a part of the programme was gone through. It was felt to be of no use to postpone the meeting to Monday, for most of the delegates and visitors left by the Sunday evening trains and all the Congress camps were empty on Monday. There was, therefore, no other choice, open to the president of the Conference but to announce its close after the first four resolutions were considered.

The management has been also found fault with on the ground that no steps were taken to separate those who came to the meeting as spectators from those who came as delegates from the various Social Reform Associations or were otherwise more seriously interested in the proceedings. The printed notices circulated in thousands all over the city and in the Congress camps expressly invited those who sympathized with the work of social reform. A few came as delegates expressly deputed by their friends in the Mofussil, but the rest came there in their individual capacity as persons who were interested in the work and sympathized with the reform movement. I think it is a libel on the intelligence and good feeling which brought so many people together to suggest that any considerable portion among them came only to see the sight and enjoy the fun. This description might be true of a few only, but I feel sure that they were simply a drop in the ocean of the earnest assembly who watched the proceedings and took part in it. As the subject of social reform touched each individual in his most vital interests, I think the managers acted properly in admitting all to the hall and allowing all to vote for or against the propositions brought before the meeting. Though not expressly delegated, each individual reproduced in himself the feelings and aspirations of many thousands like him, and as they came from all parts of India, and represented all shades of view, the representative character of the entire meeting could not well be questioned even by its bitterest enemies.

The third charge brought against the procedure followed at the meeting has relation to the rule laid down by the president that all the speakers should speak in English at the Conference. The president had a choice of evils to choose from, and under the circumstances his choice would be approved of by all who realized the fact that a far larger majority of the assembly understood English as a common language than any of the spoken vernacular of each separate province. To have allowed the speakers to address the meeting in their own vernacular would have only tended to create confusion and disorganize the assembly. Some of the speakers, it is true, were unable to express their meaning in correct English, but no body was prevented from speaking his own mind freely, and the audience was not impatient or over-critical. To have departed from the rule would surely have turned the assembly into a veritable babel of tongues, and made all serious business impossible.

Another fault noticed in the native papers was the alleged ignorance of the assembly of what was going on and their readiness to vote either way. On the vexed question of legislation *vs.* self-help there was a notable difference of feeling, but, I think, it is unjust to charge the assembly, which was to a large extent the same as had attended the Congress sittings, that they were ignorant and indifferent. The cry of "All, all" raised on both occasions by the "Ayes" and "Noes" was a ruse adopted by a few persons to cover their discomfiture, but the president was conscientiously scrupulous in satisfying himself on which side the show of hands was decidedly indicative of the views of the majority, and his judgment was confirmed by the independent voice of most of those who sat on the platform. Mr. Grattan Geary who sat next to me, and Sir W. Wedderburn who sat next to the president watched the proceeding, with interest, and they felt satisfied that while the debates allowed full freedom for the advocates of both views to state their argument, the sense of the meeting was correctly ascertained by the president in his final pronouncement.

Another more serious impeachment has been made by one of the critics who thinks that the draft resolutions were hastily conceived, carelessly put forward, and as precipitately withdrawn. I must take the whole of this responsibility on my shoulders as the resolutions were drafted by me. These resolutions were, however, considered by Principal Modak, Pandit Shevnath Shastri, Rao Bahadur Mahipatram Rupram Rao Bahadur Chintaman Narayan Bhat, Rao Bahadur Vishnu Moreshwar Bhide, Diwan Bahadur Raghunathrao, Rao Saheb Gangaram Bhau Mhaske, and others. Some of them were appointed by the preliminary meeting, which fixed the subjects to settle the draft resolutions. As the resolutions stood the test of dissension, and were on the whole passed by a large majority, I do not think that the criticisms referred to above reflect the sense of most of those who attended the meeting. I am fully aware that a considerable minority was otherwise inclined, but the dispute related to a question of principle, and did not affect the wording of the resolutions. In deference to the views of friends for whom I have great respect, I withdrew the second para. of the second resolution, and accepted my friend Mr. Chandawarkar's rider to the first proposition. I did not want the discussion to proceed on side issues and minor points, and I exercised my right as a mover of the resolution in shortening the debate. Lastly, and this is the most serious charge of all, Mr. Kanitkar, Mr. Tilak, and other friends thought that while I and others have taken part in the Poona movement, based on the principle of self-help, we acted inconsistently in bringing up subjects for discussion in which the other principle of legislative help was placed in the foreground. This charge is, however, based on a confusion of ideas. The Poona movement is the work of one out of thirty-two social reform associations, who send their delegates to the Conference. The subjects for discussion were settled by the general secretary, Diwan Bahadur Raghunathrao, after consulting these thirty-two branches. Sind suggested one of the subjects; Madras suggested another; the Carnatic suggested a third, and so on. The men of Poona had no right to control the choice of subjects. This choice, so made after consulting the thirty-two branches, was reaffirmed by the gentlemen who attended the preliminary meeting of the Conference at the Hindu Union Club with certain reservations and additions. The men from Poona cannot, therefore, be charged with inconsistency for not presuming to dictate to other centres. The subjects selected were, moreover, outside the scope of the Poona movement, and most of them, such as had already been legislated upon, and any relief in regard to them could only come from further legislation. As observed in your editorial note to Mr. Tilak's letter, the meeting was as orderly and earnest-minded as the nature of the circumstances permitted, and the conduct of the proceedings reflected the highest credit on its worthy president. I have written this rather long letter not in self-defence, but in the vindication of the earnest character of perhaps the biggest and best conducted meeting convened for the discussion of social topic. The large numbers which attended it estimated to exceed 5,000 persons, the full freedom and spontaneous character of the discussion, the presence of the native ladies who took part in the proceedings, the good sense of the majority of those present, and the general success of the demonstration, no doubt, disappointed certain people who went there expecting to see great discomfiture. This disappointment, however, furnishes no excuse for misstatements of facts. The official report of the Conference will be soon published, and will set all these matters at rest. In the meanwhile, I hope, this explanation will tend to remove any misapprehension that might have been created in the public mind by the writings of a certain portion of the native press.—Yours, &c.,

M. G. RANADE.

Ahmednagar, 21st Jan.

NUR MUHAMMED, the Afghan refugee and rebel, who has been vainly petitioning the Indian Government, is still at Tira, says the Lahore paper. His agent, Nazar Muhammed Hussain Khan, who had gone to the Shinwari country to prospect for an asylum there, has returned, and told him that his Shinwari friends do not desire him to come to them.

THE COLUMBIA SKATING RINK GRAND FETE.

A FETE was held on Wednesday night, at the Columbia Skating Rink, in aid of the European General Hospital, and both the spectators and those who skated were very numerous. The plan of giving an entertainment at the Rink, in aid of so worthy an object, was a happy idea, and the undertaking must have been financially successful to judge from the numbers who attended. Skating commenced about 8-30, as usual; the floor being cleared about half-past nine, as the approach of his Excellency the Governor, Lady Reay, and Staff was announced. The party was met at the door by the members of the committee, and conducted to the seats prepared for them, the band playing the National Anthem. The Government House party remained for about an hour, occupying the prettily-decorated pavilion which had been prepared. A bouquet was presented to Lady Reay by Mr. Soundy's little daughter, and then general skating was resumed for a short time, and when the bell rang, every one who could, obtained a seat, whilst Mr. Simmons went through one of his clever performances, finishing up by a leap over a number of chairs. Next came a race between four amateurs, backwards, for a distance of four laps. Messrs. Burt, Ahrle, Brine, and Fredelis competed; Mr. Burt made a very good second, but no one could stand against Mr. Ahrle's splendid backward skating and he came in winner, doing the distance in 1m. 45 secs.

Shorly afterwards another race was run by masked skaters. The distance was 8 laps, and seven competitors started. In this race Mr. Derry was an easy winner, coming in far ahead of the others. Skating became general again after this until 10-30 when the floor was again cleared, to allow of the departure of his Excellency the Governor and his party. Both he and Lady Reay expressed themselves pleased with the evening's entertainment. Skating was again proceeded with, and continued until after 11 o'clock when the fete came to a close.

To-night, at the Columbia Rink, a good programme is announced. Mr. Ridgely, the champion fast skater, has returned from Calcutta, and is to skate a mile against one of our fastest local men, the latter receiving a lap start. With such a handicap it is doubtful if even the champion racer can win, but he is fast enough to give the amateur all he can do to keep ahead. Mr. Simmons will also give an exhibition of fancy skating. A first-class programme is also announced for Saturday night.

THE GAMBLING ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

THE report of the Select Committee of his Excellency the Governor's Council on the "Bill to Amend the Prevention of Gambling Act 1887" has been issued, and is a marvel of brevity. It reads as follows:—

We, the members of the Select Committee appointed to consider Bill No. 2 of 1889 (the Bill to amend the Prevention of Gambling Act), have the honour to present the following report:—

1. The Bill was published in English on the 10th and in Marathi, Gujarati and Kanarese on the 19th December 1889.

2. The object of the Bill will, we consider, be best attained by inserting definitions of "gaming" and "instruments of gaming," such that wagering will be brought within the scope of the Act.

(Signed) R. WEST, F. L. LATHAM, R. M. SAYANI, and NOUROSJEE N. WADIA.

Bombay, 22nd January 1890.

DISTURBANCE AT A SALVATIONIST MEETING.

AT the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, two Mohomedans, named Shaik Abdulla Ebrahim and Sayed Mahomed Azeezool Kadur were brought up on remand and charged by Superintendent Crummey before Mr. P. Ryan with having on the 20th instant voluntarily causing a disturbance at an assembly lawfully engaged in religious worship under Section 296 of the Indian Penal Code. Daniel Anthony said he was compositor in the Salvation Army Press, and lived in the house of what was known as the Prison Gate Brigade at Chinchpoogly. Daily religious service was held in the ground floor of the house, and it was a recognised place of worship. All classes were welcome to attend the services. But no discussion was allowed during the service. Questions might be asked after the service by individuals "seeking light." On Monday evening the 20th instant, at about 7 o'clock, their regular indoor meeting took place in the hall on the ground floor at which witness was present. There were on the platform about ten members of the "Army," four of them being women. Below the platform there were about a hundred persons, chiefly Mahomedans. About three quarters of an hour after the service commenced, and the officers and soldiers of the Army had "testified," witness got up to speak on the work of the Army. He said nothing against the religion of Hindoos, Mahomedans, or Parsees, who were assembled or to hurt in any way their religious feelings, when a Mahomedan got up whom he could recognise if he saw him. He saw him seated on a form near the platform, and near to a European named Shaw, when he rose and said he wished to speak. Witness told him in reply "You cannot speak during the continuance of the meeting." He persisted, saying, "I will speak," when one of the soldiers remonstrated with him. He became very boisterous, and tried to move forward when the soldiers prevented him. The European Shaw called for the police, when Policeman No. 452 went in, when Mr. Shaw asked him to secure the Mahomedan as he was disturbing the meeting. Upon this a large number of Mahomedans—from fifteen to twenty, approached the platform where the unruly Mahomedan was standing. A Moolah present tried to quiet the Mahomedans so as to allow the service to proceed without interruption, but failed. Witness then got down the platform, and said to the man. "For God's sake be quiet, and let the service go on" He said Mr. Shaw had no right to have him arrested by a policeman. He had no authority in the place. Witness then went up the platform. As he was stepping up he saw the first accused holding Mr. Shaw by the hand, and the policeman trying to separate them. The Mahomedan then went out and while leaving the hall threatened Mr. Shaw and others with violence and commanded all the outsiders to leave. They all cleared out, the two accused among them. Witness did not know when and where they were arrested. The two accused, on admitting the truth of the complaint, and giving assurances of abstaining from discussions at the Salvation meetings for the future, were warned and discharged.

A MUNICIPALITY DISSOLVED.

THE following Notification was issued in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—

His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, taking into consideration the smallness of the town of Shrigonda in the Ahmednagar District, and the lack of interest displayed by its inhabitants in Municipal administration, is pleased to declare, in exercise of the power conferred upon him by Section 13 of the Bombay District Municipal Acts Amendment Act (II. of 1884), that the provisions of Sections 11 and 12 of the said Act are unsuitable to the said Municipal district of Shrigonda.

2. And in further exercise of the said power the Governor-in-Council [illegible] pleased to direct that the said Municipality of Shrigonda shall consist of twelve nominated commissioners, who shall be appointed by the Commissioner of the Central Division, five of whom shall be official and seven non-official.

SIR FRANK FORBES ADAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A public dinner at the Town Hall, open to gentlemen of both the European and Native communities, would, perhaps, be deemed by many as the most fitting tribute of our respect, admiration, and esteem to Sir Frank Forbes Adam on his approaching departure from our shores. I venture to offer this suggestion in the hope that it may be taken up by a committee of a few European and Native friends, and subscriptions I am sure will pour in at once from an admiring public.—Yours, &c.,

KAIKHOSRO N. KABRAJI.

January 23.

WE are glad to hear that the Minister of Public Instruction at Paris has nominated the vice-president of the *Cercle Litteraire*, Mr. Pedraza, an officer of the Academy, in recognition of the services rendered by him towards the promotion of the study of the French language in India.

MR. B. A. GUPTE, Curator of the Government Central Book Depot, has compiled a Marathi manual of the Industrial Arts of India.

MILITARY NEWS.

Colonel F. J. Wise has been granted six months' furlough on medical certificate.

The services of Major-General C. T. Haig, R.E., have been replaced at the disposal of his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief.

Second-Lieutenant Arthur Hay, 1st North Lancashire Regt., has been appointed a probationer of the Bombay Staff Corps.

The establishment of his Excellency the Governor's body-guard has been reduced by one Jamadar.

Major F. D. Raikes, C.I.E., Bombay, S. C., (Deputy Commissioner, Burma) has been allowed a year's furlough.

Major J. B. E. Radcliffe, S.C., has been permitted to return to duty.

Surgeon C. R. Egan, M.P., has been brought on the strength of the British forces in the Bombay command.

Lieut. C. I. Fry, Bombay Rifles, has been granted twelve months' furlough.

Mr. J. J. Aller has been appointed Second Lieut. of the 2nd B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers.

The proposal to form a corps of Naval Volunteers at Aden, to be called the Aden Naval Volunteers, is sanctioned.

Lieut. W. J. Peyton, C.M.G., has been granted a year's leave on medical certificate.

Major F. W. Snell, S.C., Second-in-command, Sawantwadi Local Corps, has been granted leave on medical certificate for 271 days.

Lieut. F. C. L. Waller, 2nd King's Own Yorkshire Regiment, has been admitted to the Staff Corps with effect from 4th July, 1888.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ganges, Captain T. I. Alderton, will sail to-day for Brindisi, London, Marseilles, Port Said, Gibraltar and Aden, with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

For London.

Col R Maude	Mrs Plowdon and infant
Mrs Blathwayt and infant	Dr and Mrs Chester and infant
Dr Sutton	Mr C Beckford
Mr and Mrs Pipkin	Mr R Bell
Miss Ritchie	Dr and Mrs Warness
Mr and Mrs F G Osborne and child	

For Gibraltar—Mr A F Daniell

For Aden—Lieut A C Le Bailly

For Brindisi.

Mr M Betagh	Mr MacLean
Mr E Bibby	Mr W Johns
Lieut-Col R A Sergeaunt	Mr J Seymour Keay, M P
Mr Oscar Hirschhom	Mr Reynolds

For Marseilles—Major the Hon'ble and Mrs Pleydell Bouverie

For Port Said—Mr C Matzonkis

The following passages have been engaged:—

Per s. s. Assam, Capt. G. W. F. Browne, 31st Jan. 1890.

For Ismailia—Mr and Mrs W N Potter, Miss Potter, Miss Ward, Mrs F A Brown, Miss M J Roe, Mr Robert Kolisch, Mr W Jackson, Mr Chas J Gilles, Mr J O M rri, and Mr J O Hutchinson.
For Brindisi—Mr R L Morgan and Mr Verschoyle.
For Aden—Mrs Caffery.
For Marseilles—Mr and Mrs D H Macfarlane, Mrs Goodrich and Mrs Livesay.

Per s.s. Oriental, Captain R. Stewart, 7th Feb. 1890.

For Brindisi—Mr J A Nigroponte, Mr H S King, M P, Mr David R Keith, Mr J Hennessy, Mr Thos Grant, Mr Gregor Grant, Mr F G Davidson, Mr and Mrs J. Chisholm, Mr H Holland Burne, Mr McKie, Viscount Marsham, A D C, Mr J Holms, Mr Sam Gowan, Mr Oscar Koebel, Mr O Andreæ, Mr J T Petrocokins, Mr Andrew Yule, Mr C Sharpe, Mr Krieg, Mrs A Lambrinoade and Mr and the Hon'ble Mrs G Marshall.
For Ismailia—Mr E Elliott Pyle.
For London—Mr W Siddons, Capt T C Francis, Mr A S Hamilton, Mr A Walter, Mr John Hughes, Capt and Mrs E C Spilsbury and 2 infants, Rev and Mrs A Gilrath and 3 children, Revd T Evans, Revd G P Taylor, Revd Beatty, Miss Makee, Miss Beatty, Mrs Barton and child, Mr W J Pavey, Mr Ernst Sillem, Revd and Mrs Brown Constable and 2 infants, Revd T H Bray and Mrs Collett, child and two infants.
For Suez—Mrs R H J Townsend and Miss Nichols.

Per s. s. Siam, Captain H. T. Weighell, 14th Feb. 1890.

For Marseilles—Mr W Birkmyre, Mr W D Chase, Mr Topping, Mr Robinson, Mr Goodson, Lady Metcalf and maid, Miss Munroe, Mr and Mrs Luke, Mr and Mrs Moss and Mr and Mrs Lydeard and child.
For Brindisi—Mr W D Chase, Mr Selim Samuel, Mr D Fuchs, Mr E Norris, Mr J Cook and Mr W Fuchs.
For Venice—Revd and Mrs A Newhall and child.

Per s.s. Clyde, Captain J. L. Parfitt, 21st Feb. 1890.

For Brindisi—Canon and Mrs Wilberforce, Miss Wilberforce, Lieut E Milner, Mr and Mrs H G Bayne, Mr and Mrs Sykes, Miss Sykes, Lord Radstock, Mr and Mrs T M Horsfall, Mr and Mrs Copeland, Miss K Greenfield, Mr J H Peebles, Mr W HJ Galbraith, and Miss A M Fielde
For London—Mrs Slaughter and infant, and Mrs Hill and infant.
For Ismailia—Mr John F Mahon.
For Suez—Mrs Davis and child and Mrs Morrice.

Per s. s. Assam, Captain G. W. F. Browne, 28th Feb. 1890.

For Marseilles—Mrs Gilbert and child, Dowager Marchioness of Waterford, Lord and Lady Cremorne, and Capt and Mrs Warner.
For Brindisi—Miss Kennedy and companion, and Mr JP Thomas.
For London—Mr and Mrs R Waddington.

Per s. s. Peninsular, Capt. W. J. Webber, 7th March 1890.

For London—Mrs Ross Scott, Miss Imerson, Rt Hon H and Mrs Childers, Mr T K and Miss Ashworth, Mr and Mrs C H Mereik and child, Mr and Mrs Robt Clark, Mr C Kindersley, Revd R Kennedy, Miss Francis Sharp, Miss Harris, Mrs A G Cane and child, Mr W Thom, Rev J W Roberts and two infants, Master Hawker, Mrs Greaves, and 3 children, Miss Matthews, Mr John Brewer, Mrs Richardson, Mr J H Homsty, Mr H G Bowen, Mr Habday, Mr William Smith, Mr J Duncan, Mr H Sykes, Mr and Mrs W S Gilbert and Mr and Mrs Merton.
For Brindisi—[illegible]rd and Lady Claude Hamilton, Mr and Mrs W Ma[illegible]g Grant, Mr and Mrs W W Carlile, Mr and Mrs S[illegible]r[illegible]manji, Mr H Calthorpe, Countess of Strathmo[illegible] two Ladies Lyon, Mr Jessuf, Mr A O Hume, [illegible] M M Macdonald, Mr and Mrs W A Willis, [illegible] and Mrs D Henning, Miss Langworthy, Major [illegible] Mrs Humphrey, Mrs Durst, Mr H Miller, Mr V S[illegible]lager, Mr and Mrs S S Brittain, Mr E Solano, Mrs and Miss Chardon, Capt Syoe, R N, Miss Peason, Miss Hargreaves, Hon'ble Mr Justice Parker, Mr and Mrs Milne, Rev Chas Gore, Mr Henry O Wakeman, Mr and Mrs Frizelle, Miss Frizelle, Mr and Mrs A A Wace, Mr C H Seely, Mr A O Hume, Mr Inaadali Khan, Mr Asad Ali Khan, Mr H M Wilson, Revd H Whitehead, Mr K Tapling, M P, Mr S H Terry, Mr H W Sparkes and Mr Henry.

Per s. s. Siam, Capt. H. T. Wieghell, 14th March, 1890.

For Marseilles—Col W R Bunbury and Mr Orrell.
For Brindisi—Mr Cecil Higgin, Col R Thynne and Col the Hon'ble H Eaton.

Per s. s. Rome, Capt. A. W. Adamson, 18th March 1890.

For Marseilles—Col W R Bunbury, Mr Savage, Mrs Candy, Mr Mangles, Mr Robt H Elliot, Mr and Mrs R Hulton, Mr H N Brown, Mr Rudston Brown, Mr G H Morrison, Mr G B Croft-Lyons, Mr J Fleming, Mr W Bradshaw, Miss Bradshaw, Mr and Miss Rogerson, Mr Eardley Norton, Mrs Montcrieffe and two children, Mrs Hamilton, Miss Pearson, Mr and Mrs J Hardcastle Sykes, Mrs Sykes, Mrs Hendley and Mrs Franklin.
For London—Revd E Guildford, Mr Goodfellow, child and infant, and Capt and Mrs Bean, three children and infant.

Per s. s. Sutlej, Capt. W. D. Worcester, 21st March, 1890.

For Brindisi—Col A F Laughton, CB, Mr and Mrs Jas Gray, Mr J H Hodgson, Mr and Mrs G W Allen and child, Mr De Courey and Capt the Hon. R T Lawley.
For London—Mrs Crawley-Boevey and child, Mr and Mrs Alston and infant, Mrs Yeoman and child, Miss K Adams, Revd J F and Mrs Newton, three Misses Newton, Mr Willie Newton, Mr J Kelse, Revd Thomas Tracey, Miss S Casderwood, H H the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, H H the Maharanee of Gondal, two children and infant, and Mr R McCullough.

Per s. s. Assam, Capt. G. W. F. Browne, 28th March, 1890.

For Marseilles—Rev and Mrs G T [illegible]ashburn, Rev J P Ellwood, Miss Clarke, and Miss L[illegible]ros.

Per s. s. Marsilla, Capt. C. Fraser, 4th April 1890.

For London—Mr E C Baker, Miss Baker, Miss Chavasse, Mrs Porter, Mrs Herbert Wright, Mr Arthur Jones, Mrs Amy Jones, Mrs and Miss Harwood and infant, Mrs Ward, Mrs A Priestley, Mrs M G Gerard and Revd J G Potter and three children, Mrs Rix, Mrs Laurie and child, Master and Miss Fentiman, Rev and Mrs D Hutton, Miss Hutton, Mr W Bruce, Miss Bremer and Miss Macdougall.

For Brindisi—Col A G Begbie, Mr and Mrs F Yorksmith, Mr F Sessions, Miss Nainby, Mr and Mrs H T White, Mrs Baines, Sir Charles and Lady Gough, Col H Hammond, Mr A Mackenzie, Major and Mrs Bisset and infant, Mr W S Greave, Mr C W Odling and Mrs Yate.
For Ismailia—Mr D F De Vitre.

Prince Henry of Battenberg has been visiting his brother Prince Alexander, at Gratz, in Styria, since he left England. Prince Alexander, who lives a quiet, retired, domestic life with his beautiful wife at the pretty villa which he has rented, is now known only as Count Hartenau. It is quite understood that he will shortly be appointed to a high post in the Austrian Army, as he is a great favourite with the Emperor Francis Joseph, who (like Count von Moltke) entertains a very high opinion of his military capacity, and considers that he would be a most valuable adherent in case of war. It is usually forgotten that the Battenbergs are the first cousins of the present Emperor of Russia and the Duchess of Edinburg.

THE ALLEGED INCREASE OF FEVER MORTALITY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Dr. Blaney in his lecture on this topic made the astounding statement that the seasonal conditions and the state of the water-supply in 1888 were normal. He forgets that he had a few weeks before approved of the Powai scheme, because of the deficient rainfall in the last two years, and that in 1888 he had done his best to raise a scare over the destitute immigrants coming into Bombay from Kathiawar, when there was great fear of scarcity in the Bombay Presidency. He has so short a memory that he has forgotten all about the famine immigrants, from whose presence he then anticipated so many ills. Ignoring also the scarcity of rain in 1888, which rendered Powai necessary, he now writes complaisantly of the normal state of the water and food supply in that year. But this is not the first occasion on which the learned doctor has anticipated the prevalence of disease in this city. A few years ago he prophesied that cholera would become terribly prevalent in Bombay, and that opinion proved as incorrect as some others. He has now prophesied an increasing mortality from fevers, but in the week ending yesterday the deaths from fevers were 25 less than in the same period in 1889, and 11 less than the average. The total mortality in Bombay was 22·24 per mille against 31 in Calcutta.

FACT *VS.* FICTION.

THE BARODA COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Accept my sincere thanks for the publication of the para. which appeared in your issue of the 18th instant.

To verify the accuracy of the expressions you have kindly given respecting the length of my family services in the Baroda State, I shall, ere long, lay on your table copies of true translations of the Commission papers, showing by which Prince they were granted to my great-grandfather, Monsieur Jean Raymond, Commander of the Gaekwar's troops, the first of the family and elder brother of Monsieur Raymond, Commander of Nizam Ali Khan's troops.—Yours, &c.,

ALEX HARDIE.

Baroda, Jan. 22.

MISS VON FINKELSTEIN IN BOMBAY.

Many were the exclamations of surprise and intense enjoyment made by those who attended the address of Miss Lydia Finkelstein at the Colaba Wesleyan Methodist Church on Wednesday evening, when she gave a most interesting account of the habits and the customs of the people of the Holy Land, to an audience of about two hundred people. After an opening hymn and prayer by the chairman, the Rev. George W. Clutterbuck, who introduced Miss Finkelstein to the meeting, the gifted lecturer explained the causes which led her to enter upon the work to which she has now devoted her life, and then by a number of well depicted incidents illustrated in a novel and striking way certain habits and customs in existence now in the Holy Land, and which in a remarkable manner show how Jesus Christ drew his rich pictures from the home life of the people. In succession she described fully what was meant by the words, "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter into the Kingdom of God"; "If the salt has lost it savour, it is good for nothing." But perhaps the finest of all was her beautiful explanation and vindication of the illustration used by our Lord regarding the woman having ten pieces of silver, showing that it was no common piece of silver that she had lost, but one that was as precious to her as the wedding ring of a European lady. In the course of her remarks on this matter she gave many reasons why ordinary travellers, or even foreign residents in Palestine, never found out the exact things done there, and one only needed to hear her to be convinced that in her residence in Jerusalem for twenty years she had made profitable use of her opportunities. As she told her audience her custom when giving her lectures is to be dressed in the various costumes of the country, and so exhibit in a most realistic fashion the various habits of the people. Miss Finkelstein has just concluded a twenty months' tour in Australia, and is now only holiday-making, but those who had the privilege of hearing her on Wednesday were eager in their wish that she would next season make a tour in India, and give the whole series. At the close of the address Mr. Clutterbuck called upon Colonel Major and Mr. Morris to move and second a vote of thanks to Miss Finkelstein, who in acknowledging it, declared in felicitous language that she should for ever retain a grateful recollection of the evening. With the benediction the meeting closed. Miss Finkelstein left Bombay last evening for the cities of the North-West, and intends going to Calcutta, and so on to Madras.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

LAWN-TENNIS HANDICAP.

DOUBLES—2ND TIES.

E. F. Nicholson and H. Anderson, 0, *versus* H. Proctor and C. Boggs, + ½, 30.

A. E. Barton and G. McCausland, 0, *versus* C. McCausland and G. Craig, + 15.

To be played off by Monday, 3rd proximo.

SINGLES—2ND TIES.

H. Q. Cobbold, 0, *versus* G. Craig, + 15 and 0 bisque.
E. Nicholson, 0, *versus* H. Anderson, + 2 bisques.
H. Jacob, 0. *versus* M. F. Reid, + 2 bisques.
A. J. Brooks, 0, *versus* H. Proctor, + 15 and 1 bisque.

To be played off by Monday, 3rd proximo.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

Simla, Jan. 23.—Pressure has risen slowly along the Malabar Coast, Colombo, and the South-West of the Bay, but has fallen elsewhere. The fall is brisk to rapid in the North-West Provinces, Behar, North of Central Provinces and Central India, and the depression from the Punjab has moved eastward to the North-West Provinces. Winds exhibit slight and irregular cyclonic movements in northern India; elsewhere the directions are irregular. A dust storm passed over Sind and Rajputana yesterday, and gales of wind were experienced. Fresh winds are reported from Bombay and Ratnagiri. Temperature has generally risen except in North-West India hills and plains. Rain has fallen in the Punjab and west of the North-West Provinces, and the rainfall is likely to continue and spread eastward.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, Jan. 22.

10 p.m.	71·2

THURSDAY, Jan. 23.

6 a.m.	71·3
10 a.m.	75·4
2 p.m.	78·2
4 p.m.	77·4

The season reports for the Bombay Presidency for the past week are summarised in the *Government Gazette* in the following general remarks:—Rain needed in parts of Karachi and Hyderabad. Late crops in two talukas of Karachi, and three of Shikarpur, and mustard in one taluka of the Upper Sind Frontier damaged by locusts. Jowari in Ahmednagar and parts of Sholapur, and late crops generally in two talukas of Nasik and three of Poona, withering for want of rain. Jowari in one taluka of Ahmednagar damaged by foggy weather, and exotic cotton in five talukas of Dharwar blighted. Crops otherwise good, except early sown cotton in four talukas of Broach, and late crops generally in parts of Khandesh and Satara. Harvesting of early crops and sowing of late crops continue in a few districts. Probable outturn of opium in Baroda, 12 annas. Fodder, scarce in one taluka of Khandesh and two of Nasik and Dharwar. Agricultural stock generally good.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* says:—We had previously been informed that the Naib Sultan of Cabul had been placed under arrest in connection with his accounts. An information derived from native sources in Cabul now states that misappropriation of public money to the extent of Rs. 3,00,000 has been discovered against the Naib Sultan. The embezzlement is said to have occurred in the construction of the Amir's new palace and masjid, which were both erected under his supervision some years ago. His other accounts relating to the Kotwali realization of criminal fines and prisoners' accounts, are also being examined and checked by a committee composed of Sirdar Abdulla Khan, Taimuri, Parwana Khan, and Mirza Abdul Rahman.

THE FRONTIER EXPEDITIONS.

THE CHIN-LUSHAI EXPEDITION.

THE BURMA COLUMN.

Kalemyo, Jan. 20.

The garrison here has been reinforced by the arrival of Captain White, Lieutenant Walsh, and eighty men of the Cheshire Regiment.

The attack on No. 4 stockade was not so serious as was at first supposed. Later reports state that the Montuk Chins were driven off easily by parties of the 10th Bengal Infantry.

The Chins are said to have built a stockade on the road leading from our Yawlu post to their villages and to be keeping fifty men posted there. These people will afford us some amusement on our return from the Tashon march.

The Kamhows from Waskathe and the neighbourhood are said to be on the look-out to ambush convoys to Yawlu, but so far have not given trouble owing to the precautions taken.

This place is so unhealthy that convalescents are now being sent to Raidge—a great improvement, as the sick pick up wonderfully there, while previously they lingered on here for days without improving. Acute ague is still the prevalent disease. The cattle disease in the transport does not seem to spread at Kalemyo, as great pains are taken to arrest it, but among the villages in the Kale Valley it is said to be very bad.

The Siyin Chins are now coming in to trade. We have had two visits from them. The Tashons used to be the only ones previously, at least to the end of November. The Siyins seem perfectly peaceful, and other Chins appear inclined to come in and treat.

THE LUSHAI COLUMN.

Lungleh, Jan. 20.

Mr. Murray, Political Officer, reached Lungleh on the 20th, bringing with him in custody the Chief Lalthuama. He will be kept under arrest at Lungleh until the fine of 30 guns, 150 baskets of dhan and one gyal has been paid. In Lallthuama's village two sepoys' water-bottles, one small *jhola* made of frontier police uniform cloth, and one *lotah* as used by Mahomedans, with the name Elahi Bux engraved on it, were found. This Chief has been in direct communication, there is no doubt, with Howsata and Paona, the two Chiefs concerned in the death of Lieutenant Stewart. Curiously enough, though himself a Howlong, his wife is a daugther of Lienpauga, the Chief against whom the Northern Column proceeds.

The country visited by the reconnaissance party which is between the Mat and Koladyne rivers is very much broken and extremely difficult. Captain Mullaly, accompanied by Captain Hall, made a careful sketch of the road to the Koladyne from Lallthuama's village, and the descent, though less than two miles, was over 2,520 feet. This is not cheerful news for the road-making party. Lieutenant Bythell was able to make a careful map of the country which was hitherto unknown. Captain Browne's signalling was most successful.

The road towards Haka has now reachd the next stage. Mules are taking out stores, and a godown is being established at the upper Khlong camp.

There was a sharp burst of rain last night accompanied by high wind: but to-day is bright and clear again. The health of all is good.

THE DEATH OF LIEUTENANT FOSTER.

Rawvan, Jan. 14.

It is with the greatest regret that the death of Second-Lieutenant F. A. Kinglake Foster, of the King's Own Scottish Borderers, is reported. On Sunday afternoon, the 12th, he, in company with Surgeon-Major Bourke, M. I., and Lieutenant Pratt, Scottish Borderers, went for a short stroll from their camp at Taungtek along a path that coolies and convoys have daily been passing lately. When about 1½ mile from camp two shots were fired at them by some Chins in ambush about 15 paces to the right front. Lieutenant Pratt, who had his revolver, ran forward and fired two shots in the direction of the Chins, and then two more at the men as they bolted down the hill, apparently without result. On looking back he saw at once that Lieutenant Foster had been hit. They had just crossed a small bridge, and it is presumed the poor young fellow was turning back to look at it, as he was following close behind Dr. Bourke, and was shot in the back of his head. His skull was fractured, but the bullet did not pass through, or damage his face in any way. Death must have been instantaneous. He had his revolver, but was given no time to load. Dr. Bourke, and Lieutenant Pratt carried the body in turn as far as they could, one watching the rear fearing the Chins might try to cut them off. After some signal shots had been fired the Gurkhas' picquet and others came out to their assistance and brought them back to camp, where Lieutenant Foster was buried next morning.

He was a fine promising young officer, always well and cheery and ready for any work. Although with only a little over 12 months' service he was a great favourite with officers and men.

In consequence of Lieutenant Foster being killed by the Chins General Symons despatched orders that the nearest village to Taungtek was to be burnt at once. A force of 50 Borderers and 50 Gurkhas, under Colonel King-Harman, accordingly moved from Taungtek yesterday to the opposite side of the valley to the village of Tamtok, and finding the inhabitants had bolted, excepting two men who were taken prisoners, they destroyed the entire village and returned to camp across the valley. They were eleven hours under arms and had some hard climbing.

General Symons has again warned all deputations coming in that if any more shots are fired at troops or coolies the nearest village will be burnt at once. It is particularly fortunate that the Political Officer was enabled to explain to the prisoners the reason for burning the village of Tamtok. The prisoners were released.

Captain Gramshaw, 5th Battalion Royal Fusiliers, extra orderly officer to General Symons, died at Kan on the 10th of remittent fever.

Colonel Carleton, Captain Hope, Lieutenant Marshall, and 52 men of the Scottish Borderers have been sent down the river for a change to Kalewa, and 33 men to Myintha. The command of the Scottish Borderers has accordingly devolved on Major Stoney, the second-in-command. One hundred Borderers from Rangoon have been ordered up to replace those sent down.

THE SHWELI EXPEDITION.

Bhamo, Jan. 20.

Tonhon-Lwesaing Column, 12th January.—Major Blundell after a rapid march has surprised the village of Waimaing, which was strongly stockaded. The surprise was so complete that the enemy bolted after firing a few shots. The villages were burnt, and the column marched to a camping ground about seven miles from Manton. The column marched for Manton next morning, but Prince Sawayaing hearing that he was being taken in front and rear, retired to Lowkar—a very strong position—with the whole of his force.

The Tonhon column from Bhamo and the Momeit column from Bernardmyo met simultaneously at Manton, and at one time there was imminent danger of an engagement between the two columns, as neither column knew of the proximity of the other. As the Touhon column approached Manton they shelled it, and the Momeit column, mistaking the guns for Prince Sawayaing's jingals, replied by a volley. The mistake was only just found out in time, or something very serious might have happened. Both columns are now encamped at Manton waiting for rations to proceed against Sawayaing. The rebels opened fire on the camp last night, but were driven off. All the men and animals are well.

The Momeit column, before arriving at Manton, met with resistance at Mimpung. Lieutenant Sewell and two men were badly wounded. Two columns proceed to-morrow to attack two villages, which are reported to be strongly held by the enemy.—*Pioneer.*

DIVINE SERVICES.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Friday, 24th January.
Eve of the Conversion of Saint Paul.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Saturday, 25th January.
Festival of the Conversion of Saint Paul.
7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.
Saturday, 25th January.—Conversion of Saint Paul.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.

Advice to Mothers.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers every, where at 1s ½ per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo. American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

THE MURIDKI CAVALRY CAMP.

The Intelligence Department of the Cavalry Division seems hardly in touch with the Meteorological Department of the Government. On Sunday evening orders were issued for Colonel Palmer's division to retire on Wazirabad, whilst Colonel Lance, with the brigades commanded respectively by Colonels Gerard, Napier, and Cooke, was to follow him up vigorously and endeavour to convert his retreat into a rout. That night the hardy warriors drank farewell toasts and sang martial songs, whilst the partizans of Colonels Lance and Palmer lauded the merits of their respective commanders. But as day broke, and the camp was alive with the noise of the baggage animals of Palmer's division moving on to Wazirabad, it began to be rumoured that the long-threatening Jupiter Pluvius had at last declared his intention of attacking us, and the Commander-in-Chief, mindful of the comfort of his men and undeterred by the satire levelled on his royal commander at Pall Mall, determined to forego the movement to Wazirabad, which would have entailed unnecessary exposure and expense to the men, and ordered a simple rear-guard attack to be made on Colonel Palmer in the immediate vicinity of the camp.

The regimental baggage was accordingly recalled, and men made up their minds to a week's pleasurable enjoyment in camp, instead of a week's discomfort in bivouac. And, of course, no sooner were the orders issued and baggage trains once more entering the camp, than the sun shone out, the clouds rolled by, and we enjoyed one of the most charming days that even a Punjab winter can give us.

The fresh instructions were that Colonel Palmer was to be in position by eleven, opposite the Muridki railway station, about three miles from the camp, and that Colonel Lance's division was to commence its forward movement at that hour, being previously drawn up to the south of the Cavalry camp. At the appointed hour Sir Frederick Roberts, accompanied by Sir James Lyall, General Luck, Elles, Sir James Browne, Sir Hugh Gough, Sir Thomas Baker, and a strong squadron of on-lookers, rode up in rendezvous formation near our camp, and, owing to the non-arrival of the 13th and 19th Bengal Lancers, was reinforced by a skeleton brigade of eight squadrons. Palmer's division, as I have said, represented a cavalry corps covering a beaten army falling back on Wazirabad presumably. The baggage of this army was following the grand trunk road; but as the railway generally runs parallel to the road, and as the ground on both flanks was open and admirably adapted for cavalry, it was necessary for him to watch both flanks, keeping his main body on the right or left of the road, as might be required, though, of course, with such open ground and such short distances between the opposing forces it would not be long before Colonel Lance would have to show his hand. Colonel Palmer conjectured, and rightly, that the attack would be on his right flank, and, as the clock struck eleven, moved Colonel Clifford, with the 3rd P. C. and 16th B. C., to watch the country between the trunk road and the railway, and to detach three squadrons east of the line. His other brigades were drawn up with their left resting on a mound under cover of which the T battery was placed. Each brigade sent forward contact squadrons with officers' patrols to feel for Colonel Lance, whilst a signalling party was placed on a mound so as to communicate with Colonel Clifford on the left and Colonel Bird on the right.

At half-past eleven Lance's division was seen moving across open ground in column of divisions; and as it made a momentary halt, Palmer's guns opened fire, which was continued until their fire was marked by a final charge. This halt, however, could not have occured in actual war, as it was due to a passing train dividing Colonel Lance's columns. On crossing the railway, Colonel Lance at once moved across the open plain to some ground about a mile distant, where trees and long grass to a certain extent afforded cover from view. But in so doing he undoubtedly would have suffered loss. It is true that our cavalry brigade came under the fire of the Egyptian guns at Tel-el-Kebir when moved in squadron columns, and that a few shells fell into the column, which suffered no loss. Had these guns been served by the gunners of the battery R. H. A., I fancy the casualties would have been very appreciable.

As soon as Colonel Lance judged himself to be under the fire of Colonel Palmer's guns, he threw his three brigades into preparatory formation. Colonel Napier with the 3rd D. G.'s and the 2nd P. G., was in the centre; Colonel Gerard with the K. D. G.'s and the 9th B. L. in support on the right, and Colonel Cooke with a skeleton brigade on the outer or left flank, where also were the guns which, somewhat late in the day, began to reply to Colonel Palmer's fire. Colonel Palmer at once moved Bird's brigade up to support Colonel Pennington, and recalled the 3rd P. C. from Clifford's brigade for the same purpose. As Colonel Lance neared Colonel Palmer, Gerard's brigade sent forward some squadrons to support Colonel Napier, whilst Colonel Cook's skeleton squadrons afforded an escort to the guns and acted as a reserve. And so the two lines swept forward, Colonel Palmer with 13 squadrons in his front line—squadrons fresh and untired, having been unexposed to fire and held in hand for this final charge. But as the squadrons met, the difference at once appears between mimic and actual warfare. Instead of trumpets still ringing out the charge, they sound the halt, umpires hurry up, notes are compared, and Colonel Lance is ordered to fall back for a quarter of an hour, whilst Colonel Palmer continues his retreat. This both do at a walk; but whilst Colonel Palmer drops his service rear-guards and officers' patrols behind him, Colonel Lance narrowly watches his movements and, with that ready instinct which has stood him so well in so many a frontier raid, wheels round so soon as his enforced withdrawal is completed and follows Colonel Palmer at a hand gallop. The latter's intentions were to retire three miles due north and to take up a position near the village of Dhar.

Colonel Clifford, now that all danger of attack from the north is at an end, moves on the south of the railway; next him moves Colonel Bird with the guns, and Colonel Pennington on the right; but the ground over which they move is well cultivated and well wooded. Colonel Palmer's reconnoitring is badly carried out, and whilst Colonel Bird's squadrons are crossing some fields in column of troops, Colonel Lance suddenly appears on his left front. But as yet only Napier's brigade is in line, whilst within 1,000 yards of Colonel Bird the Bays are forming up. Colonel Napier, who has galloped his brigade, never hesitates, but presses straight on the guns, and brings his right shoulder forward to do so. Colonel Pennington, never wanting in resource, moves forward to meet him. Before Colonel Bird's regiments are in line, and as Colonel Pennington advances, Colonel Gerard, with consummate tact sweeps round the village of Badookee and takes Col. Pennington in flank. But one decision was possible, and Colonel Lance returned to camp, having upheld the honour of the Punjab Frontier Force. But I maintain that his tactics would have been impossible in war. Colonel Palmer's retirement was leisurely effected, and he never anticipated that Colonel Lance could have galloped up a beaten brigade over three miles of broken ground in pursuit of a victorious foe. Both Colonel Palmer and Colonel Lance showed themselves able handlers of troops, and the manœuvres of Wednesday will be looked forward to with much interest. Our casualties to-day even in mimic war, were one man of the 16th B. C., one horse 3rd D. G.s, and one of the H Battery R. H. A., killed.—*Pioneer.*

CALCUTTA ARTS EXHIBITION.

The prize list of the Calcutta Arts Exhibition is given below:—

The Viceroy's gold medal and Sir Alexander Wilson's prize for a figure subject, Mr. W. B. Woollen; Society's gold medal for a figure subject, Miss A. Evans; gold medal and Sir Charles Paul's prize for a landscape, Mr. Hamilton Maxwell; silver medal for a figure subject, Mr. F. W. Bourdillon; silver medal for a landscape, Mr. W. R. George; silver medal and Mr. Westmacott's prize for flowers or still-life in oils, Miss Edith Morrison; silver medal for flowers or still life in water-colours, Miss Helen Thornycroft; silver medal for a head, life size, Mr. Pestonjee Bomonjee; silver medal and Nawab Ahsanulla's prize for animal life, Miss A. Evans; silver medal for a pen-and-ink drawing, Babu Kali Dhan Chunder; silver medal and Sir C. A. Elliott's prize for a model, Babu Jadu Nath Pal; Mr. Scoble's prize for the best painting by a lady, Mrs. W. A. Clarke; Surgeon-Major Yeld's prize for a landscape or river scene by an amateur artist, Mrs. James Jardine; Sir C. A. Elliott's prize for natives of India other than European British subjects, Babu J. C. Chuckerbutty; Maharaja Sir Jotendro Mohun Tagore's prize for a portrait in oils by a native of India, Babu Lalit Mohun Bose; Sir John Edgar's prize for a study of Indian (Mahomedan) architecture, Mrs. Walter Kitchener; Mr. Beveridge's prize for six sketches, Mrs. Andrew Ker; and the Mararaja of Dinagepore's prize for a study of ancient Indian architecture, Mrs. James Jardine

Commended:—Mrs. W.J. Simson, Mr. George Palmer, Babu J. C. Mukerji, Mr. Bourdillon, Miss B. Fisher, Mrs. Mardall, Mr. A. E. Caddy, Mrs. S. Kilby, Miss Nina Stirling, Miss Nora Scott, Colonel Pullan, Mrs. Jardine, Mrs. Kitchener, Miss Louise Fletcher, Mr. E. Castaldo, Mrs. Andrew Ker, Mr. Pestonji Bomonji, Babu J. C. Chuckerbutty, Babu Kali Dhan Chunder, Babu A. Mitter, and Babu N. D. Mitter.

There are 205 oils, 130 water-colours, and 23 monochromes.

THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAYS.

At the ninth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company, recently held in London, the Chairman, General Sir Richard John Meade, K.C.S.I., and C.I.E., said:—When I last had the pleasure of meeting you, I stated that the board had ordered the capital accounts of the Company to be closed to the 30th June, *i. e.*, to the end of the half-year, the accounts of which are now presented to you, and I said that the directors hoped to be able at the next general meeting to give the exact cost of the extensions of our railway. In the directors' report now before you, this has been done, and although the figures given therein include an expenditure of £60,000 not yet actually disbursed, they may be taken as showing our actual capital expenditure up to the present time. I need hardly say that the capital accounts of a railway practically never are closed, there being a constant necessity for additions and improvements to the line, and for the provision of extra rolling stock as traffic increases. But we may take it that a sum of about £9,000 per mile will, as nearly as possible, represent the capital on which we have to earn a dividend. The Director-General of Railways in India, in his railways administration report for the year 1888-89 states that the average price of broad gauge lines in the country was Rs. 1,67,333 per mile. Now, if we take this at an exchange of 1s. 6d—and much of the English capital raised was remitted to India at a less favourable rate than this—we find that the average cost of all broad gauge lines in India has been about £12,500 per mile (it is probably nearer £13,000.) So that, as stated in the report, our mileage cost compares favourably with that average. Turning now to the accounts, you will perceive from page 5 that no change has taken place in the amount of capital raised. It still stands at £3,000,000, and of that amount we had on 30th June £101,495 still unexpended and at our credit. Our last report stated that the mode in which new capital was to be raised was under the consideration of the Government. So far we have not required any money, and may not do so for some little time yet; but we have arranged with the Government to find us temporarily whatever we may need up to £20,000. Turning now to our revenue accounts, I do not propose to trouble you with any lengthy remarks comparing the half-year under review with previous half-years. This much I may say, however, in a general way, that our gross earnings were the largest we have ever yet had, which, of course, was to be expected from the increased length of open line. Our working expenses, which in some previous half-years were as high as 70 per cent. and upwards, were only 61·63 per cent., including the cost of the special renewals on the old line (£9,352), charged off in the half year, or, if we eliminate this special charge, and take the normal working expenses, we find that we have worked at 49·84 per cent. of gross earnings, which, for a new line, I think, may be considered a satisfactory and gratifying result. You will see from the abstract on page 13, that during the half-year we did not burn coal solely, but also wood, to the amount of about 3,850 tons. We had a stock of wood laid in, in case of any accident at the collieries, but this has now been for the most part used up, and in future our fuel ought to consist entirely of coal, which is, of course, a cheaper fuel than wood. Our locomotive superintendent is satisfied with the coal, and his opinion of it is borne out by the fact that our neighbours, the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, whose line we join at Wadi, are, as I mentioned at our last meeting, taking 50,000 tons, whilst the Southern Mahratta Railway Company, which touches the Kistna River, opposite Bezvada, is also consuming this coal. We have not, I regret to say, carried anything like so much coal as I had hoped during the half-year to which the accounts refer, but our returns show that between the 1st July and 16th November our earnings from carriage of coal have been Rs. 1,13,681, which is a large advance upon last half-year's business in this article. Now, as regards our earnings, coaching traffic has given us more, but then we have had more line open. As usual, we find the largest increase to be in our third-class passengers, and we are doing all that we can, in the way of improvement of vehicles and stations, to foster this traffic and make it a growing one. Our receipts for the transport of troops were less than in 1888, when we carried a large number of cavalry with their horses, sent by the Government to Burma, and brought back the relieved regiments. As regards goods traffic, on the whole, we think, there is cause for reasonable satisfaction. We moved 100,567 tons for the public, besides what we carried for our own capital and revenue purposes. This is a greater weight than we have ever yet handled. Our earnings from general merchandise—*i. e.*, merchandise carried entirely for the public exclusive of coal amounted to Rs. 6,13,327, whilst the coal traffic yielded Rs. 50,887, of which Rs. 37,617 represent earnings on what was carried for the public. We do not like to place too flattering anticipations before you, but we have a reasonable confidence that we shall see a steady increase from half-year to half-year in our general trade, apart from coal, whilst as regards coal there is good ground also for expecting largely-improved earnings. As respects net earnings, had it not been for the special renewals, they would have been the largest we have yet had. The amount to £29,383 or, if the cost of the special renewals be added, to £38,734. All of you who are acquainted with the results hitherto obtained on newly-opened Indian lines, will, I trust, agree with me that this is a very encouraging result. The members present will perhaps expect that, before sitting down, I should say a few words as to our earnings during the current half-year, now so near a close. We have had a very unusual season in the country through which our line runs. The rains have been abnormally heavy and of long duration, extending well into October. Those who know the conditions of traffic in India are aware that, in a country where there are no macadamised roads or bridges, neither passengers nor goods can easily get to the line when the rainfall is heavy and continuous. We have further had to contend with the closing for repairs of the canals at the Bezvada end of our line for a longer period than usual, and this with the effects of the scarcity in Ganjam has seriously interfered with our traffics from that side, in this half-year as well as last. Our agent expected that the current half-year, although what is generally known in connection with Indian railways as the "lean half-year," would show about twelve lakhs of gross earnings, and I hope we shall not fall far short of this. We know that up to the 7th December we had gross earnings of Rs. 10,08,000 and, unless something unusual happens, we may take it that the remaining three-and-a-half weeks will give us very close on two lakhs more. All things considered, I think there is no cause for disappointment in the results of the half-year. I will not detain you longer, but before closing these remarks I think it is due to Mr. Pendlebury, our agent and manager in India, and to the staff under him, to add that the board has had every reason to be satisfied with the administration of the company's affairs during the half-year. The directors have confirmed Messrs. Pendlebury and Dunlop in their appointments of agent and manager, and resident engineer respectively, which they have held provisionally since Mr. Furnivall left on the 5th March last. It will interest our shareholders to hear that the last mail from India has brought information that the immediate bridging of the Kistna River at Bezvada has been strongly recommended to the Government of India, and that the work is likely to be at once commenced.

Sir Robert Dalyell congratulated the Chairman on the excellent speech he had made. It seemed most creditable to the board that they should have succeeded in making 210 miles of Railway, and equipping it at so low an average cost. In this case the Company had a more moderate expenditure of capital than any line with which he was acquainted.

The chairman next moved, "That interest for the half-year ending 31st December, 1889, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum upon the capital stock of the company be paid to the shareholders of such stock on the register at that date."

General Alexander Fraser, C. B., R. E., seconded the motion, which was agreed to *nem. con.*

The Chairman next proposed, "That the thanks of the meeting be given to Mr. Pendlebury, the Company's agent and manager, and to the staff in India, for their administration of the Company's affairs during the half-year." (Applause.)

Mr. G. H. M. Batten seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

A cordial vote of thanks to the Chairman and directors closed the proceedings.

Holloway's Pills.—Any dyspeptic sufferer aware of the purifying, regulating, and gently aperient powers of these Pills, should permit no one to cloud his judgment or to warp his course. With a box of Holloway's Pills, and attention to its accompanying "Directions," he may feel thoroughly satisfied that he can safely and effectually release himself from his miseries, without impairing his appetite or weakening his digestion. This most excellent medicine acts as a nervine and bodily tonic by aiding nutrition, and banishes a thousand annoying forms of nervous complaints. An occasional resort to Holloway's remedy will prove highly salutary to all persons, whether well or ill, whose digestion is slow or imperfect, a condition usually evidenced by weariness, languor, listlessness, and despondency.

THE STUDY OF BOTANY.

(Concluded from yesterday's *Bombay Gazette*.)

These groups are again divided into natural orders, too numerous to enumerate here, the Latin names of which in many cases might advantageously be substituted by existing or new English ones, as—

Ranunculaceæ by the "Crowfoot order."
Menispermaceæ by the "Moonseed order."
Aconaceæ by the "Custard apple order."
Cruciferæ by the "Cross-flowered."
Malvaceæ by the "Hollyhock order."
Sterculiaceæ by the "Flame-tree order."
Tiliaceæ by the "Lindenbloom order."
Sapindaceæ by the "Soap-tree order."
Leguminosæ by the "Pod-fruited."
Rosaceæ by the "Rose order."
Myrtaceæ by the "Myrtle order."
Rubiaceæ by the "Coffee-tree order.
Compositæ by the "Head-flowered."
Apocynaceæ by the "Twisted-flowered."
Asclepiaceæ by the "Silk-seeded."
Boragineæ by the "Rough-leaved."
Bignoniaceæ by the "Gaping-flowered."
Scrophularineæ by the "Mask-flowered."
Labiatæ by the "Lip-flowered."
Acanthaceæ by the "Shield-flowered."
Amaranthaceæ by the "Cockscomb order."
Polygonaceæ by the "Buckwheat order."
Euphorbiaceæ by the "Milkwort order."
Urticaceæ by the "Nettle order."
Amentaceæ by the "Catkin-flowered."
Coniferæ by the "Fir order."
Cycadeæ by the "Cone-palms."
Aroideæ by the "Spindle-flowered."
Cyperaceæ by the "Half-grasses."
Gramineæ by the "Grasses."
&c., &c., &c.

The natural orders consist of genera, for which word I should substitute "forms," and these again of species or "kinds."

Regarding the details of the plants, the following short sketch may serve as an illustration of a revised terminology.

The complete flower consists of four different kinds of transformed leaves. The outer series or "ring" is the calyx, "the cup," formed of free or united sepals, "cup-leaves"; next comes the corolla, "crown," formed of free or united petals, "crown leaves"; the "cup" and "crown" together are called perianth "floral cover," which is termed double when both cup and crown are present, single when one of either is absent, in which case it is either calycine "cup-like" or corolline, "crown-like." When the floral cover is entire, the lower part is called the tube, the upper part the limb, collar, which may be campanulate, "bell-shaped"; rotate, "wheel-shaped"; hypocrateri-form, "saucer-shaped," &c., &c. Next comes the andrœcium, the male organs, consisting of stamens, "dust bearers," which are generally composed of filaments, "dust-threads" and anthers, "dust-buds," containing one or two (rarely more) anther cells, "dust bags," filled with pollen, "dust." The innermost part of the flower contains the gynœcium, the female organs, consisting of pistils "dust channels," generally composed of an ovary, "fruit-bud," and a style ending in a stigma, "scar." The "fruit-bud" is formed of one or more carpels, "fruit-leaves," furnished with placentas, "egg-stools," to which the ovules, "eggs," are attached either directly or by a funicle, "egg-string," the point of attachment being termed hilum, umbilicus, "navel." The "fruit-bud" develops into fruit, of which a great many forms are known; a few of the more important are the legumen or "pod"; the lomentum, "jointed pod"; the follicle, "podling"; the siliqua, "double-pod"; the silicula, "short-pod"; the capsule, "burst-fruit," the achene, "nutlet"; the samara, "wing fruit"; the carcerule, "split fruit"; the pyxis, "lid-fruit"; the nut; the berry; the pepo, "gourd fruit"; the pome, "pipfruit"; the cone; the strobilus "a scale-cone"; the sorosis, "fruit mass"; the sycomus, "cup-fruit," &c., &c. The fruit contains seed, consisting of a testa, "skin"; a perisperm, "rind"; and frequently albumen, "seed-yolk," always enclosing the embryo, "germ," consisting of a radicle, "germ root"; cotyledons, "seed leaves"; and a plumule or gemmule, "germ-bud."

Returning to the flower it will be seen that its different parts are inserted on a receptacle, "fruit seat," and according to the position of this, the flowers are termed hypogynous or inferior, "low seated"; periginous, "middle-seated"; and epigynous or superior, "highseated." The flower is either sessile, "sitting," or pedicellate, "stalked." The pedicels, "flower-stalks," spring directly from the stem or form part of an inflorescence, "flower-stand," which can assume a great variety of forms—the most important with "stalked" flowers, of which are—the raceme, "spray"; the corymb, "cluster-spray"; the panicle and thyrse, "bunch"; the umbel, "tassel"; the cyme, "fork," which may be dichotomous, "two-pronged"; trichotomous, "three-pronged"; or scorpioid or circinate, "coile"; and then secund, "one-sided"; the fascicle, "cluster," &c. Among "flower-stands" with "sitting" flowers, the most important are the spike or ear; the amentum or catkin; the strobile, "scale-cone"; the spadix, "spindle"; the capitulum or head; the hypanthodium, "cup-flower"; and the glomerule "ball." The flowers are frequently accompanied by small leaves, bracts, "shields"; and bracteoles, "shieldlets." The stalk of the "flower-stand" is termed peduncle, "flower-stem"; when rising from the ground, and not forming part of the stem, it is called scape. The flower-stand is often more or less enclosed in a spathe, "wrapper"; or an involucrum, "skirt."

The leaves consist of the blade, the petiole or "leaf stalk," and sometimes the "sheath" and stipules, "leaflings." The buds formed in the angle between the stem and the leaf are called axillary buds, "corner buds." Leaves may be linear, lanceolate, "lancet-shaped"; elliptic, "oblong"; ovate, "egg-shaped"; cordate, "heart-shaped"; hastate, "spear-shaped"; cuneate "wedge-shaped"; orbicular, "round"; obovate, "reverse egg-shaped"; reniform, "kidney-shaped": peltate, "shield-shaped," &c., &c. entire undulate, "wavy"; sinuate, "scolloped"; dentate "toothed"; serrate, "saw toothed"; crenate, "round-toothed"; lobed, laciniate "jagged"; fimbriate, "fringed"; semi-pinnate or pinnate partite, "half-finned"; pinnate, "finned"; bipinnate, "double-finned"; palmate, "fan-shaped"; digitate, "fingered"; pedate, "foot-shaped," pedatisect, "foot-fingured," &c., &c.

This is naturally only a short sketch, and only a few of the numerous botanical terms have been mentioned, but I should be very happy if the Society would give its support to a complete revision of all the existing botanical terms, and I have no doubt that such a step would lead to vastly increase the number of students of botany, and in the end would materially further the progress of this unfortunately neglected science.

In conclusion, it may be remarked that such a revised terminology could not be advantageously used in purely scientific works, calculated to have a cosmopolitan distribution, but such works should be written in the Latin tongue, which for foreigners at least is not more difficult to understand than the existing English botanical terminology.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The *Indu Prakash* observes:—The Chamber is always accessible to any well-verified complaint, is a frequent referee of Government on the merits of public measures, and often takes the initiative in securing the correction of abuses. By the discharge of its multiform activity the Chamber has gained for itself a reputation for business capacity, wise counsel, and sober judgment which ought to excite the emulation of other public bodies like itself. Not a small measure of this popularity and prestige of the Chamber is due to the energy, ability, and devotion to work of its secretary, Mr. Marshall, and perhaps in a greater degree to the brilliant powers of head and heart, the unremitting industry, and the commanding influence of the man who has presided over its counsels for the last six years.

The *Rast Goftar* thinks:—Additional interest was lent to the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce this week by the fact that it was presided over for the last time by its retiring president. The address delivered by Sir Frank Forbes Adam, in moving the adoption of the annual report, serves once more to show the reason why he received the unprecedented honour of being elected for six consecutive years at the head of the Chamber. The speech is marked by a width of grasp and sympathy, as well as by caution and firmness. It would not be too much to say that he has raised the tone and character of the deliberations of the Chamber, and he did not, we imagine, contribute a little towards obtaining a respectful attention from Government to all its representations. He admitted at the meeting "the soft impeachment" that it was owing to his interest with the Governor that his Excellency had accepted the invitation of the Chamber, and delivered at their rooms an elaborate address, reviewing his four years' administration of the affairs of this presidency. Though Sir Frank will shortly retire from India, there is every likelihood of his commanding abilities, honesty of purpose and assiduity, leaving a permanent mark upon the character of a body which he guided so well and so long.

PURE PERSONALITIES.

"Miss Caldwell, the American heiress, has not given up all hopes of becoming the Princess Murat. She is simply, after the manner of her countrywomen standing out for higher terms. She thinks Prince Murat's demand for two-thirds of her income is excessive, and wants a reduction made. This is incipient marriage 'on a cash basis' with a vengeance." This is what one home paper wrote on the 29th ult. Next day another announced that "Miss Caldwell, the American heiress, has secured her husband. After a long quarrel about settlements, that got into all the papers, Prince Murat has promised to be satisfied with whatever Miss Caldwell might see fit to allow him. He expressed much admiration at her independence of character, and said he was charmed to know that he had found a woman who knew enough to so carefully look after her own interests. He knew, he said, that once wedded, Miss Caldwell would never permit her husband to be placed in any position regarding finances that would prove embarrassing to him, or reflect upon her liberality in any way." Only a few days earlier the Prince declared that the allowance Miss Caldwell proposed to make him, was too much for a Steward but not enough for a husband.

I have learnt, says a gossip, from a friend of Browning's, the whole history of that unfortunate attack of the poet's in the Athenæum on Edward Fitzgerald. My informant met Browning soon afterwards, and was immediately asked what he thought of the lines. Knowing that Browning never objected to plain speaking, he replied, "I wish you hadn't written them." "And I wish that, too" said Browning promptly I will tell you how it happened. I called on a friend and found the Fitzgerald book on the table. As ill luck would have it, I opened it at random at the very page where Fitz wrote that about my wife. I said to, myself, 'Good heavens! he thanks God my wife is dead!' When I went home I could not rest. At night I thought of nothing else. I got up, and walked about the room, repeating, 'He thanks God my wife is dead.' Then I sat down and wrote those verses, and sent them to the Athenæum first thing in the morning." The rest of the story is too good to be lost. "Well, said Browning's friend, "in my opinion Fitzgerald paid your wife a very great compliment." "How so?" asked the poet, puzzled. "Why, you must remember that Fitzgerald's idea of women was largely Oriental. His mind was steeped in Persian poetry, and so he took much of the Eastern view of woman's sphere. So he did not mean to thank God your wife was dead; but that now she was dead no other woman would be able to write 'Aurora Leighs.'" "Good," said Browning with a beaming smile, "I never saw it in that light before."

Mrs. Harrison, the wife of the President of the United Sates, does honour to the position she fills. The descendant of an old New England family, she inherits a strong Puritan strain; and since she has been at the White House she has proved that the spirit of her ancestors is yet strong within her. She has set her face very sternly against the *decolitee* system of dressing, and at the beginning of her "reign" she shamed one too *decoletee* dame into decency, by deliberately turning away from her with an expression of face which left no doubt as to its meaning. Now the ladies who present themselves before her, are careful to appear in the dress that both modesty and considerations of health enjoin. Mrs. Harrison is an able woman, an artist of considerable capacity, and a musician to the tips of her fingers. The White House is fast becoming a centre for the musical and artistical aspirants of Washington, of whom Mrs. Harrison is the most indulgent of patrons. She is an energetic Temperance woman, and is doing a great deal of good in er exalted sphere.

William John Manners Tollemache, ninth Earl of Dysart, is a pleasant-looking man, a trifle over the average height, with hair, beard, and whiskers of a peculiar half red, half tawny tinge, and a rather attractive smile. Suffering from that most pitiful of infirmities, blindness, he is a familiar and well-recognised figure in society. He is an amateur musician, and loves good music; hence he is to be seen at all the performances worth going to in the metropolis, whether the programme be composed of ballads, oratorio, or chamber music; and he finds a sympathetic companion in the person of his secretary, who necessarily accompanies him. The Earl is just thirty years of age, and succeeded his grandfather, who will be remembered as a remarkably eccentric old peer who lived in semi-retirement in a house in Norfolk-street, Strand, for some years.

Florence Marryatt, the daughter of the novelist, is a woman of courage and resolution, and she cares little for the petty conventionalities of life. Some time ago Frederic Wetherly wrote for her a recitation about a mad woman, called "Ward III., Dangerous." In order to deliver it with the utmost possible effect, Miss Marryatt obtained admission to Bedlam, and spent several days there studying the lunatics. The sensation she created with the poem was enormous. She describes it herself with great amusement:—"I was once reciting the lines at a crowded concert at St. James's Hall," she says. "In one part of the poem I—as the lunatic—act an imaginary murder. When I came to this, I noticed two ladies seated close to the platform turn very pale. As I advanced, with glaring eyes and clutching hands, they rose simultaneously, gave a shrill dual shriek, turned tail, and made for the door. I consider this conduct the greatest compliment that could be paid me. I do this piece in costume, with a wig, the hair of which is white over the brain. This patch of white hair may be often seen on the head of a lunatic, contrasting strangely with the dark locks that surround it."

Mr. Joseph Whitaker, F.S.A., whose famous "Almanack" has become as indispensable as Shakspeare or the "Ready Reckoner," possesses a singularly fine library, comprising upwards of twenty thousand volumes, many of them of rare antiquity and interest. Books have been the ruling passion of Mr. Whitaker's life, and in the spacious building which he has attached to his fine old-fashioned house at Enfield as a depository for his literary treasures, the greater portion of his time is spent. The wonderful almanack, which his grown year by year until it is now nearly double its original size, is a labor of love to its compiler, who considers no expenditure of trouble or research too great to devote to the task of rendering it absolutely complete and reliable. Every year has seen the addition of some one or more new features, and it is already difficult to suggest any information of general utility that "Whitaker's Almanack" does not contain. Mr. Whitaker is the father of several clever children, some of whom assist him in the preparation of the unique work which has made his name a household word.

Captain C'Shea, who is forty-nine, was known when in Parliament as one of the most effectively-dressed men in the House. His appearance is military, and indeed, he served in the 18th Hussars, which he joined as cornet in 1858. He is a landowner in Clare, and has houses at Eltham, George-street. Limerick, and a flat in Victoria-street, Westminster. Captain O'Shea enjoyed the perilous confidence of his chief to a rare degree, and negotiated what at the time was known as the Kilmainham Treaty, For this service he acquired the sobriquet of "Dervish Pasha." Mrs. O'Shea is a granddaughter of Sir Matthew Wood, who was twice Lord Mayor of London, and who was immensely popular in his time on account of his staunch championship of Queen Caroline, the consort of George IV. His eldest son, who was rector of St. Peter's, Cornhill, succeeded him in the baronetcy; his second son, the late Lord Hatherly, became Lord Chancellor. Sir Evelyn Wood is a brother of Mrs. O'Shea.

Mr. Aspinall is a young man with a fresh complexion and a fair moustache. He has an intelligent face, is married, and lives near his large factory at New Cross It is ocd how aspinalling came into existence. Mr. Aspinall was originally a brewer. One day his wife wanted some paint for domestic decoration, and she complained that she couldn't get a paint that would show a bright, smooth surface. So Mr. Aspinall, who is an inventive man, set about making one.

He succeeded so well that his wife was delighted. It was exactly what she had been searching for. Mr. Aspinall, when he found he had discovered a valuable commercial secret, gave up brewing, and turned his attention to enamel making. He commenced operations in a very small way indeed—in a mere shed, with only Mr. Carpenter, his present faithful foreman, to share the secret. It was a hard thing to push the enamel until Whiteleys took it up. Mr. Aspinall had a long fight with the Stores. They undersold his other customers, and he wouldn't stand it, so he refused to supply them with the pigment.

Mr. Aspinall's enamel now goes to the colonies and the Continent, and America takes an immense quantity. His works at New Cross cover several acres. He spends thousands a year in advertising. Sixty-two girls are employed in packing the enamel alone. One of them was a governess. She preferred the work of the factory to that of the nursery, which doesn't say much for the genteel position of a governess.

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Once upon a midnight dreary, ill in bed quite weak and weary,
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While I strove in vain at napping, suddenly there came a tapping,
As of some [illegible] rapping—rapping at my chamber door!
"It's Doctor Draught," I muttered, "tapping at my chamber door."
'Twas the Doctor, nothing more.
Oh distinctly I remember; it was in the bleak December,
And in every single member of my body pains I bore;
Eagerly I wished the morrow—vainly had I sought to borrow
From [illegible] surcease of sorrow—sorrow for my pains, galore:
And I asked if I should ever be as healthy as before:
Quoth the Doctor—"Never more!"
"Your chest is bad, that's certain; your neuralgia's always hurting,
And your liver is so sluggish that life's to you a bore;
And your heart's so bad a beating that in vain you're sleep entreating,
While from weakness even now you perspire from every pore"—
But, Doctor, when shall I be fit to pass the threshold of my door?"
Quoth the Doctor—"Never more!"
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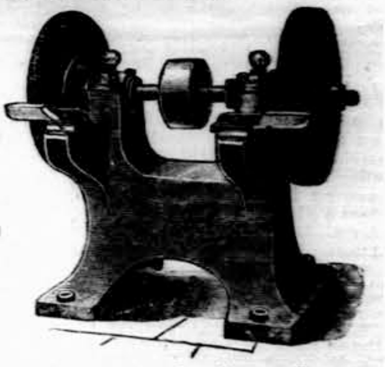

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For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, and all Disorders of the Liver, they act like magic, and a few doses will be found to work wonders on the most important organs in human machine.

They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with the rosebud of health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are FACTS testified continually by members of all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is, BEECHAM'S PILLS *have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the world.*

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills.

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedliy remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give Beecham's Cough Pills a trial, and the most violent Cough will in a short time be removed.

The Natives of India will find **Beecham's Pills** the finest medecine ever introduced to their notice; the English residents also will find them of great value for Cooling the Blood: as for throwing off Fevers and preventing inflammations in hot climates, they stand without a Rival.

Notice.—Messrs. NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co. will forward, on receipt of letters, Sample Boxes of the Pills at the following rates.:—

9½d. size, 9 annas per box; 1s. 1½d. size, 14 annas per box; 2s. 9d. size, 2 Rupees per box. These rates do not include the cost of postage, which will be added to the amount.

Chemists and Storekeepers can obtain the wholesale-Rates on application.

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Sold by all Druggists and Patent medicine Dealers everywhere.

Sole Agents for India:

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Perfected in One Operation by the process invented by Möller in 1852, Incomparable, Palatable, Perfect, Pure,

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Unsurpassed for refreshing and softening the skin, and an exceedingly choice Perfume for the Handkerchief. An entirely new article prepared exclusively by the Inventors.

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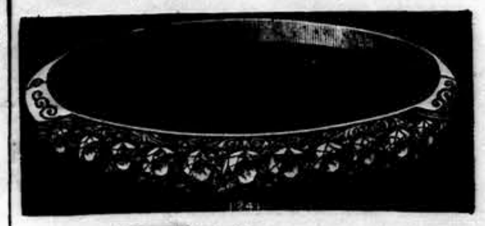

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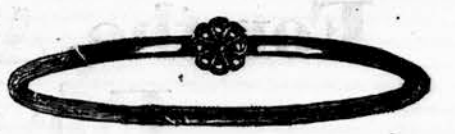

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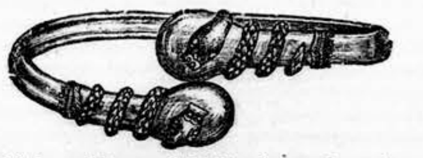

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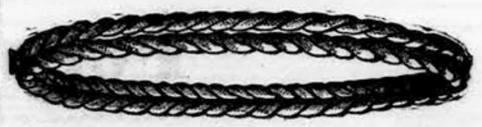

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Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper.

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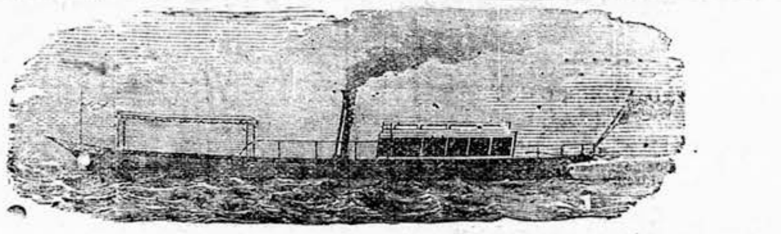

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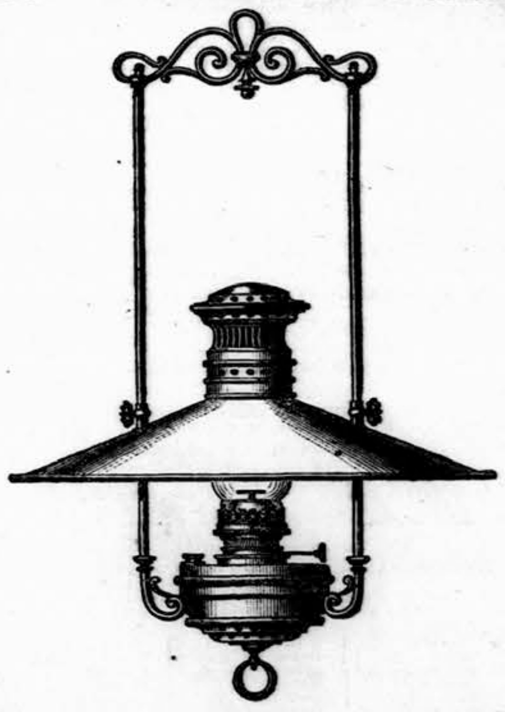

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GUARANTEED PURE GUARANTEED SOLUBLE

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Cadbury's Cocoa is guaranteed to be pure Cocoa.

Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.

Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.

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Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.

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SOLUBLE FRUIT FLAVOURING ESSENCES,

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Soluble Essences -	Of the Greatest Strength consistent with Solubility.
Heading Liquid - -	Producing a Creamy Head upon Aerated Waters and Fermented Liquors.
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Is recommended as an Acidulant in preference to the Compound Acids of indefinite composition offered as Citric substitutes; it being not only free from lead, *but from Sulphuric Acid and all similar admixtures.*

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LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE, DEBILITATED CONSTITUTIONS.

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Difficult Menstruation, Anæmia,
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THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities. It cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

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Clears the Blood from all impure matter.
From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the cause from the blood and bones.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good, safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR. M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."

"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India, June 1888.

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"ISLA GERALDINE RIPON."

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Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases, BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

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Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the Bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

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